Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Harris County, Texas

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 June 30, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Harris County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Page 2

and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas December 19, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2023

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) June 30, 2023

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)
June 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

	2023	2022
Current and other assets	\$ 7,526,945	\$ 8,645,709
Capital assets	5,041,872	2,845,248
Total assets	12,568,817	11,490,957
Deferred outflows of resources	138,635	144,827
Total assets and deferred		
outflows of resources	\$ 12,707,452	\$ 11,635,784
Long-term liabilities	\$ 4,222,662	\$ 4,751,888
Other liabilities	771,281	448,104
Total liabilities	4,993,943	5,199,992
Deferred inflows of resources	173,683	189,698
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	834,391	(1,901,282)
Restricted	832,702	845,361
Unrestricted	5,872,733	7,302,015
Total net position	\$ 7,539,826	\$ 6,246,094

The total net position of the District increased by \$1,293,732, or about 21 percent. The majority of the increase in net position is related to property tax revenues intended to pay principal on the District's bonded indebtedness, which is shown as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and charges for services and maintenance tax revenues exceeding service operating expenses. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) June 30, 2023

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	2023	2022
Revenues:		
Property taxes	\$ 1,501,5	\$ 1,334,578
Sales tax rebates	91,1	63 115,566
Charges for services	708,6	684,811
Other revenues	547,3	06 41,649
Total revenues	2,848,6	2,176,604
Expenses:		
Services	1,254,7	1,054,038
Depreciation	194,6	154,178
Debt service	105,6	115,771
Total expenses	1,554,9	1,323,987
Change in net position	1,293,7	852,617
Net position, beginning of year	6,246,0	5,393,477
Net position, end of year	\$ 7,539,8	\$ 6,246,094

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were \$6,727,880, a decrease of \$1,502,897 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance decreased by \$1,465,742, primarily due to capital outlay expenditures related to District facilities.

The debt service fund's fund balance decreased by \$39,149, primarily due to bond principal and interest requirements being greater than property tax revenues.

The capital projects fund's fund balance increased by \$1,994 due to investment income received.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) June 30, 2023

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to investment income and repairs and maintenance expenditures being greater than anticipated and sales tax rebates revenues being less than anticipated. In addition, tap connection and inspection fee revenues and expenditures and purchased services and capital outlay expenditures were not budgeted. The fund balance as of June 30, 2023, was expected to be \$8,151,065 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$5,828,650.

Capital Assets and Related Debt

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

		2022			
Land and improvements	\$	877,499	\$ 877,499		
Construction in progress		2,459,671	472,911		
Water facilities		768,126	457,066		
Wastewater facilities		936,576	1,037,772		
Total capital assets	\$	5,041,872	\$ 2,845,248		

During the current year, additions to capital assets were as follows:

Construction in progress related to the wastewater treatment	
plant upgrades	\$ 1,986,760
Water well rehabilitation	329,489
Replace soft start and wires at water plant	17,994
Installed two 12-inch isolation valves and 12-inch gate valves	20,499
Replace booster pump No. 2 at water plant	 36,510
Total additions to capital assets	\$ 2,391,252

Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) June 30, 2023

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 4,751,888
Decreases in long-term debt	(529,226)
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 4,222,662

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$1,670,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District.

The District's Refunding Series 2015 bonds carry an underlying rating of "BBB+" from Standard & Poor's.

Other Relevant Factors

Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District.

Strategic Partnership Agreement

Effective May 9, 2002, the District entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement (SPA) with the City. Pursuant to the terms of the SPA, the City annexed the District (excluding the Krystal Lakes Subdivision) for limited purposes. The SPA provides for the levy of City sales tax on qualifying retail sales in the District and payment to the District of 50 percent of the sales tax revenue collected by the City from sales tax collected from entities located within the boundaries. The City will provide police protection in the District and impose certain planning, zoning, health and safety ordinances in the portion of the District annexed. The District will continue to provide water, sewer and drainage services to all properties within its boundaries. The City has also agreed not to annex the District for full purposes without the consent of the District during the 30-year term of the SPA.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total	Ad	ljustments	;	Statement of Net Position
Assets												
Cash	\$	381,998	\$	612,368	\$	-	\$	994,366	\$	-	\$	994,366
Short-term investments		5,798,003		549,513		54,576		6,402,092		-		6,402,092
Receivables:												
Property taxes		39,538		25,917		-		65,455		-		65,455
Service accounts		43,904		-		-		43,904		-		43,904
Interfund receivables		169,607		10,888		-		180,495		(180,495)		-
Sales tax rebates receivable		16,583		-		-		16,583		4,545		21,128
Capital assets (net of accumulated												
depreciation):												
Land and improvements		-		-		-		-		877,499		877,499
Construction in progress		-		-		-		-		2,459,671		2,459,671
Infrastructure	_						_			1,704,702		1,704,702
Total assets		6,449,633		1,198,686		54,576		7,702,895		4,865,922		12,568,817
Deferred Outflows of Resources												
Deferred amount on debt refundings		0		0		0		0		138,635		138,635
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	¢	6,449,633	\$	1,198,686	\$	54,576	¢	7,702,895	e	5 004 557	\$	12 707 452
outhows of resources	\$	0,449,033	Þ	1,198,080	Þ	34,376	Þ	1,102,893	\$	5,004,557	Þ	12,707,452

