Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Montgomery County, Texas

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

September 30, 2023

September 30, 2023

Contents

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	10
Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	12
Notes to Financial Statements	14
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	27
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	28
Supplementary Information	
Other Schedules Included Within This Report	29
Schedule of Services and Rates	30
Schedule of General Fund Expenditures	31
Schedule of Temporary Investments	32
Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable	33
Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years	35
Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt	39
Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years	40
Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants	42



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Montgomery County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of September 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Page 3

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas February 9, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2023

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) September 30, 2023

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) September 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

	2023	2022		
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 2,612,555 7,139,952	\$ 2,464,094 5,291,176		
Total assets	9,752,507	7,755,270		
Deferred outflows of resources	43,469	46,996		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 9,795,976	\$ 7,802,266		
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 9,680,434 262,867	\$ 6,869,354 230,076		
Total liabilities	9,943,301	7,099,430		
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	(2,497,013) 342,294 2,007,394	(1,332,169) 195,803 1,839,202		
Total net position	\$ (147,325)	\$ 702,836		

The total net position of the District decreased by \$850,161, or about 121%. The majority of the decrease in net position is related to capital recovery fees paid to the City of Magnolia (the City). Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) September 30, 2023

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	2023	2022
Revenues:		
Property taxes	\$ 938,617	\$ 726,986
Charges for services	806,671	734,571
Other revenues	313,804	78,958
Total revenues	2,059,092	1,540,515
Expenses:		
Services	1,301,496	988,585
Depreciation	172,998	127,352
Capital recovery fees	1,210,500	-
Debt service	224,259	340,088
Total expenses	2,909,253	1,456,025
Change in net position	(850,161)	84,490
Net position, beginning of year	702,836	618,346
Net position, end of year	\$ (147,325)	\$ 702,836

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, were \$2,313,974, an increase of \$103,864 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$166,016 due to property taxes and services revenues, investment income and developer advances received exceeding service operations and capital outlay expenditures. In addition, tap connection and inspection fees revenue exceeded related tap connections expenditures.

The debt service fund's fund balance increased by \$135,434 due to property tax revenues exceeding bond principal and interest requirements and contracted services expenditures.

The capital projects fund's fund balance decreased by \$197,586 primarily due to capital outlay expenditures related to capital recovery fees paid to the City.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) September 30, 2023

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to investment income and repairs and maintenance and capital outlay expenditures being higher than anticipated, as well as tap connection and inspection fees revenue being lower than anticipated. In addition, developer advances received were not in the current year budget. The fund balance as of September 30, 2023, was expected to be \$2,013,701 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$1,991,297.

Capital Assets and Related Debt

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

<u>Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)</u>

		2023	2022
Land and improvements	\$	1,017,807	\$ 1,017,807
Water facilities		1,420,042	913,441
Wastewater facilities		1,962,407	1,406,631
Drainage facilities		2,739,696	 1,953,297
Total capital assets	\$	7,139,952	\$ 5,291,176
Additions to capital assets during the current year are as follows:	ows:		
Water, sewer and drainage facilities to serve Glen C Lift pump at lift station	\$ 2,012,552 9,222		
Total additions to capital assets			\$ 2,021,774

Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, are summarized as follows.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued) September 30, 2023

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 6,869,354
Increases in long-term debt	3,022,791
Decreases in long-term debt	 (211,711)
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 9,680,434

The developer of the District has constructed water, sewer and drainage facilities on behalf of the District under the terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to purchase these facilities from the proceeds of future bond issues, subject to the approval of the Commission. At September 30, 2023, a liability for developer-constructed capital assets of \$3,516,646 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Since inception, the developer has advanced \$1,230,240 to the District for operations and capital recovery fees. These advances have been recorded as liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

At September 30, 2023, the District had \$18,685,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District.

The District's Series 2016 bonds and Series 2017 refunding bonds are unrated. The Series 2022 bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company.

Other Relevant Factors

Relationship to the City of Magnolia (the City)

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City, the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District.

