

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 88 August 31, 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 88 Montgomery County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 88 (the District), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of August 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements, in 2022, the District adopted the new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 88 Page 3

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the basic financial statements. The other information comprises schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality as listed in the table of contents. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas January 7, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis August 31, 2022

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other information required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2022

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2022

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Effective September 1, 2021, the District adopted new accounting and financial reporting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87 (Statement No. 87), *Leases*.

Statement No. 87 creates one model for recognizing leases for both lessees and lessors. Substantially all leases are recognized on the lessees' statement of net position. In the activity statement, lessees no longer report lease expense for the previously classified operating leases but instead report interest expense on the liability and amortization expense related to the asset. The District's 2021 summarized financial information presented below has not been restated to reflect the adoption of Statement No. 87 because single-year presentation is included in the basic financial statements.

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

	2022	2021
Current and other assets	\$ 7,776,311	\$ 6,702,560
Capital and lease assets	15,998,477	15,565,478
Total assets	23,774,788	22,268,038
Deferred outflows of resources	45,117	47,897
Total assets and deferred		
outflows of resources	\$ 23,819,905	\$ 22,315,935
Long-term liabilities	\$ 19,738,094	\$ 19,788,954
Other liabilities	541,551	320,585
Total liabilities	20,279,645	20,109,539
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	(2,811,022)	(3,205,799)
Restricted	1,471,210	1,536,406
Unrestricted	4,880,072	3,875,789
Total net position	\$ 3,540,260	\$ 2,206,396

The total net position of the District increased by \$1,333,864 or about 60 percent. The majority of the increase in net position is related to property tax revenues intended to pay principal on the District's bonded indebtedness, which is shown as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Although the

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2022

District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	202	2	2021
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 3,7	32,337	\$ 3,302,174
Charges for services	1,0	86,228	852,426
Other revenues		66,818	279,688
Total revenues	4,8	885,383	4,434,288
Expenses:			
Services	2,0	008,145	1,894,418
Depreciation and amortization	7	84,504	559,798
Debt service	7	758,870	838,867
Total expenses	3,5	551,519	3,293,083
Change in net position	1,3	33,864	1,141,205
Net position, beginning of year	2,2	206,396	1,065,191
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,5	540,260	\$ 2,206,396

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, were \$7,277,126, an increase of \$922,515 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$1,063,603, primarily due to property tax and service revenues exceeding service operation expenditures.

The debt service fund's fund balance decreased by \$53,348 due to principal and interest requirements and contracted services expenditures exceeding property tax revenues.

The capital projects fund's fund balance decreased by \$87,740 due to capital outlay expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2022

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to property tax and surface water conversion revenues and contracted services and repairs and maintenance expenditures being greater than anticipated, as well as sewer service revenues and purchased services expenditures being less than anticipated. The fund balance as of August 31, 2022, was expected to be \$4,600,137 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$4,926,689.

Capital and Lease Assets and Related Debt

Capital and Lease Assets

Capital and lease assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are as follows:

Capital and Lease Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization)

	2022		2021
\$	745,024	\$	671,640
	20,593		-
	2,677,570		2,796,549
	5,752,379		5,989,326
	5,853,605		6,054,821
	50,485		53,142
	898,821		
\$	15,998,477	\$	15,565,478
s follo	ows:		
		\$	73,384
			20,593
		\$	93,977
	\$	\$ 745,024 20,593 2,677,570 5,752,379 5,853,605 50,485 898,821	\$ 745,024 \$ 20,593 2,677,570 5,752,379 5,853,605 50,485 898,821 \$ 15,998,477 \$ \$ s follows:

Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, are summarized as follows.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) August 31, 2022

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 20,859,680
Decreases in long-term debt	 (1,121,586)
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 19,738,094

At August 31, 2022, the District had \$38,970,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, construction and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District.

The District's bonds carry an underlying rating of "Baa2" from Moody's Investors Service (Moody's). The Series 2016, 2018, 2020 refunding and 2021 bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's and an "A1" rating from Moody's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp. The Series 2017 bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company.

Other Relevant Factors

Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies partially within the extraterritorial jurisdiction (ETJ) of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. After it was created, a portion of the District later fell within the ETJ of the City of Conroe, but was subsequently converted to the City at the District's option under applicable law. The District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent. If the District is annexed, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the bonded indebtedness) and abolish the District within 90 days.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet August 31, 2022

Assets	 General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Ad	ljustments	itatement of Net Position
Cash	\$ 4,890,720	\$ 1,276,897	\$ 841,649	\$ 7,009,266	\$	-	\$ 7,009,266
Certificates of deposit	356,804	213,788	-	570,592		-	570,592
Receivables:							
Property taxes	6,183	4,251	-	10,434		-	10,434
Service accounts	124,460	-	-	124,460		-	124,460
Accrued interest	1,232	489	-	1,721		-	1,721
Interfund receivables	35,475	4,412	53,236	93,123		(93,123)	-
Due from others	46,910	-	-	46,910		-	46,910
Prepaid expenditures	65,728	-	-	65,728		(52,800)	12,928
Capital and lease assets (net of accumulated							
depreciation and amortization):							
Land and improvements	-	-	-	-		745,024	745,024
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-		20,593	20,593
Infrastructure	-	-	-	-		14,283,554	14,283,554
Recreational facilities	-	-	-	-		50,485	50,485
Lease assets		 	 	 		898,821	 898,821
Total assets	 5,527,512	 1,499,837	 894,885	 7,922,234		15,852,554	 23,774,788
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred amount on debt refundings	 0	 0	 0	0		45,117	45,117
Total assets and deferred							
outflows of resources	\$ 5,527,512	\$ 1,499,837	\$ 894,885	\$ 7,922,234	\$	15,897,671	\$ 23,819,905