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Continued) June 30, 2023

	General Fund		Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	;	Statement of Net Position
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 248,683	\$	158,508	\$ -	\$ 407,189	\$ -	\$	407,189
Retainage payable	233,554	ļ	-	-	233,554	-		233,554
Customer deposits	88,322	2	-	-	88,322	-		88,322
Accrued interest payable		-	-	-	-	42,216		42,216
Interfund payables	10,888	3	169,607	-	180,495	(180,495)		-
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year		-	-	-	-	550,000		550,000
Due after one year					 -	3,672,662	_	3,672,662
Total liabilities	581,445	<u> </u>	328,115	0	 909,560	4,084,383		4,993,943
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred property tax revenues	39,538	3	25,917	-	65,455	(65,455)		-
Deferred amount on debt refundings					 	173,683		173,683
Total deferred inflows of resources	39,538	<u> </u>	25,917	0	 65,455	108,228		173,683
Fund Balances/Net Position								
Fund balances:								
Restricted:								
Unlimited tax bonds		-	844,654	-	844,654	(844,654)		-
Water, sewer and drainage		-	-	54,576	54,576	(54,576)		-
Assigned, future expenditures	857,827	7	-	-	857,827	(857,827)		-
Unassigned	4,970,823	<u> </u>			 4,970,823	(4,970,823)		-
Total fund balances	5,828,650		844,654	54,576	 6,727,880	(6,727,880)		0
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances	\$ 6,449,633	\$	1,198,686	\$ 54,576	\$ 7,702,895			
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets						834,391		834,391
Restricted for debt service						828,355		828,355
Restricted for capital projects						4,347		4,347
Unrestricted						5,872,733		5,872,733
Total net position						\$ 7,539,826	\$	7,539,826

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	\$ Debt Service Fund	P	Capital rojects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 875,343	\$ 573,627	\$	-	\$ 1,448,970	\$ 52,577	\$ 1,501,547
Sales tax rebates	86,618	-		-	86,618	4,545	91,163
Water service	322,686	-		-	322,686	-	322,686
Sewer service	307,612	-		-	307,612	-	307,612
Bulk water and sewer service	78,367	-		-	78,367	-	78,367
Penalty and interest	11,455	46,241		-	57,696	-	57,696
Tap connection and inspection fees	222,815	-		-	222,815	-	222,815
Investment income	250,135	14,666		1,994	266,795		266,795
Total revenues	2,155,031	634,534		1,994	2,791,559	57,122	2,848,681
Expenditures/Expenses							
Service operations:							
Purchased services	62,974	-		-	62,974	-	62,974
Regional water fee	182,609	-		-	182,609	-	182,609
Professional fees	185,009	542		-	185,551	-	185,551
Contracted services	104,927	17,838		-	122,765	-	122,765
Utilities	69,148	-		-	69,148	-	69,148
Repairs and maintenance	503,848	-		-	503,848	-	503,848
Other expenditures	49,751	6,816		-	56,567	-	56,567
Tap connections	71,255	-		-	71,255	-	71,255
Capital outlay	2,391,252	-		-	2,391,252	(2,391,252)	-
Depreciation	-	-		-	-	194,628	194,628
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	-	530,000		-	530,000	(530,000)	-
Interest and fees	-	 118,487			118,487	(12,883)	105,604
Total expenditures/expenses	3,620,773	 673,683		0	4,294,456	(2,739,507)	1,554,949
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	(1,465,742)	(39,149)		1,994	(1,502,897)	1,502,897	
Change in Net Position						1,293,732	1,293,732
Fund Balances/Net Position							
Beginning of year	7,294,392	 883,803		52,582	8,230,777		6,246,094
End of year	\$ 5,828,650	\$ 844,654	\$	54,576	\$ 6,727,880	\$ 0	\$ 7,539,826

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Water Rights Commission, now known as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective March 1, 1983, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 54. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater and drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2022 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the 2022 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	<u>Years</u>
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45

Deferred Amount on Debt Refundings

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt in a debt refunding is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. Such amounts are classified as deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