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2023

		neral ınd	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total		Adjustments		Statement of Net Position	
Assets												
Cash	\$ 1	11,730	\$	19,453	\$	-	\$	131,183	\$	-	\$	131,183
Certificates of deposit	2	20,000		-		-		220,000		-		220,000
Short-term investments	1,6	79,127		323,748		3,480	2,	,006,355		-	2	,006,355
Receivables:												
Property taxes		16,097		16,524		-		32,621		-		32,621
Service accounts	1	99,668		-		-		199,668		-		199,668
Accrued penalty and interest		-		-		-		-		19,439		19,439
Accrued interest		3,289		-		-		3,289		-		3,289
Interfund receivables		21,536		-		-		21,536	(2	21,536)		-
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):												
Land and improvements		-		-		-		-	1,0	17,807	1	,017,807
Infrastructure		-						-	6,12	22,145	6	,122,145
Total assets	2,2	51,447		359,725		3,480	2,	,614,652	7,13	37,855	9	,752,507
Deferred Outflows of Resources												
Deferred amount on debt refundings		0		0		0		0		43,469		43,469
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 2,2	51,447	\$	359,725	\$	3,480	\$ 2,	,614,652	\$ 7,18	81,324	\$ 9	,795,976

Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Continued) September 30, 2023

	General Fund		\$ Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund Total		Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 7	1,257	\$ 2,468	\$ -	\$	73,725	\$ -	\$ 73,725
Accrued interest payable		-	-	-		-	16,346	16,346
Customer deposits	17	0,375	-	-		170,375	-	170,375
Due to others		2,421	-	-		2,421	-	2,421
Interfund payables		-	20,730	806		21,536	(21,536)	-
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year		-	-	-		-	225,000	225,000
Due after one year		-	 -	 -		-	9,455,434	9,455,434
Total liabilities	24	4,053	23,198	806		268,057	9,675,244	9,943,301
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred property tax revenues	1	6,097	16,524	 0		32,621	(32,621)	0
Fund Balances/Net Position								
Fund balances:								
Restricted for:								
Unlimited tax bonds		-	320,003	-		320,003	(320,003)	-
Water, sewer and drainage		-	-	2,674		2,674	(2,674)	-
Unassigned	1,99	1,297	 	 	_	1,991,297	(1,991,297)	
Total fund balances	1,99	1,297	 320,003	 2,674		2,313,974	(2,313,974)	0
Total liabilities, deferred inflows								
of resources and fund balances	\$ 2,25	1,447	\$ 359,725	\$ 3,480	\$	2,614,652		
Net position:								
Net investment in capital assets							(2,497,013)	(2,497,013)
Restricted for debt service							339,620	339,620
Restricted for capital projects							2,674	2,674
Unrestricted							2,007,394	2,007,394
Total net position							\$ (147,325)	\$ (147,325)

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2023

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues	·					_
Property taxes	\$ 378,070	\$ 553,386	\$ -	\$ 931,456	\$ 7,161	\$ 938,617
Water service	383,929	-	-	383,929	-	383,929
Sewer service	292,755	-	-	292,755	-	292,755
Regional water fee	129,987	-	-	129,987	-	129,987
Penalty and interest	40,434	5,890	-	46,324	3,982	50,306
Tap connection and inspection fees	152,703	-	-	152,703	-	152,703
Investment income	85,015	22,300	3,480	110,795	-	110,795
Total revenues	1,462,893	581,576	3,480	2,047,949	11,143	2,059,092
Expenditures/Expenses						
Service operations:						
Purchased services	347,650	-	-	347,650	-	347,650
Regional water authority	146,635	-	-	146,635	-	146,635
Professional fees	158,137	428	-	158,565	-	158,565
Contracted services	239,254	13,161	-	252,415	805	253,220
Utilities	2,478	-	-	2,478	-	2,478
Repairs and maintenance	229,829	-	-	229,829	-	229,829
Other expenditures	87,572	11,197	-	98,769	-	98,769
Tap connections	64,350	-	-	64,350	-	64,350
Capital outlay	1,019,462	-	201,066	1,220,528	(1,220,528)	-
Capital recovery fees	-	-	-	-	1,210,500	1,210,500
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	172,998	172,998
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	215,000	-	215,000	(215,000)	-
Interest and fees	-	206,356	-	206,356	6,153	212,509
Debt issuance costs	11,750			11,750		11,750
Total expenditures/expenses	2,307,117	446,142	201,066	2,954,325	(45,072)	2,909,253
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	(844,224)	135,434	(197,586)	(906,376)	56,215	

Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2023

	General Fund	\$ Debt Service Fund	Capital rojects Fund	Total	Adjustments		tatement of Activities
Other Financing Sources							
Developer advances received	\$ 1,010,240	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 1,010,240	\$ (1,010,240)	-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	166,016	135,434	(197,586)	103,864	(103,864)		
Change in Net Position					(850,161)	\$	(850,161)
Fund Balances/Net Position							
Beginning of year	1,825,281	184,569	200,260	2,210,110			702,836
End of year	\$ 1,991,297	\$ 320,003	\$ 2,674	\$ 2,313,974	\$ 0	\$	(147,325)

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective March 12, 2004, in accordance with the Texas Water Code. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater and drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

Capital Project Fund – The capital project fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023

Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2022 and prior years' tax levies.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the 2022 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

rears
10-45
10-45
10-45

Deferred Amount on Debt Refundings

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt in a debt refunding is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt whichever is shorter. Such amounts are classified as deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 7,139,952
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund financial statements.	32,621
Penalty and interest on delinquent taxes is not receivable in the current period and is not reported in the funds.	19,439
Deferred amount on debt refundings for governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	43,469
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	(16,346)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	 (9,680,434)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ (2,461,299)

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

Change in fund balances.	\$ 103,864
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense, noncapitalized costs and capital recovery fees exceeded capital outlay expenditures in the current year.	(163,775)
Governmental funds report developer advances as other financing sources or uses as amounts are received or paid. However, for government-wide financial statements, these amounts are recorded as an increase or decrease in due to developer.	(1,010,240)
Governmental funds report principal payments on debt as expenditures. For the statement of activities, these transactions do not have any effect on net position.	215,000
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues for the funds, but are reported as revenues in the statement of activities.	11,143
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 (6,153)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ (850,161)

Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At September 30, 2023, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in TexPool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas has oversight of TexPool. The District's investments in TexPool are reported at amortized cost.

At September 30, 2023, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Maturities in Years							
Туре	Amortized Cost	Less Than 1	1-5		6-10		More Th	an
TexPool	\$ 2,006,355	\$ 2,006,355	\$	0 \$		0	\$	0

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At September 30, 2023, the District's investments in TexPool were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheet at September 30, 2023, as follows:

Carrying value:	
Deposits	\$ 351,183
Investments	 2,006,355
Total	\$ 2,357,538
Included in the following statement of net position captions:	
Cash	\$ 131,183
Certificates of deposit	220,000
Short-term investments	 2,006,355
Total	\$ 2,357,538

Investment Income

Investment income of \$110,795 for the year ended September 30, 2023, consisted of interest income.

Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2023, is presented as follows:

Governmental Activities	В	Balances, Beginning of Year	Additions		Balances, End of Year	
Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land and improvements	\$	1,017,807	\$	0	\$	1,017,807

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023

Governmental Activities (Continued)	Balances, Beginning of Year		Additions		E	Balances, End of Year
Capital assets, depreciable:						
Water production and distribution facilities	\$	1,288,501	\$	547,985	\$	1,836,486
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	Ψ	2,010,260	4	615,612	Ψ	2,625,872
Drainage facilities		2,381,690		858,177		3,239,867
Total capital assets, depreciable		5,680,451		2,021,774		7,702,225
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Water production and distribution facilities		(375,060)		(41,384)		(416,444)
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities		(603,629)		(59,836)		(663,465)
Drainage facilities		(428,393)		(71,778)		(500,171)
Total accumulated depreciation		(1,407,082)		(172,998)		(1,580,080)
Total governmental activities, net	\$	5,291,176	\$	1,848,776	\$	7,139,952

Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2023, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balances, End of Year	Amounts Due in One Year	
Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 5,260,000	\$ -	\$ 215,000	\$ 5,045,000	\$ 225,000	
Add premiums on bonds	1,837	-	138	1,699	-	
Less discounts on bonds	116,578		3,427	113,151		
	5,145,259	0	211,711	4,933,548	225,000	
Due to developer:						
Construction	1,504,095	2,012,551	-	3,516,646	-	
Advances	220,000	1,010,240		1,230,240		
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 6,869,354	\$ 3,022,791	\$ 211,711	\$ 9,680,434	\$ 225,000	
naomnes	\$ 0,809,334	\$ 5,022,791	Φ ∠11,/11	\$ 9,080,434	\$ 223,000	

