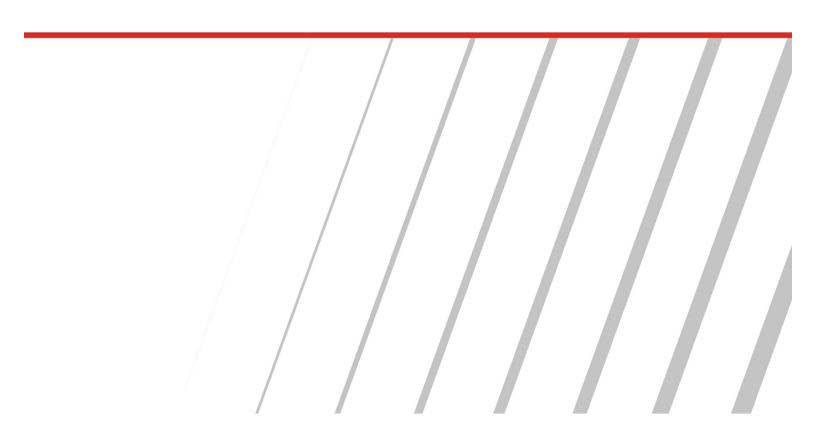
Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 183 Montgomery County, Texas

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

June 30, 2023



Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 183 June 30, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 183 Montgomery County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and general fund of Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 183 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and general fund of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



Board of Directors Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 183 Page 2

and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 183 Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas December 7, 2023

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

Governmental Fund

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the current year are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

Current and other assets	\$ 175,100
Long-term liabilities	\$ 711,494
Other liabilities	 9,385
Total liabilities	 720,879
Net position:	
Unrestricted net position	\$ (545,779)

The total net position of the District decreased by \$464,045. The majority of the decrease in net position is related to the conveyance of capital assets to another governmental entity for maintenance.

At June 30, 2023, unrestricted net position was \$(545,779). This amount was negative because the District has an obligation to sell bonds to finance the construction or acquisition of capital assets, which have been conveyed to the City of Conroe (the City) pursuant to a utility agreement between the District and the City. Accordingly, these assets are not recorded in the financial statements of the District.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

Revenues:	
Property taxes	\$ 185,184
Other revenues	 12,962
Total revenues	 198,146
Expenses:	
Services	178,936
Conveyance of capital assets	 483,255
Total expenses	 662,191
Change in net position	(464,045)
Net position, beginning of year	 (81,734)
Net position, end of year	\$ (545,779)

Financial Analysis of the District's Fund

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$169,210, due to property tax revenues and developer advances received exceeding service operations expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to other expenditures being greater than anticipated. In addition, property taxes and penalty and interest revenues were not included in the budget. The fund balance as of June 30, 2023, was expected to be \$(3,495) and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$165,715.

Long-term Liabilities

Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 78,239
Increases in long-term debt	 633,255
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 711,494

The developer of the District has constructed facilities on behalf of the District under the terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developer for these facilities from the proceeds of future bond sales subject to the approval of the Commission. At June 30, 2023, a liability for developer constructed facilities of \$483,255 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$127,200,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District, \$106,400,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purpose of constructing and improving roads and paving facilities within the District and \$24,500,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purpose of constructing park and recreational facilities within the District.

Other Relevant Factors

Relationship to the City of Conroe

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the City, the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be dissolved by the City without the District's consent subject to certain restrictions in the Utility Functions Agreement with the City. If the District is dissolved, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the bonded indebtedness).

Economic Dependency

The District's developers own the majority of the taxable property in the District. The District's ability to meet its obligations is dependent on the developers' ability to pay future property taxes.