The District has financed drainage facilities, which have been assumed by Harris County for maintenance and other incidents of ownership, which has caused long-term debt to be in excess of capital assets.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 5,041,872
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund	
financial statements.	65,455
Deferred amounts on debt refundings for governmental activities are not	
financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	(35,048)
Sales tax rebates are not receivable in the current period and are not	
reported in the funds.	4,545

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	\$ (42,216)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(4,222,662)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ 811,946

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

Change in fund balances.	\$ (1,502,897)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current year.	2,196,624
Governmental funds report principal payments on debt as expenditures. For the statement of activities, these transactions do not have any effect on net position.	530,000
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues for the funds but are report as revenues in the statement of activities.	57,122
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 12,883
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 1,293,732

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At June 30, 2023, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in TexPool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas has oversight of TexPool.

At June 30, 2023, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Maturities in Years							
Туре	Amortized Cost	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10			
TexPool	\$ 6,402,092	\$ 6,402,092	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0			

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At June 30, 2023, the District's investments in TexPool were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheet and statement of net position at June 30, 2023, as follows:

Carrying value:	
Deposits	\$ 994,366
Investments	 6,402,092
Total	\$ 7,396,458

Investment Income

Investment income of \$266,795 for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of interest income.

Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2023, is presented below:

	Balances, Beginning		Balances, End
Governmental Activities	of Year	Additions	of Year
Capital assets, non-depreciable:			
Land and improvements	\$ 877,499	\$ -	\$ 877,499
Construction in progress	472,911	1,986,760	2,459,671
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	1,350,410	1,986,760	3,337,170
Capital assets, depreciable:			
Water production and distribution facilities	1,787,567	404,492	2,192,059
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	3,134,751		3,134,751
Total capital assets, depreciable	4,922,318	404,492	5,326,810
Less accumulated depreciation:			
Water production and distribution facilities	(1,330,501)	(93,432)	(1,423,933)
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	(2,096,979)	(101,196)	(2,198,175)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,427,480)	(194,628)	(3,622,108)
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 2,845,248	\$ 2,196,624	\$ 5,041,872

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balances Beginning of Year				Balances, End of Year		Amounts Due in One Year	
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds Private placement bonds Less discounts on bonds	\$	1,995,000 2,775,000 18,112	\$	85,000 445,000 774	\$	1,910,000 2,330,000 17,338	\$	90,000 460,000
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	4,751,888	\$	529,226	\$	4,222,662	\$	550,000

General Obligation Bonds

	Refunding Series 2015	Refunding Series 2020**
Amounts outstanding, June 30, 2023	\$1,910,000	\$2,330,000
Interest rates	2.00% to 4.00%	1.82%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	August 15, 2023/2038	August 15, 2023/2032
Interest payment dates	August 15/ February 15	August 15/ February 15
Callable dates*	August 15, 2021	August 15, 2030

^{*}Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2023.

^{**}Private placement bonds.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

General Ob		eneral Obli	gation	Bonds	s Private Placement Bonds						
Year	Pr	incipal	lı	Interest		Principal		Interest		Total	
2024	\$	90,000	\$	68,931	\$	460,000	\$	38,220	\$	657,151	
2025		90,000		66,344		470,000		29,757		656,101	
2026		95,000		63,569		475,000		21,158		654,727	
2027		100,000		60,456		485,000		12,421		657,877	
2028		105,000		56,997		70,000		7,371		239,368	
2029-2033		575,000		226,239		370,000		17,290		1,188,529	
2034-2038		700,000		103,000		-		-		803,000	
2039		155,000		3,100						158,100	
Total	\$	1,910,000	\$	648,636	\$	2,330,000	\$	126,217	\$	5,014,853	

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted	\$ 10,700,000
Bonds sold	9,030,000

Note 5: Significant Bond Order and Commission Requirements

The Bond Orders require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.1900 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$597,769 on the taxable valuation of \$314,615,606 for the 2022 tax year. The interest and principal requirements to be paid from the tax revenues and available debt service fund resources are \$662,575, of which \$56,288 has been paid and \$606,287 is due August 15, 2023.