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Continued) August 31, 2022

	C	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustm	ents	tatement of Net Position
Liabilities						•		
Accounts payable	\$	240,853	\$ 4,559	\$ -	\$ 245,412	\$	-	\$ 245,412
Customer deposits		122,853	-	-	122,853		-	122,853
Due to others		173,286	-	-	173,286		-	173,286
Interfund payables		57,648	35,475	-	93,123	(9:	3,123)	-
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year		-	-	-	-	1,17	1,304	1,171,304
Due after one year			 	 	 	18,56	6,790	18,566,790
Total liabilities		594,640	40,034	 0	 634,674	19,64	4,971	20,279,645
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred property tax revenues		6,183	4,251	 0	 10,434	(1)	0,434)	0
Fund Balances/Net Position								
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable, prepaid expenditures		65,728	-	-	65,728	(6:	5,728)	-
Restricted:								
Unlimited tax bonds		-	1,455,552	-	1,455,552	(1,45	5,552)	-
Water, sewer and drainage		-	-	894,885	894,885	(89	4,885)	-
Assigned, operating reserve		34,330	-	-	34,330	(3-	4,330)	-
Unassigned		4,826,631	 -	 -	 4,826,631	(4,82	6,631)	<u>-</u>
Total fund balances		4,926,689	1,455,552	894,885	 7,277,126	(7,27	7,126)	0
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of								
resources and fund balances	\$	5,527,512	\$ 1,499,837	\$ 894,885	\$ 7,922,234			
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets						(2,81	1,022)	(2,811,022)
Restricted for debt service						1,459	9,803	1,459,803
Restricted for capital projects						1	1,407	11,407
Unrestricted						4,88	0,072	4,880,072
Total net position						\$ 3,540	0,260	\$ 3,540,260

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended August 31, 2022

		General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total	Ad	justments	Statement of Activities
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	2,217,795	\$ 1,531,472	\$	-	\$	3,749,267	\$	(16,930)	\$ 3,732,337
Water service		256,392	-		-		256,392		-	256,392
Sewer service		399,017	-		-		399,017		-	399,017
Regional water fee		430,819	-		-		430,819		-	430,819
Penalty and interest		11,296	27,967		-		39,263		-	39,263
Interest income		1,674	592		90		2,356		-	2,356
Other income		25,199	 				25,199			 25,199
Total revenues		3,342,192	1,560,031		90		4,902,313		(16,930)	 4,885,383
Expenditures/Expenses										
Service operations:										
Purchased services		747,073	-		-		747,073		-	747,073
Professional fees		202,346	9,192		-		211,538		12,918	224,456
Contracted services		487,112	43,088		-		530,200		-	530,200
Utilities		45,612	-		-		45,612		-	45,612
Repairs and maintenance		359,779	-		-		359,779		-	359,779
Tap connections		40	-		-		40		-	40
Other expenditures		94,984	4,473		1,528		100,985		-	100,985
Capital outlay		20,593	-		86,302		106,895		(106,895)	-
Depreciation and amortization		-	-		-		-		784,504	784,504
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		-	905,000		-		905,000		(905,000)	-
Interest and fees		-	651,626		-		651,626		102,994	754,620
Lease payments		316,800	-		-		316,800		(316,800)	-
Debt issuance costs	_	4,250	 			_	4,250		-	 4,250
Total expenditures/expenses		2,278,589	1,613,379	_	87,830	_	3,979,798		(428,279)	3,551,519
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		1,063,603	(53,348)		(87,740)		922,515		(922,515)	
Change in Net Position									1,333,864	1,333,864
Fund Balances/Net Position										
Beginning of year	_	3,863,086	 1,508,900		982,625		6,354,611	_		 2,206,396
End of year	\$	4,926,689	\$ 1,455,552	\$	894,885	\$	7,277,126	\$	0	\$ 3,540,260

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 88 (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission, now known as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective December 29, 2000, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 54. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater and drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, mutual funds, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market prices.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2021 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, the 2021 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45
Drainage facilities	10-45
Recreational facilities	10-25

Lease Assets

Lease assets are initially recorded at the initial measurement of the lease liability, plus lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease, plus initial direct costs that are ancillary to place the asset into service. Lease assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

Deferred Amount on Debt Refundings

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt in a debt refunding is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. Such amounts are classified as deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because of the following.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

Capital and lease assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 15,998,477
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund financial statements.	10,434
Prepaid lease expenditures are not reported as assets in the statement of net position.	(52,800)
Deferred amount on debt refundings for governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	45,117
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(19,738,094)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ (3,736,866)

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

Change in fund balances.	\$ 922,515
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which depreciation and amortized expense and noncapitalized costs exceeded capital outlay expenditures in the current year.	(690,527)
Governmental funds report principal payments on debt as expenditures. For the statement of activities, these transactions do not have any effect on net position.	1,221,800
Revenues collected in the current year, which have previously been reported in the statement of activities, are reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	(16,930)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(102,994)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 1,333,864

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

Note 2: Deposits and Investments

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At August 31, 2022, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

At August 31, 2022, the District had no investments, other than certificates of deposit.

Investment Income

Investment income of \$2,356 for the year ended August 31, 2022, consisted of interest income.

Note 3: Capital and Lease Assets

A summary of changes in capital and lease assets for the year ended August 31, 2022, is presented below.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

	Balances, Beginning of Year,		Balances, End
Governmental Activities	Restated	Additions	of Year
Capital assets, non-depreciable:			
Land and improvements	\$ 671,640	\$ 73,384	\$ 745,024
Construction in progress	<u> </u>	20,593	20,593
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	671,640	93,977	765,617
Capital and lease assets, depreciable			
and amortizable:			
Water production and distribution			
facilities	3,756,374	-	3,756,374
Wastewater collection and treatment			
facilities	7,708,683	-	7,708,683
Drainage facilities	7,756,946	-	7,756,946
Recreational facilities	66,427	-	66,427
Lease asset - equipment	1,123,526		1,123,526
Total capital and lease assets,			
depreciable and amortizable	20,411,956	0	20,411,956
Less accumulated depreciation and			
amortization:			
Water production and distribution			
facilities	(959,825)	(118,979)	(1,078,804)
Wastewater collection and treatment			
facilities	(1,719,357)	(236,947)	(1,956,304)
Drainage facilities	(1,702,125)	(201,216)	(1,903,341)
Recreational facilities	(13,285)	(2,657)	(15,942)
Lease asset - equipment		(224,705)	(224,705)
Total accumulated depreciation and			
amortization	(4,394,592)	(784,504)	(5,179,096)
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 16,689,004	\$ (690,527)	\$ 15,998,477

Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended August 31, 2022, were as follows.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year, Restated Decreases				Balances, End of Year		Amounts Due in One Year	
Bonds payable:								
General obligation bonds	\$ 20,	275,000	\$	905,000	\$	19,370,000	\$	920,000
Less discounts on bonds		486,046		20,999		465,047		-
	19,	788,954		884,001		18,904,953		920,000
Lease liability	1,	070,726		237,585	_	833,141		251,304
Total governmental activities long-term								
liabilities	\$ 20,	859,680	\$	1,121,586	\$	19,738,094	\$	1,171,304

General Obligation Bonds

	Series 2014	Series 2016
Amounts outstanding, August 31, 2022	\$2,000,000	\$4,130,000
Interest rates	2.000% to 4.125%	2.00% to 4.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2023/2036	September 1, 2023/2039
Interest payment dates	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1
Callable dates*	September 1, 2022	September 1, 2023
	Series 2017	Series 2018
Amounts outstanding, August 31, 2022	Series 2017 \$4,000,000	Series 2018 \$5,050,000
Amounts outstanding, August 31, 2022 Interest rates		
	\$4,000,000	\$5,050,000
Interest rates Maturity dates, serially	\$4,000,000 2.00% to 3.50% September 1,	\$5,050,000 4.00% to 6.00% September 1,

^{*}Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

	Refunding Series 2020	Series 2021
Amounts outstanding, August 31, 2022	\$1,940,000	\$2,250,000
Interest rates	2.00% to 3.00%	1.000% to 2.125%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2023/2035	September 1, 2023/2042
Interest payment dates	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1
Callable dates*	September 1, 2026	September 1, 2026

^{*}Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The District has been paying the amount due September 1 within the fiscal year preceding this due date, and the following schedule has been prepared assuming that this practice will be followed in future years. The schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at August 31, 2022:

Year	Principal Interest		Interest		Total
2023	\$ 920,000	\$	617,237	\$	1,537,237
2024	930,000		593,169		1,523,169
2025	945,000		568,619		1,513,619
2026	960,000		544,469		1,504,469
2027	875,000		519,193		1,394,193
2028-2032	4,565,000		2,208,410		6,773,410
2033-2037	4,985,000		1,480,787		6,465,787
2038-2042	 5,190,000		568,231		5,758,231
Total	\$ 19,370,000	\$	7,100,115	\$	26,470,115

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted	\$ 63,090,000
Bonds sold	24,120,000
Refunding bonds voted	41,000,000
Refunding bonds authorization used	120,000

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

Lease Liability

The following schedule shows the annual lease requirements to pay principal and interest on the lease liability outstanding at August 31, 2022:

Year	P	Principal In		Interest		incipal Interest		Total
2023	\$	251,304	\$	65,496	\$	316,800		
2024		188,222		44,578		232,800		
2025		187,894		28,106		216,000		
2026		205,721		10,279		216,000		
Total	\$	833,141	\$	148,459	\$	981,600		

Note 5: Significant Bond Resolution and Commission Requirements

- A. The Bond Resolutions require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended August 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.5500 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$1,522,118 on the taxable valuation of \$276,748,475 for the 2021 tax year. The interest and principal requirements paid from the tax revenues and available resources were \$1,548,738.
- B. The Commission required the District to escrow \$75,676 from the proceeds of its Series 2017 bonds. During the current year the entire balance of \$75,676 was released from escrow.

Note 6: Maintenance Taxes

At an election held May 3, 2003, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended August 31, 2022, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.8000 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$2,213,989 on the taxable valuation of \$276,748,475 for the 2021 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

Note 7: Wastewater Treatment Plant Lease

On November 10, 2017, the District and AUC Group, LP, entered into an agreement for the lease of a wastewater treatment plant expansion to 0.3 MGD. The cost of the lease is \$26,400 per month. The term of the lease is 60 months following substantial completion of installation and startup of the equipment, which began November 1, 2018. After the initial term, the lease continues on a

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

month-to-month basis with monthly lease payments of \$18,000. Lease expenditures during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, were \$316,800. In connection with this lease, at August 31, 2022, the District has prepaid \$52,800 for future rent.

Note 8: Contracts With Other Districts

Storm Water Facilities Agreement

On April 15, 2003, and as amended on April 20, 2020, the District, Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 89 (District No. 89) and Spring Creek Utility District (Spring Creek) entered into a cost-sharing agreement for the construction and financing of drainage and detention facilities. District No. 89 was responsible for the design and construction of the facilities, and Spring Creek owns and operates the facilities on behalf of the participants. Pump station facilities will be allocated based on each district's pro rata share of the ultimate acreage to be served by the facilities. Detention facilities will be allocated based upon platted acreage. Pro rata shares are as follows:

	Pump Station Facilities	Detention Facilities
The District	31.248 %	26.834 %
District No. 89	41.634	42.809
Spring Creek	27.118	30.357
Totals	<u>100.00</u> %	100.00 %

The District incurred costs of \$272,770 during the current year. The District has contributed \$9,780 as its share of an operating reserve.

Water Supply Agreement

On October 7, 2004, the District and District No. 89 entered into a water facilities contract for the financing and construction of a second water plant and water well. Construction of the second water plant was completed during a prior year. The District's ownership interest in the capacity of the plant is 44.9 percent and District No. 89's is 55.1 percent. On August 15, 2008, the District, District No. 89 and Spring Creek (collectively, "the Districts") entered into a First Amendment to Water Facilities Contract for expansion of District No. 89's Water Plant No. 2. On September 19, 2011, the Districts entered into a Second Amendment to Water Facilities Contract to allow construction to begin and to provide for the District to reimburse Spring Creek for its share of construction costs. On December 6, 2012, the Districts entered into a Third Amendment to Water Facilities Contract, to reduce Spring Creek's ultimate capacity in the facilities. On June 14, 2018, the Districts entered into a Fourth Amendment to the Water Facilities Contract, to allocate a portion of capacity from Spring Creek and District No. 89 to the District.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

District No. 89 is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the plant for the benefit of the participants. The participants share fixed operating costs, based on allocated capacity and variable costs based on each district's pro rata share of metered monthly usage. For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District's share of operating costs was \$134,015. The District has contributed \$24,550 as its share of an operating reserve.