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023

General Obligation Bonds

	Series 2016	Refunding Series 2017
Amounts outstanding, September 30, 2023	\$950,000	\$1,165,000
Interest rates	2.00% to 3.75%	2.00% to 4.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2024/2038	September 1, 2024/2033
Interest payment dates	March 1/ September 1	March 1/ September 1
Callable dates*	September 1, 2022	September 1, 2023
		Series 2022
Amount outstanding, September 30, 2023		\$2,930,000
Interest rates		3.25% to 5.50%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending		September 1, 2024/2047
Interest payment dates		March 1/ September 1
Callable date*		September 1, 2028

^{*}Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at September 30, 2023.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023

Year	F	Principal II		Interest	Total
2024	\$	225,000	\$	196,156	\$ 421,156
2025		230,000		187,656	417,656
2026		235,000		178,881	413,881
2027		245,000		169,568	414,568
2028		250,000		159,620	409,620
2029-2033		1,365,000		651,594	2,016,594
2034-2038		1,050,000		413,287	1,463,287
2039-2043		735,000		232,800	967,800
2044-2047		710,000		72,600	 782,600
Total	\$	5,045,000	\$	2,262,162	\$ 7,307,162

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted	\$ 25,000,000
Bonds sold	6,315,000
Refunding bonds voted	25,000,000
Refunding bonds authorization used	110,000

Due to Developer

The developer of the District has constructed water, sewer and drainage facilities on behalf of the District. The District is maintaining and operating the facilities and has agreed to reimburse the developer for these construction costs and interest to the extent approved by the Commission from the proceeds of future bond sales. The District's engineer estimates reimbursable costs for completed projects are \$3,516,646. These amounts have been recorded in the financial statements as long-term liabilities.

The developer of the District has advanced \$1,230,240 to the District for operating expenses and capital recovery fees. The District has agreed to pay these amounts, plus interest, to the extent approved by the Commission from the proceeds of future bond sales. The amounts have been recorded in the financial statements as long-term liabilities. The District is currently unable to estimate when bonds will be issued to pay this liability.

Notes to Financial Statements September 30, 2023

Note 5: Significant Bond Resolutions and Commission Requirements

The Bond Resolutions require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended September 30, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.5300 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$557,643 on the taxable valuation of \$105,215,619 for the 2022 tax year. The interest and principal requirements paid from the tax revenues and available resources were \$419,106.

Note 6: Maintenance Taxes

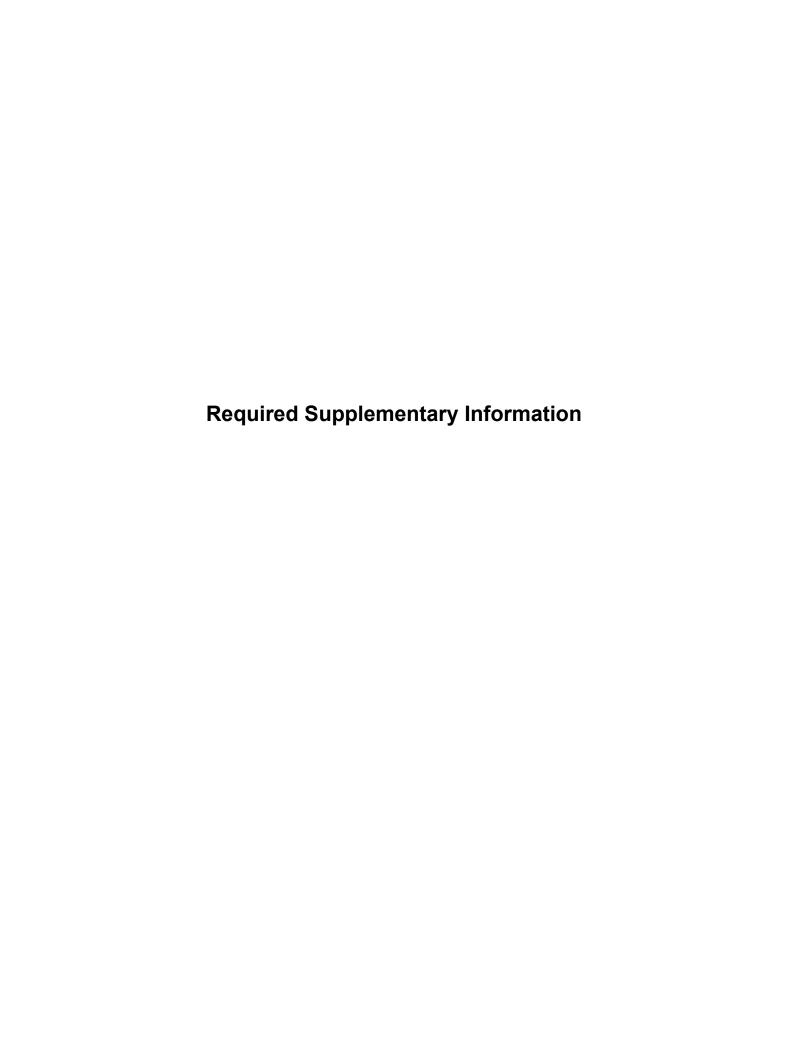
At an election held May 15, 2004, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended September 30, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.3600 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$378,776 on the taxable valuation of \$105,215,619 for the 2022 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