Note 6: Maintenance Taxes

At an election held April 7, 1984, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.00 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.2900 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$912,386 on the taxable valuation of \$314,615,606 for the 2022 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

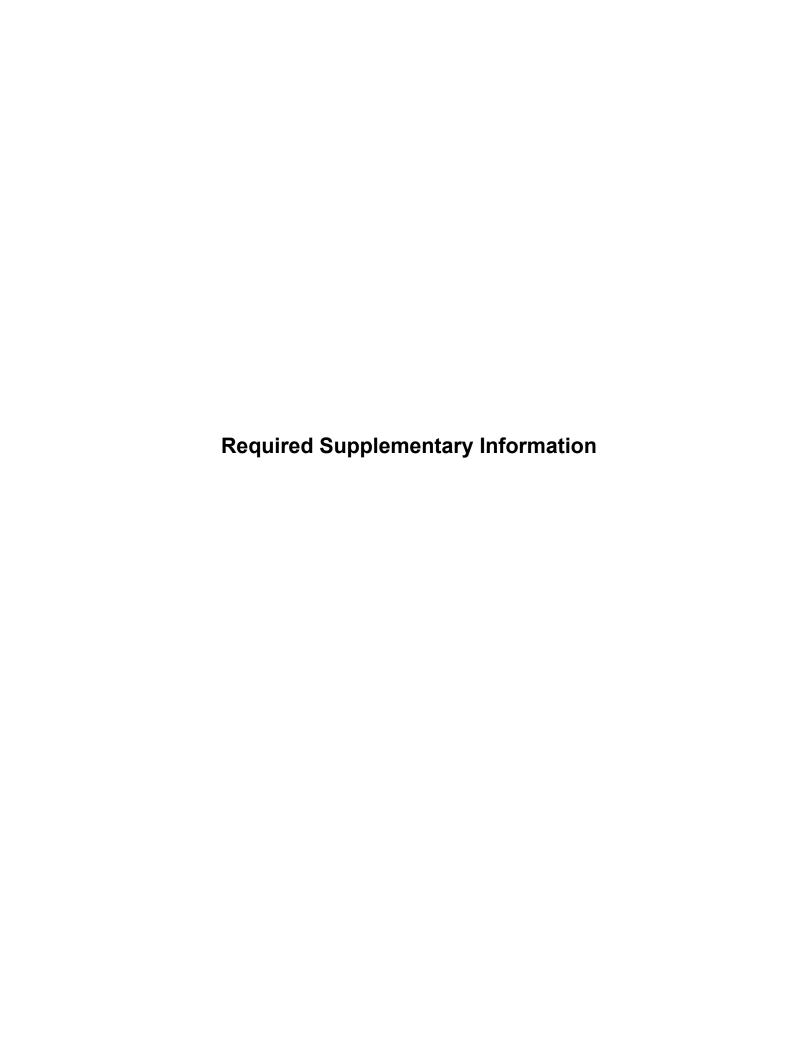
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

Note 7: Strategic Partnership Agreement

The District entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement (SPA) with the City of Houston (the City), effective May 9, 2002. Pursuant to the terms of the SPA, the City annexed the District (excluding the Krystal Lakes Subdivision) for limited purposes. The SPA provides for the levy of City sales tax (currently \$0.01) on qualifying retail sales in the District and payment to the District of 50 percent of the sales tax revenue collected by the City from sales tax collected from entities located within the boundaries. In addition, the District has entered into a Groundwater Reduction Plan Agreement (the Agreement) with the City, which provides for payment of groundwater pumpage fees by the District to the City beginning January 1, 2003. Pursuant to the SPA, the City has agreed to pay additional sales tax revenue (above and beyond the amounts owed to the District because of 50 percent sharing noted above, but not exceeding 100 percent) to the District equal to the pumpage fee, which the District is required to pay the City pursuant to the Agreement. The City will provide police protection in the District and impose certain planning, zoning, health and safety ordinances in the portion of the District annexed. The District will continue to provide water, sewer and drainage services to all properties within its boundaries. The City has also agreed not to annex the District for full purposes without consent of the District during the 30-year term of the SPA. During the current year, the District recorded \$91,163 in revenues related to the Agreement.