Groundwater Reduction Agreement

District No. 89 has entered into a Contract for Groundwater Reduction Planning, Alternative Water Supply and Related Goods and Services (GRP Contract) with the San Jacinto River Authority (the Authority) in order to meet the Lone Star Groundwater Conservation District (the Conservation District) requirements. As a participant in the Authority's Groundwater Reduction Plan, District No. 89 has complied with all current Conservation District requirements for surface water conversion and is obligated to pay to the Authority a groundwater withdrawal fee for all groundwater produced and used by District No. 89, and will be required to pay a water purchase fee for any water actually purchased from the Authority in the future. As of August 31, 2022, the Authority was billing District No. 89 \$2.88 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped. This rate is subject to future increases. The District pays its Authority fees indirectly through its Water Facilities Contract with District No. 89. District No. 89 began billing the participants in July 2010. During the year ended August 31, 2022, the District incurred \$340,288 for groundwater withdrawal fees.

Regional Water Authority

The District is within the boundaries of the Conservation District, which was created by the Texas Legislature. The Conservation District was created to provide a regional entity to acquire surface water and build the necessary facilities to convert from groundwater to surface water in order to meet conversion requirements mandated by the Harris-Galveston Subsidence District, which regulates groundwater withdrawal. As of August 31, 2022, the Conservation District was billing District No. 89 \$0.085 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from its wells. The District pays its Conservation District fees indirectly through its Water Facilities Contract with District No. 89. The Conservation District fee is subject to future increases.

Road Utilities Agreement

On August 4, 2005, the District entered into an agreement with District No. 89 for the purpose of sharing the cost of constructing and maintaining utilities located in roadways located in or adjacent to the District. The contract is for a period of 40 years.

District No. 89 holds title for the benefit of the participants. The District's share of construction costs of the road utilities were funded by contribution of funds from developers within the District. At August 31, 2022, the District's 50 percent ownership of the road utilities is recorded as a capital asset of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements August 31, 2022

Operating costs are to be shared based on ownership. During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, the District was not billed for operating expenditures under the terms of the agreement.

Note 9: Risk Management

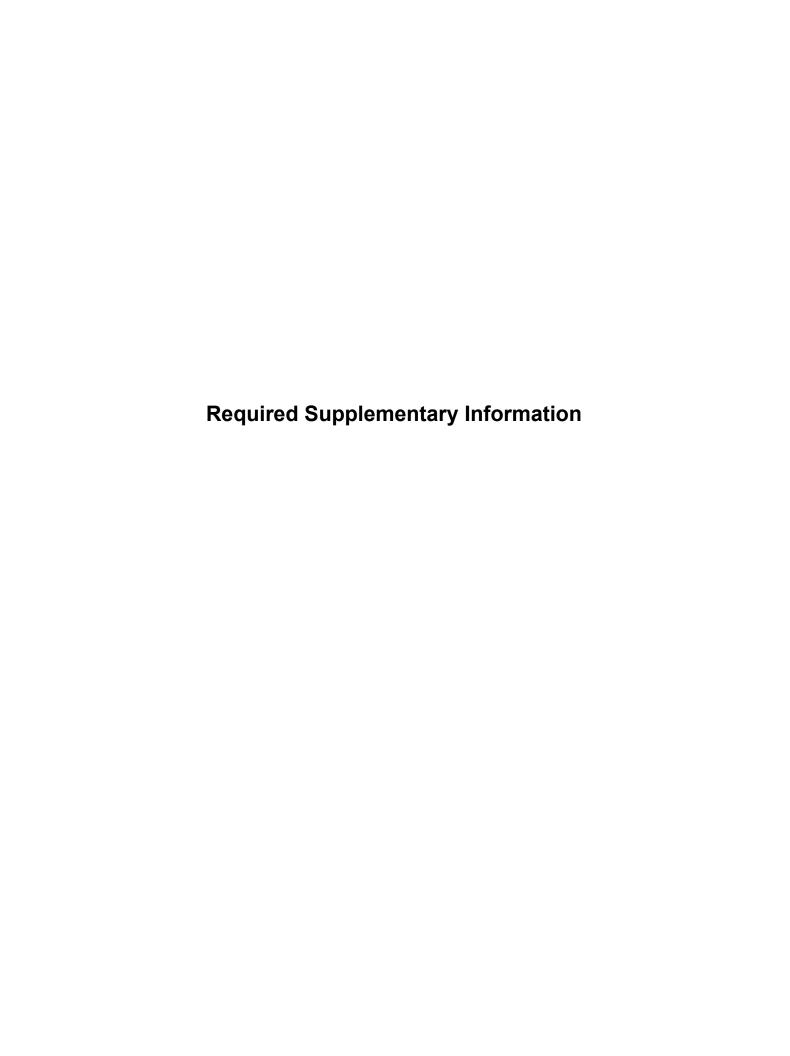
The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.

Note 10: Adoption of New Accounting Standard

Effective September 1, 2021, the District adopted new accounting and financial reporting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87 (Statement No. 87), *Leases*.

Statement No. 87 creates one model for recognizing leases for both lessees and lessors. Substantially all leases are recognized on the lessees' statement of net position. In the activity statement, lessees no longer report lease expense for the previously classified operating leases but instead report interest expense on the liability and amortization expense related to the asset. As a result of the adoption of Statement No. 87, the District increased beginning capital and lease assets by \$1,123,526, decreased beginning prepaid expenses by \$52,800 and increased beginning long-term liabilities by \$1,070,726 as of September 1, 2021.