Note 7: Water and Sanitary Sewer Supply Agreement

On August 27, 2002, a developer of land in the District entered into a Potable Water and Sanitary Sewer Supply Agreement (the Agreement) with the City of Magnolia (the City) on behalf of the District. On March 28, 2006, the developer assigned its rights and obligations under the Agreement to the District. On October 28, 2008, the City and the District entered into a First Amendment to the Agreement to clarify certain matters. On May 1, 2016, the City and the District entered into a Second Amendment to the Agreement, which supersedes and replaces the terms of the First Amendment. Under the terms of the Agreement, as amended, the City is obligated to provide water and sanitary sewer service to 924 residential connections and 15 acres of commercial development within the District. The District is obligated to pay the City a capital recovery charge for residential water and sewer connections for capacity in the City's system, as established and adjusted according to the terms of the Agreement, as amended. The District is obligated to pay the City water and sewer service fees based on actual usage in the District according to the applicable City water and sewer rates. During the current year, the District paid \$1,210,500 in capital recovery fees and \$494,285 in water and sewer service costs under the Agreement.

Note 8: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.



Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2023

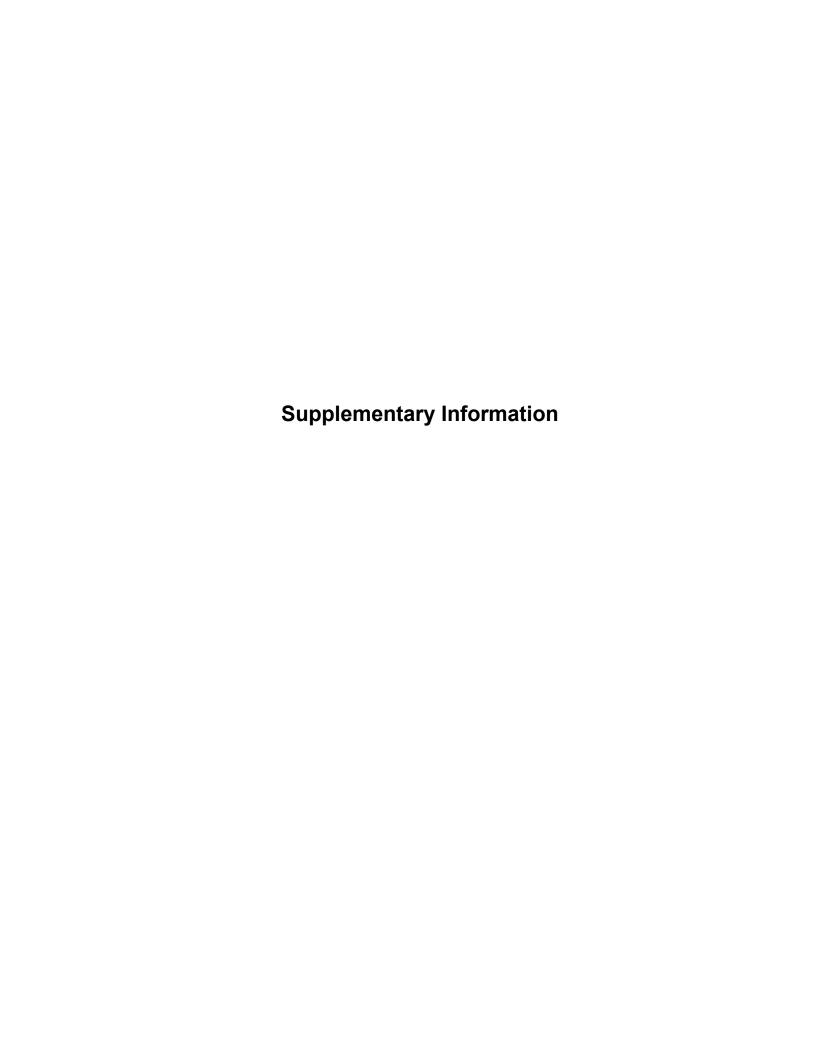
	Original Budget			Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)		
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	370,800	\$	378,070	\$	7,270	
Water service		363,100		383,929		20,829	
Sewer service		272,700		292,755		20,055	
Regional water fee		139,000		129,987		(9,013)	
Penalty and interest		34,500		40,434		5,934	
Tap connection and inspection fees		200,000		152,703		(47,297)	
Investment income		14,720		85,015		70,295	
Total revenues		1,394,820		1,462,893		68,073	
Expenditures							
Service operations:							
Purchased services		353,000		347,650		5,350	
Regional water authority		139,000		146,635		(7,635)	
Professional fees		148,500		158,137		(9,637)	
Contracted services		218,200		239,254		(21,054)	
Utilities		3,300		2,478		822	
Repairs and maintenance		154,850		229,829		(74,979)	
Other expenditures		84,800		87,572		(2,772)	
Tap connections		79,750		64,350		15,400	
Capital outlay		25,000	1,019,462			(994,462)	
Debt service, debt issuance costs			11,750			(11,750)	