Since inception, the developers have advanced \$228,239 to the District for operations. The District does not have sufficient funds nor anticipated revenues sufficient to liquidate these advances during the forthcoming fiscal year. These advances have been recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

Contingencies

The developer of the District is constructing facilities within the boundaries of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developer for a portion of these costs, plus interest, from the proceeds from future bond sales, to the extent approved by the Commission, if required. The District's engineer has stated current construction amounts are approximately \$235,200. This amount has not been recorded in the financial statements since the facilities are not complete or operational.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

	-	eneral Fund	۵di	ustments	tatement of Net Position
Assets				usunents	 USITION
Cash Prepaid expenditures	\$	172,609 2,491	\$	-	\$ 172,609 2,491
Total assets	\$	175,100	\$	0	\$ 175,100
Liabilities					
Accounts payable Long-term liabilities, due after one year	\$	9,385	\$	- 711,494	\$ 9,385 711,494
Total liabilities		9,385		711,494	 720,879
Fund Balance/Net Position					
Fund balance: Nonspendable, prepaid expenditures Unassigned fund balance		2,491 163,224		(2,491) (163,224)	 -
Total fund balance		165,715		(165,715)	 0
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	175,100			
Net position: Unrestricted net position				(545,779)	 (545,779)
Total net position			\$	(545,779)	\$ (545,779)

Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Year Ended June 30, 2023

	G	eneral Fund	Adju	ıstments	 atement of ctivities
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$	185,184	\$	-	\$ 185,184
Penalty and interest		12,962			 12,962
Total revenues		198,146		0	 198,146
Expenditures/Expenses					
Service operations:					
Professional fees		93,675		-	93,675
Contracted services		32,225		-	32,225
Other expenditures		53,036		-	53,036
Conveyance of capital assets		-		483,255	 483,255
Total expenditures/expenses		178,936		483,255	 662,191
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		19,210		(483,255)	
Other Financing Sources					
Developer advances received		150,000		(150,000)	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		169,210		(169,210)	
Change in Net Position				(464,045)	(464,045)
Fund Balance (Deficit)/Net Position					
Beginning of year		(3,495)		-	 (81,734)
End of year	\$	165,715	\$	0	\$ (545,779)

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 183 (the District), was created by Senate Bill No. 2197 of the 87th Legislature of the State of Texas, regular session, effective May 24, 2021, in accordance with Article XVI, Section 59, of the Texas Constitution and now codified at Chapter 7910A of the Texas Special District Local Laws Code. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code is subject to the continuing supervision of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission). The principal functions of the District are to finance and construct waterworks, wastewater, drainage, park, road and other facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District. All services are provided by the City of Conroe (the City).

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental fund. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental fund:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Fund Balance – Governmental Fund

The fund balance for the District's governmental fund can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable - Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental fund revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental fund to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recognized as expenditures and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year end related to the 2022 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the 2022 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

Capital Assets

The District conveys its water, wastewater and drainage facilities (exclusive of its storm water detention facilities) to the City.

Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position/Fund Balance

Fund balance and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balance in the governmental fund balance sheet are different because:

Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the fund financial statements. (711,494)

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balance in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balance because of the following.

Change in fund balance.	\$ 169,210
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the majority of capital assets constructed by the District are conveyed to the City upon completion. This is the amount of conveyed capital assets in the current year.	(483,255)
Governmental funds report developer advances as other financing sources or uses as amounts are received or paid. However, for government-wide financial statements, these amounts are recorded as an increase or	
decrease in due to developer.	 (150,000)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ (464,045)

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At June 30, 2023, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," certificates of deposit of financial institutions domiciled in Texas, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

At June 30, 2023, the District had no investments.

Note 3: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2023, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Be	lances, ginning f Year	In	creases		lances, End of Year	Due	ounts e in Year
Governmental Activities	0	TTEAT		cieases		lieai	Olle	Tear
Due to developer - advances	\$	78,239	\$	150,000	\$	228,239	\$	-
Due to developer - construction		-		483,255		483,255		_
Total governmental								
activities long-term liabilities	¢	79.220	¢	(22.255	¢	711 404	¢	0
habilities	\$	78,239	\$	633,255	\$	711,494	\$	0
Bonds voted:								
Water, sanitary sewer and	draina	ige faciliti	es				\$127,20	00,000
Road facilities						106,40	00,000	
Park and recreational facil	ities						24,50	00,000
Refunding bonds voted:								
Water, sanitary sewer and	draina	ge faciliti	es				63,60	00,000
Road facilities							53,20	00,000
Park and recreational facil	ities						12,2:	50,000
Due to Developer								

The developer of the District has constructed facilities on behalf of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developer for these costs plus interest to the extent approved by the Commission from the proceeds of future bond sales. The District's engineer estimates reimbursable costs for completed projects are \$483,255. These amounts have been recorded in the government-wide financial statements as long-term liabilities.