There was no effect on beginning net position as a result of the adoption of Statement No. 87.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended August 31, 2022

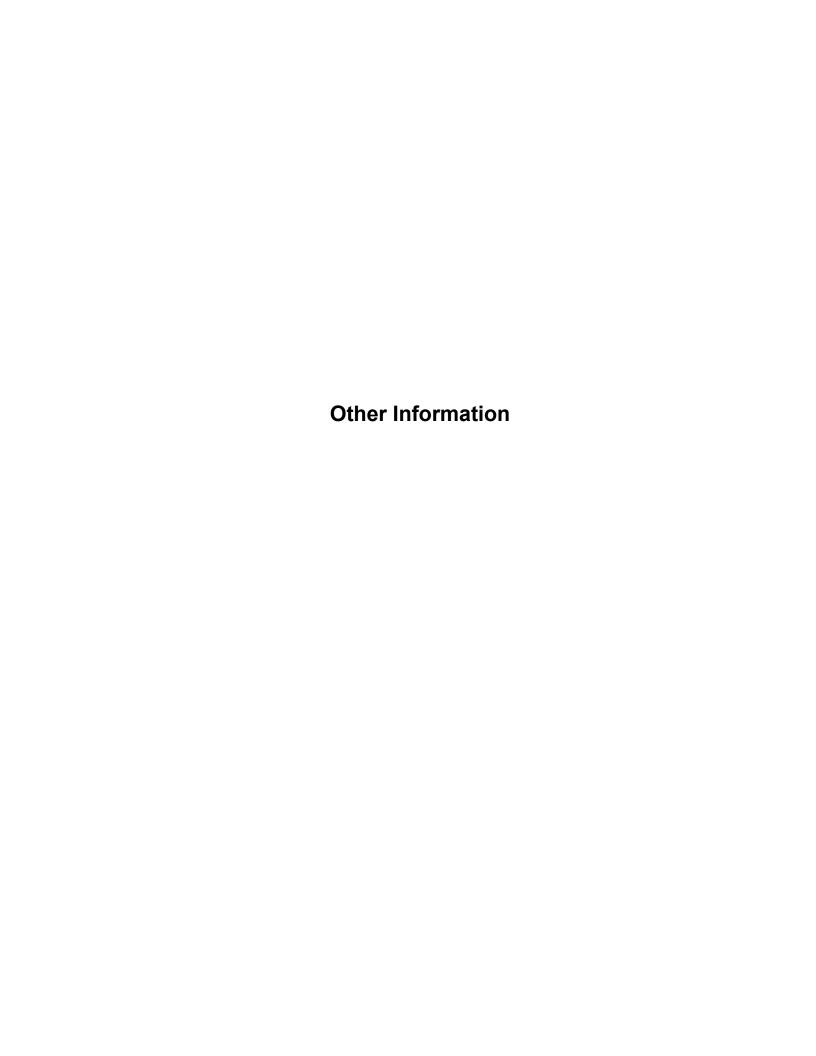
	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual	F	/ariance avorable ifavorable)
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 1,583,798	\$ 1,583,798	\$ 2,217,795	\$	633,997
Water service	250,000	250,000	256,392		6,392
Sewer service	485,000	656,000	399,017		(256,983)
Surface water conversion	348,000	348,000	430,819		82,819
Penalty and interest	8,500	8,500	11,296		2,796
Tap connection and inspection fees	40,000	40,000	-		(40,000)
Investment income	5,000	5,000	1,674		(3,326)
Other	 	 -	 25,199		25,199
Total revenues	 2,720,298	 2,891,298	 3,342,192		450,894
Expenditures					
Service operations:					
Purchased services	830,582	830,582	747,073		83,509
Professional fees	189,100	189,100	202,346		(13,246)
Contracted services	345,400	345,400	487,112		(141,712)
Utilities	45,000	45,000	45,612		(612)
Repairs and maintenance	267,025	269,265	359,779		(90,514)
Other expenditures	103,100	103,100	94,984		8,116
Tap connections	55,000	55,000	40		54,960
Capital outlay	=	-	20,593		(20,593)
Debt service:					
Debt issuance costs	-	-	4,250		(4,250)
Lease payments	 316,800	 316,800	 316,800		
Total expenditures	 2,152,007	 2,154,247	 2,278,589		(124,342)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	568,291	737,051	1,063,603		326,552
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 3,863,086	 3,863,086	 3,863,086		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 4,431,377	\$ 4,600,137	\$ 4,926,689	\$	326,552

Notes to Required Supplementary Information August 31, 2022

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was amended during fiscal 2022.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



Other Schedules Included Within This Report August 31, 2022

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 13-27
[X]	Schedule of Services and Rates
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended August 31, 2022

1.	Services provided by the Distri	ict:					
	X Retail Water X Retail Wastewater Parks/Recreation X Solid Waste/Garbage X Participates in joint ventur Other	re, regional system	Fire Protect	Wastewater etion	X	Drainage Irrigation Security Roads interconnect)	
2.	Retail service providers						
	a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter	(or equivalent): Minimum Charge	Minim Usag		Rate Per 1,000 Gallons Over Minimum	Usage l	_evels
	Water:	\$ 12.00	6,999	9 N	\$ 1.50 \$ 1.75 \$ 5.00	7,000 to 13,000 to 20,001 to	20,000
	Wastewater:	\$ 31.27	0	Y_			
	Regional water fee:	\$ 0.085	1	N	\$ 0.085	1to	No Limit
	SJRA fee	\$ 3.17	1	N	\$ 3.17	1 to	No Limit
	Does the District employ winter	er averaging for wa	stewater usag	ge?	Yes	No X	
	Total charges per 10,000 gallo			Water	\$ 50.55	Wastewater	\$ 31.27
	b. Water and wastewater retail Meter Size	connections:	_ <u>C</u>	Total onnections	Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFC*
	Unmetered			-		x1.0	
	≤ 3/4" 1"			1,065	1,055	x1.0 x2.5	1,055
	1 1/2"			-		x5.0	
	2"			9	9	x8.0	72
	3"					x15.0	
	4" 6"					x25.0 x50.0	-
	8"			-	-	x80.0	
	10"			-	-	x115.0	-
	Total water			1,080	1,070		1,142
	Total wastewater			1,062	1,052	x1.0	1,052
3.	Total water consumption (in the Gallons pumped into the system		e fiscal year:				189,214
	Gallons billed to customers:	ш.					179,414
	Water accountability ratio (gal	lons billed/gallons	pumped):				94.82%

^{*&}quot;ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended August 31, 2022