Note 8: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

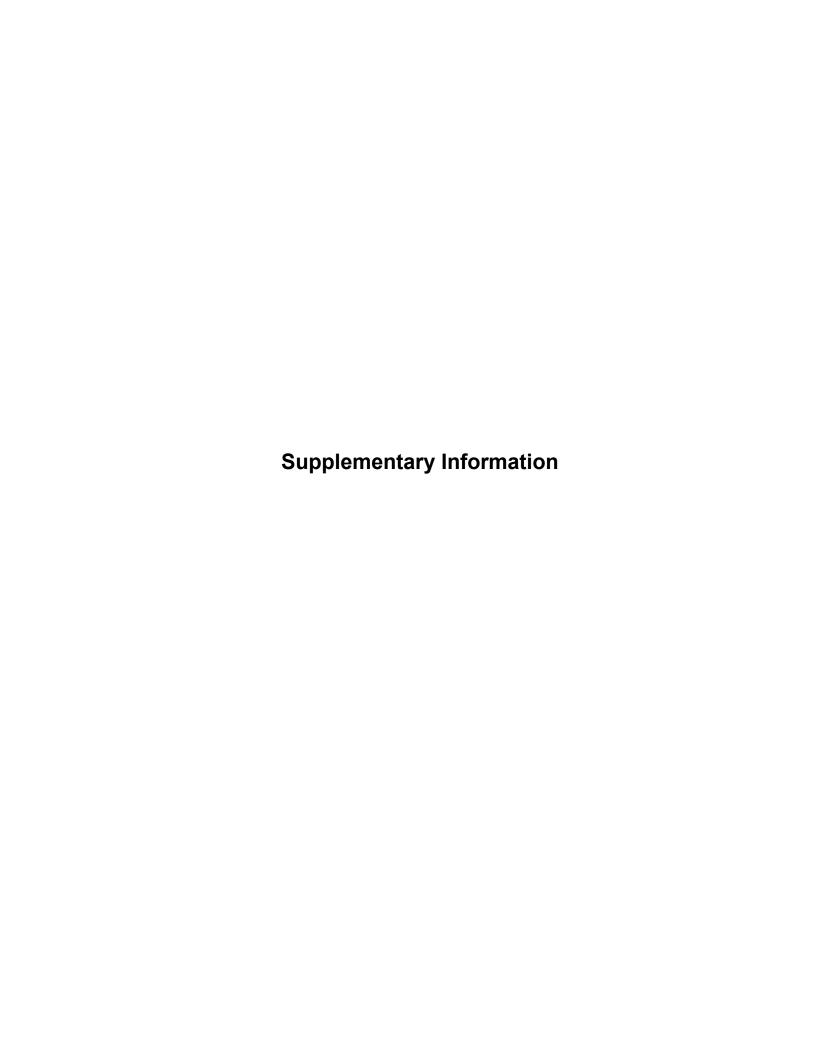
	Original			A-4 -1	Variance Favorable		
-	Budget			Actual	(Un	favorable)	
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	860,000	\$	875,343	\$	15,343	
Sales tax rebates		140,000		86,618		(53,382)	
Water service		365,000		322,686		(42,314)	
Sewer service		291,452		307,612		16,160	
Bulk water and sewer service		112,421		78,367		(34,054)	
Penalty and interest		7,500		11,455		3,955	
Tap connection and inspection fees		-		222,815		222,815	
Investment income		15,000		250,135		235,135	
Total revenues		1,791,373		2,155,031		363,658	
Expenditures							
Service operations:							
Purchased services		-		62,974		(62,974)	
Regional water fee		150,000		182,609		(32,609)	
Professional fees		180,000		185,009		(5,009)	
Contracted services		94,000		104,927		(10,927)	
Utilities		115,000		69,148		45,852	
Repairs and maintenance		350,000		503,848		(153,848)	
Other expenditures		45,700		49,751		(4,051)	
Tap connections		-		71,255		(71,255)	
Capital outlay				2,391,252		(2,391,252)	
Total expenditures		934,700		3,620,773		(2,686,073)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		0.5 (.5)		(4 1		(0.000 II =)	
Over Expenditures		856,673		(1,465,742)		(2,322,415)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		7,294,392		7,294,392			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	8,151,065	\$	5,828,650	\$	(2,322,415)	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2023

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during fiscal 2023.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



Other Schedules Included Within This Report June 30, 2023

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 13-24
[X]	Schedule of Services and Rates
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended June 30, 2023

l.	Services provided by the Distr	ict:					
	X Retail Water X Retail Wastewater Parks/Recreation Solid Waste/Garbage Participates in joint ventur Other	e, regional systen	Wholesale Water Wholesale Waste Fire Protection Flood Control n and/or wastewate	ewater	Ir S R	rrainage rigation ecurity oads cy interconnect)
2.	Retail service providers						
	a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter (or equivalent):					
		Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate Per 1,000 Gallons Over Minimum	Usage L	_evels
	Water:	\$ 15.00	10,000	N	\$ 1.75 \$ 2.50 \$ 3.25	10,001 to 20,001 to 30,001 to	30,000
	Wastewater:	\$ 15.00	10,000	N	\$ 1.75 \$ 2.50 \$ 3.25	10,001 to 20,001 to 30,001 to	30,000
	Does the District employ winte	r averaging for w	astewater usage?			Yes	No X
	Total charges per 10,000 gallor	ıs usage (includin	g fees):	Wa	ater \$ 15.00	Wastewater	\$ 15.00
	b. Water and wastewater retail	connections:		_			
	Meter Size		Total Connect		Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFC*
	Unmetered					x1.0	
	≤ 3/4" 1"			<u>88</u> 9	88 7	x1.0	88 18
	1 1/2"			1	1	x2.5 x5.0	5
	2"			32	31	x8.0	248
	3"				-	x15.0	
	4"			1	1	x25.0	25
	6"			2	2	x50.0	100
	8"			7	7	x80.0	560
	10"			3	3	x115.0	345
	Total water			143	140		1,389
	Total wastewater			107	104_	x1.0	104
3.	Total water consumption (in the Gallons pumped into the systematics)		the fiscal year:				145,631
	Gallons billed to customers:	111.					128,383
	Water accountability ratio (gal	lons billed/gallon	s pumped):			_	88.16%
	(541		1I//				00.1070