Note 4: Maintenance Taxes

At an election held May 7, 2022, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at a rate of \$1.10 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$185,184 on the taxable valuation of \$16,834,900 for the 2023 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

Note 5: Agreement with the City of Conroe

The District operates pursuant to a Utility Functions Agreement (the Utility Agreement) between the City and the District dated January 14, 2021, and as amended. Pursuant to the Utility Agreement, the City consented to the creation of the District within the city limits of the City, the District assumed responsibility for acquiring and constructing for the benefit of, and for ultimate conveyance to, the City, the water distribution, sanitary sewer collection, transportation and treatment, stormwater collection and drainage systems and road and paving facilities to serve development occurring within the boundaries of the District (the Facilities). The City will provide water supply and wastewater treatment capacity to the District in consideration of the District's financing, acquisition and construction of the Facilities. The City agrees to charge residents of the District the same water and wastewater rates that the City charges in other parts of the City.

The Utility Agreement provides that the Facilities shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the City's requirements and criteria. The City agrees to provide the District with its ultimate requirements for water supply capacity and wastewater treatment capacity without capital charges of any kind.

Under the Agreement, the District is authorized to issue bonds to finance the construction and acquisition of the Facilities. However, the Utility Agreement expressly provides that such condition is not a limitation of the District's authority to levy an unlimited tax and that the District's bonds are secured by a pledge of the proceeds of an ad valorem tax without limit as to rate or amount.

The City's right to dissolve the District is restricted under the Utility Agreement. Under the terms of the Utility Agreement, the City agrees that it will not dissolve the District until 95 percent of the District's Facilities have been developed and the developer advancing funds to construct the Facilities has been reimbursed.

Note 6: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts since the inception of the District.

Note 7: Contingencies

The developer of the District is constructing facilities within the boundaries of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developer for a portion of these costs, plus interest, from the proceeds from future bond sales, to the extent approved by the Commission, if required. The District's engineer has stated current construction amounts are approximately \$ 235,200. This amount has not been recorded in the financial statements since the facilities are not complete or operational.

Note 8: Economic Dependency

The District's developers own the majority of the taxable property in the District. The District's ability to meet its obligations is dependent on the developers' ability to pay future property taxes.

Since inception, the developers have advanced \$228,239 to the District for operations. The District does not have sufficient funds nor anticipated revenues sufficient to liquidate these advances during the forthcoming fiscal year. These advances have been recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	riginal udget	Actual	Fa	ariance vorable avorable)
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 185,184	\$	185,184
Penalty and interest	 	 12,962		12,962
Total revenues	 0	 198,146		198,146
Expenditures				
Service operations:				
Professional fees	95,000	93,675		1,325
Contracted services	28,000	32,225		(4,225)
Other expenditures	 24,957	 53,036		(28,079)
Total expenditures	 147,957	 178,936		(30,979)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(147,957)	19,210		167,167
Other Financing Sources				
Developer advances received	 147,957	 150,000		2,043
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other				
Financing Uses	-	169,210		169,210
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year	 (3,495)	 (3,495)		
Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year	\$ (3,495)	\$ 165,715	\$	169,210

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 183 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2023

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during fiscal 2023.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.