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 16,700 85,410 100,236	202,346
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		747,073
Regional Water Fee		-
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security Other contracted services	14,404 - - 203,609 47,184	265,197
Utilities		45,612
Repairs and Maintenance		359,779
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	7,800 53,059 11,630 22,495	94,984
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	20,593	20,593
Tap Connection Expenditures	_	40
Solid Waste Disposal		221,915
Debt Service, Lease Payments		316,800
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		 4,250
Total expenditures		\$ 2,278,589

Schedule of Temporary Investments August 31, 2022

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	A	Face Amount	In	crued terest eivable
General Fund						
Certificates of Deposit						
No. 1852002715	0.45%	10/08/22	\$	108,385	\$	437
No. 9590001196876811	0.40%	11/12/22		248,419		795
				356,804		1,232
Debt Service Fund Certificate of Deposit						
No. 13412	0.25%	10/01/22		213,788		489
Totals			\$	570,592	\$	1,721

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended August 31, 2022

	Maintenance Taxes	Debt Service Taxes		
Receivable, Beginning of Year Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes	\$ 12,703 (2,714)	\$ 14,661 (1,056)		
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year	9,989	13,605		
2021 Original Tax Levy Additions and corrections	2,144,840 69,149	1,474,578 47,540		
Adjusted tax levy	2,213,989	1,522,118		
Total to be accounted for	2,223,978	1,535,723		
Tax collections: Current year Prior years	(2,207,806) (9,989)	(1,517,867) (13,605)		
Receivable, end of year	\$ 6,183	\$ 4,251		
Receivable, by Years 2021	\$ 6,183	\$ 4,251		

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended August 31, 2022

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Property Valuations				
Land	\$ 37,590,800	\$ 37,488,320	\$ 35,108,650	\$ 34,967,050
Improvements	247,458,040	209,769,130	176,816,000	137,821,690
Personal property	1,820,014	2,576,109	2,532,321	2,113,608
Exemptions	(10,120,379)	(7,955,534)	(5,378,750)	(3,433,473)
Total property valuations	\$ 276,748,475	\$ 241,878,025	\$ 209,078,221	\$ 171,468,875
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation Debt service tax rates Maintenance tax rates*	\$ 0.5500 0.8000	\$ 0.7100 0.6600	\$ 0.7400 0.6400	\$ 0.7800 0.6000
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 1.3500	\$ 1.3700	\$ 1.3800	\$ 1.3800
Tax Levy	\$ 3,736,107	\$ 3,313,729	\$ 2,885,279	\$ 2,366,270
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	99%	100%	100%	100%

^{*}Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.50 on May 3, 2003

^{**}Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years August 31, 2022

	Series 2014							
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total					
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034	\$ 125,000 125,000 125,000 130,000 130,000 130,000 130,000 130,000 130,000 130,000 130,000	\$ 73,406 69,656 65,906 62,156 57,931 53,381 48,831 44,120 39,244 34,370 29,494 24,131	\$ 198,406 194,656 190,906 192,156 187,931 183,381 178,831 174,120 169,244 164,370 159,494 154,131					
2035 2036 Totals	130,000 130,000 325,000 \$ 2,000,000	18,770 13,406 \$ 634,802	134,131 148,770 338,406 \$ 2,634,802					

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
August 31, 2022

	Series 2016						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31	Principal Due September 1		Interest Due September 1, March 1		Total		
2023	\$	175,000	\$	129,331	\$	304,331	
2024		180,000		125,613		305,613	
2025		190,000		121,563		311,563	
2026		195,000		116,813		311,813	
2027		205,000		111,938		316,938	
2028		210,000		105,787		315,787	
2029		220,000		99,488		319,488	
2030		230,000		92,887		322,887	
2031		240,000		85,988		325,988	
2032		250,000		78,487		328,487	
2033		255,000		70,363		325,363	
2034		270,000		62,075		332,075	
2035		280,000		53,300		333,300	
2036		290,000		43,850		333,850	
2037		300,000		33,700		333,700	
2038		315,000		23,200		338,200	
2039		325,000		11,781		336,781	
Totals	\$	4,130,000	\$	1,366,164	\$	5,496,164	

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
August 31, 2022

	Series 2017						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31	Principal Due September 1		Interest Due September 1, March 1			Total	
2023		300,000	\$	115,875	\$	415,875	
2024		300,000		109,875		409,875	
2025		300,000		103,875		403,875	
2026		300,000		97,125		397,125	
2027		200,000		90,000		290,000	
2028		200,000		84,750		284,750	
2029		200,000		78,750		278,750	
2030		200,000		72,750		272,750	
2031	2	200,000		66,500		266,500	
2032	2	200,000		60,250		260,250	
2033	2	200,000		54,000		254,000	
2034	2	200,000		47,500		247,500	
2035	2	200,000		41,000		241,000	
2036	2	200,000		34,500		234,500	
2037	2	200,000		28,000		228,000	
2038		200,000		21,000		221,000	
2039	2	200,000		14,000		214,000	
2040		200,000		7,000		207,000	
Totals	\$ 4,0	000,000	\$	1,126,750	\$	5,126,750	

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
August 31, 2022

	Series 2018						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total				
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040	\$ 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 100,000 450,000 450,000 450,000 750,000	\$ 210,563 204,562 198,563 194,562 190,562 186,563 182,562 178,563 174,563 170,563 166,562 162,562 158,563 154,562 150,562 132,000 113,438 94,875	\$ 310,563 304,562 298,563 294,562 290,562 286,563 282,562 278,563 274,563 270,563 266,562 262,562 258,563 254,562 600,562 582,000 563,438 844,875				
2040 2041 2042 Totals	775,000 775,000 775,000 \$ 5,050,000	63,937 31,969 \$ 3,120,656	838,937 806,969 \$ 8,170,656				