^{*&}quot;ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended June 30, 2023

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 20,500 157,109 7,400	185,009
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		62,974
Regional Water Fee		182,609
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security Other contracted services	13,458	104 027
	 91,469	104,927
Utilities Repairs and Maintenance		69,148 503,848
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	7,050 10,051 9,405 19,899	46,405
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	2,391,252	2,391,252
Tap Connection Expenditures		71,255
Solid Waste Disposal		· -
Fire Fighting		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		3,346
Total expenditures		\$ 3,620,773

Schedule of Temporary Investments June 30, 2023

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Accru Inter Receiv	est
General Fund TexPool	5.09%	Demand	\$ 5,798,003	\$	-
Debt Service Fund TexPool	5.09%	Demand	549,513		-
Capital Projects Fund TexPool	5.09%	Demand	54,576		
Totals			\$ 6,402,092	\$	0

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended June 30, 2023

		ntenance Taxes	Debt Service Taxes
Receivable, Beginning of Year	\$	7,623	\$ 5,255
Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes		(5,128)	 (3,480)
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year		2,495	 1,775
2022 Original Tax Levy		848,776	556,094
Additions and corrections		63,610	41,675
Adjusted tax levy		912,386	 597,769
Total to be accounted for		914,881	599,544
Tax collections: Current year		(873,296)	(572,160)
Prior years		(2,047)	(1,467)
Receivable, end of year	\$	39,538	\$ 25,917
Receivable, by Years			
2022	\$	39,090	\$ 25,609
2021 2020		434 14	301 7
Receivable, end of year	_\$	39,538	\$ 25,917

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Property Valuations				
Land	\$ 105,647,227	\$ 101,696,712	\$ 101,474,876	\$ 99,507,579
Improvements	254,374,229	200,086,065	208,990,728	189,567,049
Personal property	47,279,067	26,830,904	29,178,985	25,212,914
Exemptions	(92,684,917)	(40,185,624)	(32,341,261)	(32,212,087)
Total property valuations	\$ 314,615,606	\$ 288,428,057	\$ 307,303,328	\$ 282,075,455
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation				
Debt service tax rates	\$ 0.1900	\$ 0.2000	\$ 0.1700	\$ 0.1700
Maintenance tax rates*	0.2900	0.2900	0.3200	0.3200
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 0.4800	\$ 0.4900	\$ 0.4900	\$ 0.4900
Tax Levy	\$ 1,510,155	\$ 1,413,297	\$ 1,505,787	\$ 1,382,170
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	96%	99%	99%	100%

^{*}Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.00 on April 7, 1984

^{**}Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years June 30, 2023

	Ref	fund	ing	Seri	ies	2015
--	-----	------	-----	------	-----	------

			t to ramain.	g		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30		incipal Due gust 15	Aug	rest Due gust 15, ruary 15		Total
2024	\$	90,000	\$	68,931	\$	158,931
2025	4	90,000	Ψ	66,344	Ψ	156,344
2026		95,000		63,569		158,569
2027		100,000		60,456		160,456
2028		105,000		56,997		161,997
2029		105,000		53,388		158,388
2030		110,000		49,625		159,625
2031		115,000		45,544		160,544
2032		120,000		41,138		161,138
2033		125,000		36,544		161,544
2034		130,000		31,600		161,600
2035		135,000		26,300		161,300
2036		140,000		20,800		160,800
2037		145,000		15,100		160,100
2038		150,000		9,200		159,200
2039		155,000		3,100		158,100
Totals	\$	1,910,000	\$	648,636	\$	2,558,636

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
June 30, 2023

	 ſ	Refundin	g Series 202	0	
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	rincipal Due ugust 15	Aug	rest Due gust 15, ruary 15		Total
2024 2025 2026	\$ 460,000 470,000 475,000	\$	38,220 29,757 21,158	\$	498,220 499,757 496,158
2027 2028	485,000 70,000		12,421 7,371		497,421 77,371
2029 2030 2031	70,000 70,000 75,000		6,097 4,823 3,504		76,097 74,823 78,504
2032 2033	 75,000 80,000		2,138 728		77,138 80,728
Totals	\$ 2,330,000	\$	126,217	\$	2,456,217