Supplementary Information

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 183 Other Schedules Included Within This Report June 30, 2023

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

- [X] Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 11-19
- [X] Schedule of Services
- [X] Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
- [] Schedule of Temporary Investments Not Applicable
- [X] Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
- [] Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years Not Applicable
- [] Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt Not Applicable
- [X] Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures General Fund
- [X] Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 183 Schedule of Services Year Ended June 30, 2023

1. Services to be provided by the District:

Retail Water	Wholesale Water	_X_Drainage
Retail Wastewater	Wholesale Wastewater	Irrigation
Parks/Recreation	Fire Protection	Security
Solid Waste/Garbage	Flood Control	X Roads
Participates in joint venture, regio	onal system and/or wastewater service (oth	er than emergency interconnect)
X Other Services are provided by t	he City of Conroe.	

Schedule of General Fund Expenditures

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ - 89,414 4,261 -	93,675
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		-
Regional Water Fee		-
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security	24,973 3,772 3,480	
Other contracted services		32,225
Utilities		-
Repairs and Maintenance		-
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	7,500 837 1,205 43,494	53,036
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	-	_
Tap Connection Expenditures		-
Solid Waste Disposal		-
Fire Fighting		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Total expenditures		\$ 178,936

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Maintenance Taxes
Receivable, Beginning of Year	\$ 0
2022 Original Tax Levy Additions and corrections	185,183
Adjusted tax levy	185,184
Total to be accounted for	185,184
Tax collections: Current year	(185,184)
Receivable, end of year	\$ 0

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2022	
Property Valuations		
Land	\$ 16,760,500	
Improvements	74,400	
Total property valuations	\$ 16,834,900	
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation		
Maintenance tax rates*	\$ 1.1000	
Tax Levy	\$ 185,184	
Percent of Taxes Collected to	1000/	
Taxes Levied**	100%	

*Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.50 on May 7, 2022

**Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Amounts	Percent of Fund Total Revenues
General Fund		
Revenues		
Property taxes	\$ 185,184	93.5 %
Penalty and interest	12,962	6.5
Total revenues	198,146	100.0
Expenditures		
Service operations:		
Professional fees	93,675	47.3
Contracted services	32,225	16.2
Other expenditures	53,036	26.8
Total expenditures	178,936	90.3
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	19,210	9.7 %
Other Financing Sources		
Developer advances received	150,000	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other		
Financing Uses	169,210	
Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year	(3,495)	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 165,715	
Total Active Retail Water Connections	N/A	
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	N/A	

Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 183 Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended June 30, 2023

Complete District mailing address:	Montgomery County Municipal Utility District No. 183	
	c/o Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P.	
	1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 2400	
	Houston, Texas 77056	
District business telephone number:	713.623.4531	
Submission date of the most recent D	istrict Registration Form	
(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054)	:	 May 13, 2022
Limit on fees of office that a director	may receive during a fiscal year:	\$ 7,200

	Term of Office Elected &		Expansa	Title at
Board Members	Elected &	Fees*	Expense Reimbursements	Year-end
	Elected			
	05/22-			
Stephany King	05/26	\$ 1,350	\$ 184	President
	Elected			
	05/22-			Vice
Emily Pruiett	05/26	1,800	1,375	President
	Elected			
	05/22-			
Rosa Clay	05/26	2,550	1,493	Secretary
	Elected			
	05/22-			Assistant
James Holt	05/24	1,350	678	Secretary
	Elected			
	05/22-			Assistant
Jeannie Barber	05/24	450	97	Secretary

*Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Exp	es and pense	
Consultants	Date Hired	Reimbursements		Title
Bob Leared Interests, Inc.	07/16/21	\$	7,252	Tax Assessor/ Collector
FORVIS, LLP	5/9/2023		0	Auditor
LJA Engineering & Surveying, Inc.	07/22/21		4,261	Engineer
Masterson Advisors, LLC	07/16/21		0	Financial Advisor
Montgomery County Appraisal District	Legislative Action		3,772	Appraiser
Municipal Accounts & Consulting, L.P.	07/16/21		24,986	Bookkeeper
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P	04/10/23		0	Delinquent Tax Attorney
Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P.	07/16/21		58,157	General Counsel
Investment Officers				

Mark Burton and Ghia Lewis	01/31/22	N/A	Bookkeepers