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
August 31, 2022

	Refunding Series 2020						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31	Principal Due September 1		Interest Due September 1, March 1		Total		
2023	\$	120,000	\$	46,500	\$	166,500	
2024		125,000		42,900		167,900	
2025		130,000		39,150		169,150	
2026		135,000		35,250		170,250	
2027		140,000		31,200		171,200	
2028		145,000		28,400		173,400	
2029		150,000		25,500		175,500	
2030		150,000		22,500		172,500	
2031		160,000		19,500		179,500	
2032		160,000		16,300		176,300	
2033		170,000		12,700		182,700	
2034		175,000		8,875		183,875	
2035		180,000		4,500		184,500	
Totals	\$	1,940,000	\$	333,275	\$	2,273,275	

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
August 31, 2022

	Series 2021						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31	Principal Due September 1		Interest Due September 1, March 1			Total	
2023	\$	100,000	\$	41,562	\$	141,562	
2023	Þ	100,000	Ф	*	Ф	ŕ	
2024		100,000		40,563		140,563	
2026		100,000		39,562		139,562	
		ŕ		38,563		138,563	
2027		100,000		37,562		137,562	
2028		100,000		35,563		135,563	
2029		100,000		33,562		133,562	
2030		100,000		31,563		131,563	
2031		100,000		29,562		129,562	
2032		100,000		27,563		127,563	
2033		100,000		25,562		125,562	
2034		100,000		23,563		123,563	
2035		100,000		21,562		121,562	
2036		100,000		19,563		119,563	
2037		100,000		17,562		117,562	
2038		100,000		15,563		115,563	
2039		100,000		13,562		113,562	
2040		100,000		11,563		111,563	
2041		225,000		9,562		234,562	
2042		225,000		4,781		229,781	
Totals	\$	2,250,000	\$	518,468	\$	2,768,468	

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
August 31, 2022

	Annual Requirements For All Series						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending August 31	Total Principal Due	Total Interest Due	Total Principal and Interest Due				
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035 2036 2037 2038 2039 2040 2041	\$ 920,000 930,000 945,000 875,000 885,000 910,000 930,000 940,000 975,000 975,000 1,015,000 1,050,000 1,050,000 1,050,000 1,050,000 1,050,000 1,000,000	593,169 568,619 544,469 519,193 494,444 60 468,693 442,383 60 415,357 60 387,533 60 358,681 60 297,695 60 297,695 60 229,824 60 191,763 60 152,781 60 113,438	\$ 1,537,237 1,523,169 1,513,619 1,504,469 1,394,193 1,379,444 1,368,693 1,352,383 1,345,357 1,327,533 1,313,681 1,303,706 1,287,695 1,280,881 1,279,824 1,256,763 1,227,781 1,163,438 1,073,499				
2042 Totals	1,000,000 \$ 19,370,000		1,036,750 \$ 26,470,115				
		+ 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1	+ -, -, -, -				

Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt Year Ended August 31, 2022

			Bon
	Series 2012	Series 2014	Series 2016
Interest rates	3.00%	2.000% to 4.125%	2.00% to 4.00%
Dates interest payable	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1	September 1/ March 1
Maturity dates		September 1, 2023/2036	September 1, 2023/2039
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$ 100,000	\$ 2,125,000	\$ 4,295,000
Retirements, principal	100,000	125,000	165,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	\$ 0	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 4,130,000
Interest paid during current year	\$ 3,000	\$ 77,156	\$ 132,631
Paying agent's name and address:			
Series 2012 - The Bank of New York Mello Series 2014 - The Bank of New York Mello Series 2016 - The Bank of New York Mello Series 2017 - The Bank of New York Mello Series 2018 - The Bank of New York Mello Series 2020 - The Bank of New York Mello Series 2021 - The Bank of New York Mello	n Trust Company, N.A. n Trust Company, N.A. n Trust Company, N.A. n Trust Company, N.A. n Trust Company, N.A.	, Dallas, Texas , Dallas, Texas , Dallas, Texas , Dallas, Texas , Dallas, Texas	
Bond authority:	Tax Bonds	Other Bonds	Refunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters Amount issued Remaining to be issued	\$ 63,090,000 \$ 24,120,000 \$ 38,970,000	0 0	\$ 41,000,000 \$ 120,000 \$ 40,880,000
Debt service fund cash and temporary investment	balances as of August 31	1, 2022:	\$ 1,490,685
Average annual debt service payment (principal and	d interest) for remaining	term of all debt:	\$ 1,323,506

Issues

				R	efunding			
Se	eries 2017	Se	eries 2018	Se	eries 2020	Se	eries 2021	Totals
	2.00% to		4.00% to		2.00% to	1	.000% to	
	3.50%		6.00%		3.00%		2.125%	
Se	September 1/		eptember 1/	Se	eptember 1/	Se	eptember 1/	
	March 1		March 1		March 1 March 1			
Se	eptember 1,	Se	eptember 1,	Se	eptember 1,	Se	eptember 1,	
2	2023/2040	2	2023/2042	2	2023/2035	2	2023/2042	
\$	4,300,000	\$	5,150,000	\$	1,955,000	\$	2,350,000	\$ 20,275,000
	300,000		100,000		15,000		100,000	 905,000
\$	4,000,000	\$	5,050,000	\$	1,940,000	\$	2,250,000	\$ 19,370,000
\$	124,875	\$	216,563	\$	46,950	\$	42,563	\$ 643,738