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
June 30, 2023

Annual	Requirements For A	NI Series
al	Total	Total

Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	P	Total rincipal Due	Total nterest Due	Total ncipal and erest Due
2024	\$	550,000	\$ 107,151	\$ 657,151
2025		560,000	96,101	656,101
2026		570,000	84,727	654,727
2027		585,000	72,877	657,877
2028		175,000	64,368	239,368
2029		175,000	59,485	234,485
2030		180,000	54,448	234,448
2031		190,000	49,048	239,048
2032		195,000	43,276	238,276
2033		205,000	37,272	242,272
2034		130,000	31,600	161,600
2035		135,000	26,300	161,300
2036		140,000	20,800	160,800
2037		145,000	15,100	160,100
2038		150,000	9,200	159,200
2039		155,000	 3,100	 158,100
Totals	\$	4,240,000	\$ 774,853	\$ 5,014,853

Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt Year Ended June 30, 2023

_			Bon	d Issues	
<u>-</u>		unding es 2015		funding ries 2020	Totals
Interest rates		00% to .00%		1.82%	
Dates interest payable		gust 15/ wary 15		igust 15/ oruary 15	
Maturity dates	-	gust 15, 23/2038		ngust 15, 023/2032	
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$	1,995,000	\$	2,775,000	\$ 4,770,000
Retirements, principal		85,000		445,000	 530,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	\$	1,910,000	\$	2,330,000	\$ 4,240,000
Interest paid during current year	\$	71,231	\$	46,456	\$ 117,687

Paying agent's name and address:

Series 2015 - Amegy Bank N. A., Houston, Texas

Series 2020 - BOKF, N.A., Houston, Texas

Bond authority:	Ta	ax Bonds	Other Bonds	efunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters	\$	10,700,000	0	\$ -
Amount of authorization issued	\$	9,030,000	0	\$ 9,679,880
Remaining authorization to be issued	\$	1,670,000	0	\$ -
Debt service fund cash and temporary investment balances as of Ju	ine 30), 2023:		\$ 1,161,881
Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for re	maini	ng term of all de	bt:	\$ 313,428

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended June 30,

			,	Amounts			
	 2023	2022		2021		2020	2019
General Fund							
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 875,343	\$ 795,400	\$	950,312	\$	867,786	\$ 841,320
Sales tax rebates	86,618	122,851		204,932		71,370	145,245
Water service	322,686	305,730		326,826		350,913	364,044
Sewer service	307,612	266,654		271,384		276,818	279,578
Bulk water and sewer service	78,367	103,427		71,539		71,673	97,893
Penalty and interest	11,455	4,188		3,019		6,286	5,404
Tap connection and inspection fees	222,815	9,000		9,000		8,850	117,790
Investment income	250,135	15,013		2,504	_	69,883	111,442
Total revenues	 2,155,031	 1,622,263		1,839,516		1,723,579	 1,962,716
Expenditures							
Service operations:							
Purchased services	62,974	-		-		-	-
Regional water fee	182,609	169,372		164,189		202,318	113,895
Professional fees	185,009	184,249		172,770		166,200	159,694
Contracted services	104,927	98,651		93,868		96,093	99,195
Utilities	69,148	81,210		86,384		84,134	68,852
Repairs and maintenance	503,848	427,847		334,340		358,510	229,230
Other expenditures	49,751	69,055		47,692		39,674	33,133
Tap connections	71,255	-		-		-	50,190
Capital outlay	 2,391,252	 417,911	_	41,285		1,055,693	
Total expenditures	 3,620,773	 1,448,295		940,528	_	2,002,622	 754,189
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(1,465,742)	173,968		898,988		(279,043)	1,208,527
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 7,294,392	7,120,424		6,221,436	_	6,500,479	 5,291,952
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 5,828,650	\$ 7,294,392	\$	7,120,424	\$	6,221,436	\$ 6,500,479
Total Active Retail Water Connections	140	 141		140		141	 139
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	104	105	_	104		105	 104