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended August 31,

	Amounts						
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018		
General Fund							
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 2,217,795	\$ 1,584,783	\$ 1,349,693	\$ 1,020,388	\$ 873,994		
Water service	256,392	162,308	228,835	185,201	182,952		
Sewer service	399,017	345,994	374,811	335,031	283,903		
Regional water fees	430,819	344,124	351,419	259,945	280,289		
Penalty and interest	11,296	6,282	5,702	9,063	6,653		
Tap connection and inspection fees	-	25,610	118,160	124,223	263,745		
Investment income	1,674	5,505	24,203	19,874	8,086		
Other income	25,199	21,093	26,490	20,531	17,897		
Total revenues	3,342,192	2,495,699	2,479,313	1,974,256	1,917,519		
Expenditures							
Service operations:							
Purchased services	747,073	560,336	458,651	363,218	526,373		
Professional fees	202,346	181,709	172,360	193,004	155,186		
Contracted services	487,112	295,270	286,083	260,307	215,652		
Utilities	45,612	43,908	42,381	38,290	31,415		
Repairs and maintenance	359,779	257,279	707,999	255,754	208,868		
Other expenditures	94,984	78,278	77,431	60,061	70,865		
Tap connections	40	27,440	59,830	77,140	134,729		
Capital outlay	20,593	35,819	60,653	61,090	93,067		
Debt service:							
Lease payments	316,800	316,800	268,800	321,600	57,600		
Debt issuance costs	4,250	3,500	45,030		38,750		
Total expenditures	2,278,589	1,800,339	2,179,218	1,630,464	1,532,505		
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,063,603	695,360	300,095	343,792	385,014		
Other Financing Sources							
Interfund transfers in		455,480		38,750	38,210		
Excess of Revenues and Transfers In Over							
Expenditures and Transfers Out	1,063,603	1,150,840	300,095	382,542	423,224		
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	3,863,086	2,712,246	2,412,151	2,029,609	1,606,385		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 4,926,689	\$ 3,863,086	\$ 2,712,246	\$ 2,412,151	\$ 2,029,609		
Total Active Retail Water Connections	1,070	1,072	1,059	962	861		
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	1,052	1,052	1,043	957	846		

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
66.3 %	63.5 %	54.4 %	51.7 %	45.6
7.7	6.5	9.2	9.4	9.5
12.0	13.9	15.1	16.9	14.8
12.9	13.8	14.2	13.2	14.6
0.3	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.4
-	1.0	4.8	6.3	13.8
0.1	0.2	1.0	1.0	0.4
0.7	0.8	1.1	1.0	0.9
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
22.4	22.4	18.5	18.4	27.4
6.0	7.3	7.0	9.8	8.1
14.6	11.8	11.5	13.2	11.3
1.4	1.8	1.7	1.9	1.6
10.8	10.3	28.6	13.0	10.9
2.8	3.1	3.1	3.0	3.7
0.0	1.1	2.4	3.9	7.0
0.6	1.4	2.5	3.1	4.9
9.5	12.7	10.8	16.3	3.0
0.1	0.2	1.8	<u> </u>	2.0
68.2	72.1	87.9	82.6	79.9
31.8 %	27.9 %	12.1 %	17.4 %	20.1

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended August 31,

	Amounts								
	2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Debt Service Fund									
Revenues									
Property taxes	\$ 1,531,4	72 \$	1,703,977	\$	1,561,575	\$	1,326,504	\$	1,135,715
Penalty and interest	27,9	67	8,212		23,490		9,297		5,401
Investment income	5	92	2,280		9,416		18,156		10,661
Total revenues	1,560,0	31	1,714,469		1,594,481		1,353,957		1,151,777
Expenditures									
Current:									
Professional fees	9,1	92	1,152		4,320		1,067		2,355
Contracted services	43,0	88	40,579		36,590		47,508		16,518
Other expenditures	4,4	73	6,084		4,440		2,794		2,138
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	905,0	00	790,000		770,000		760,000		650,000
Interest and fees	651,6	26	647,141		661,641		637,566		451,985
Debt issuance costs		-	-		115,173		-		-
Debt defeasance		<u> </u>	-		20,000		-		-
Total expenditures	1,613,3	79	1,484,956		1,612,164		1,448,935		1,122,996
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(53,3	48)	229,513		(17,683)		(94,978)		28,781
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
General obligation bonds issued		-	-		1,965,000		-		-
Discount on debt is sued		-	-		(4,378)		-		-
Deposit with escrow agent					(1,839,986)				
Total other financing sources		0	0		120,636		0		0
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures									
and Other Financing Uses	(53,3-	48)	229,513		102,953		(94,978)		28,781
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,508,9	00	1,279,387		1,176,434		1,271,412		1,242,631
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,455,5	52 \$	1,508,900	\$	1,279,387	\$	1,176,434	\$	1,271,412

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

98.2 % 1.8 0.0 100.0 0.6 2.7	99.4 % 0.5 0.1	97.9 % 1.5	98.0 %	98.6
0.0		1.5		98.6
0.6	0.1	1.3	0.7	0.5
0.6		0.6	1.3	0.9
	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2.1	0.1 2.4	0.3 2.3	0.1 3.5	0.2 1.4
0.3	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.2
58.0	46.1	48.3	56.1	56.4
41.8	37.7	41.5	47.1	39.3
-	-	7.2	-	-
<u> </u>		1.2	<u> </u>	-
103.4	86.6	101.1	107.0	97.5
(3.4) %	13.4 %	(1.1) %	(7.0) %	2.5

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended August 31, 2022

Complete District mailing address: Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 88

c/o Mitchell & Zientek, LLP

24624 Interstate 45 North, Suite 200

The Woodlands, Texas 77386

District business telephone number: 281.719.1990

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054):

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year:

Term of Office Elected & Expense Title at Reimbursements **Board Members Expires** Fees* Year-end Elected 05/20-Ryan Temple 05/24 \$ 1,200 \$ 0 President Elected 05/22-Vice 0 President Ryan Tsamouris 05/26 2,700 Elected 05/20-Jeremy Davis 05/24 1,800 0 Secretary Elected 05/22-Assistant Kent Doerries 05/26 750 0 Secretary Elected 05/22-Jacqueline Voss 05/26 1,350 0 Director

December 1, 2020

7,200

\$

^{*}Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended August 31, 2022

	Fees and Expense					
Consultants	Date Hired	Reiml	bursements	Title		
Bob Leared Interests	11/01/01	\$	19,135	Tax Assessor/ Collector		
FORVIS, LLP	07/07/11		20,200	Auditor		
Masterson Advisors LLC	05/10/18		0	Financial Advisor		
Mitchell & Zientek, LLP	08/13/20		100,914	Attorney		
Montgomery Central Appraisal District	Legislative Action 06/04/15		28,426	Appraiser		
Municipal Operations & Consulting, Inc. Myrtle Cruz, Inc.	11/01/01		175,123 17,176	Operator Bookkeeper		
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	03/01/07		9,192	Delinquent Tax Attorney		
Quiddity Engineering, LLC	07/05/12		148,966	Engineer		
Investment Officer						
Mary Jarmon	11/01/01		N/A	Bookkeeper		