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
40.6 %	49.0 %	51.7 %	50.3 %	42.9
4.0	7.6	11.1	4.1	7.4
15.0	18.8	17.8	20.4	18.5
14.3	17.0	15.2	16.6	14.6
3.6	6.4	3.9	4.2	5.0
0.5	0.3	0.2	0.4	0.3
10.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	5.6
11.6	0.9	0.1	4.0	5.7
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
2.9	-	-	-	-
2.9 8.5	10.4	- 8.9	- 11.7	5.8
	- 10.4 11.4	- 8.9 9.4	- 11.7 9.6	
8.5				8.1
8.5 8.6	11.4	9.4	9.6	8.1 5.1
8.5 8.6 4.9	11.4 6.1	9.4 5.1	9.6 5.6	8.1 5.1 3.5
8.5 8.6 4.9 3.2	11.4 6.1 5.0	9.4 5.1 4.7	9.6 5.6 4.9	8.1 5.1 3.5 11.7
8.5 8.6 4.9 3.2 23.4	11.4 6.1 5.0 26.4	9.4 5.1 4.7 18.2	9.6 5.6 4.9 20.8	5.8 8.1 5.1 3.5 11.7 1.7 2.6
8.5 8.6 4.9 3.2 23.4 2.3	11.4 6.1 5.0 26.4 4.2	9.4 5.1 4.7 18.2 2.6	9.6 5.6 4.9 20.8 2.3	8.1 5.1 3.5 11.7 1.7
8.5 8.6 4.9 3.2 23.4 2.3 3.3	11.4 6.1 5.0 26.4 4.2	9.4 5.1 4.7 18.2 2.6	9.6 5.6 4.9 20.8 2.3	8.1 5.1 3.5 11.7 1.7

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended June 30,

	Amounts									
		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019
Debt Service Fund										
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	573,627	\$	553,847	\$	504,847	\$	459,949	\$	473,232
Penalty and interest		46,241		21,107		5,769		15,518		19,757
Investment income		14,666		1,238		609		2,410		1,958
Total revenues		634,534		576,192		511,225		477,877		494,947
Expenditures										
Current:										
Professional fees		542		1,244		1,078		344		233
Contracted services		17,838		16,779		18,496		16,080		15,880
Other expenditures		6,816		5,631		7,093		4,224		3,301
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		530,000		525,000		475,000		455,000		445,000
Interest and fees		118,487		128,439		172,121		219,998		233,075
Debt issuance costs		-		-		85,844		-		-
Debt defeasance						16,000		-		-
Total expenditures		673,683		677,093		775,632		695,646		697,489
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(39,149)		(100,901)		(264,407)		(217,769)		(202,542)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
General obligation bonds issued		-		-		3,215,000		-		-
Deposit with escrow agent						(3,125,708)		-		-
Total other financing sources		0		0		89,292		0		0
Deficiency of Revenues and Other Financin	g									
Sources Over Expenditures and Other										
Financing Uses		(39,149)		(100,901)		(175,115)		(217,769)		(202,542
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		883,803		984,704		1,159,819		1,377,588		1,580,130
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	844,654	\$	883,803	\$	984,704	\$	1,159,819	\$	1,377,588
	-									

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
90.4 %	96.1 %	98.8 %	96.3 %	95.6
7.3	3.7	1.1	3.2	4.0
2.3	0.2	0.1	0.5	0.4
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
2.8	2.9	3.6	3.4	3.2
1.1	1.0	1.4	0.9	0.7
83.5	91.1	92.9	95.2	89.9
18.7	22.3	33.7	46.0	47.1
-	-	16.8	-	-
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3.1	<u> </u>	
106.2	117.5	151.7	145.6	141.0
(6.2) %	(17.5) %	(51.7) %	(45.6) %	(41.0)

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended June 30, 2023

Complete District mailing address: Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216

c/o Smith, Murdaugh, Little & Bonham, L.L.P.

2727 Allen Parkway, Suite 1100

Houston, Texas 77019

District business telephone number: 713.652.6500

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): June 23, 2020

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year:

\$ 7,200

	Term of Office						
	Elected &			Exi	oense	Title at	
Board Members	Expires	Fees*		Reimbursements		Year-end	
	Elected						
	05/22-						
Brett Wink	05/26	\$	1,500	\$	202	President	
	Elected						
	05/20-					Vice	
Adrienne Gilpin	05/24		1,350		305	President	
	Elected						
	05/20-						
Lindsay Lofton	05/24		1,650		185	Secretary	
	Elected						
	05/22-						
Julie Botas	05/26		1,500		223	Director	
	Appointed						
	05/22-						
Rafael Martinez	05/24		1,050		0	Director	

^{*}Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Fees and Expense						
Consultants	Date Hired	Reimbursements	Title				
			Tax Assessor/				
Bob Leared Interests	05/26/83	\$ 14,942	Collector				
FORVIS, LLP	02/11/86	20,500	Auditor				
			Financial				
The GMS Group, L.L.C.	10/01	0	Advisor				
	Legislative	40.740					
Harris Central Appraisal District	Action	10,740	Appraiser				
M. Marlon Ivy & Associates, Inc.	06/12/08	328,456	Operator				
Municipal Business Services, Inc.	03/21/84	13,458	Bookkeeper				
Smith, Murdaugh, Little & Bonham, L.L.P.	05/26/83	156,702	General Counsel				
Water Engineering Inc.	05/26/83	38,027	Engineer				
Investment Officer							
Bob Ideus	07/12/99	N/A	Bookkeeper				