Total expenditures		1,206,400		2,307,117		(1,100,717)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		188,420		(844,224)		(1,032,644)	
Other Financing Sources							
Developer advances received		-		1,010,240		1,010,240	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other							
Financing Uses		188,420		166,016		(22,404)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,825,281		1,825,281			
Fund Balance, End of Year		2,013,701	\$	1,991,297	\$	(22,404)	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2023

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during fiscal 2023.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



Other Schedules Included Within This Report September 30, 2023

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 14-26
[X]	Schedule of Services and Rates
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended September 30, 2023

1.	Services provided by the District	t:							
	X Retail Water X Retail Wastewater X Parks/Recreation X Solid Waste/Garbage Participates in joint venture. X Other Wholesale water and			ewater service (ot	Ir So R ther than emergency in				
2.	Retail service providers								
	a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter (c	or equivalent):							
		Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate Per 1,000 Gallons Over Minimum	Usage l	_evels		
	Water:	\$ 39.00	0	N	\$ 2.90	1 to	No Limit		
	Wastewater:	\$ 27.19	0	N	\$ 2.80	1 to	No Limit		
	Regional water fee:	\$ 3.16	0	N	\$ 3.16	1 to	No Limit		
	Does the District employ winter	averaging for was	stewater usage?			Yes	No X		
	Total charges per 10,000 gallons	s usage (including	fees):	Wa	ater \$ 99.60	Wastewater	\$ 55.19		
	b. Water and wastewater retail connections:								
	Meter Size		Tot Conne		Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFC*		
	Unmetered				<u> </u>	x1.0			
	≤ 3/4"			664	632	x1.0	632		
	1" 1 1/2"			7 2	7 2	x2.5 x5.0	18		
	2"		-	1		x8.0	- 10		
	3"					x15.0			
	4"					x25.0			
	6"			_		x50.0			
	8"			1	1	x80.0	80		
	10" 12"					x115.0 x330.0			
	Total water			675	642	X330.0	740		
	Total wastewater			667	634	x1.0	634		
3.	Total water consumption (in tho		e fiscal year:						
	Gallons pumped into the system:	:					48,772		
	Gallons billed to customers:	1 21 17 22					46,965		
	Water accountability ratio (gallo	ns billed/gallons p	oumped):				96.30%		

^{*&}quot;ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended September 30, 2023

Personnel (including benefits)		\$	-
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 18,900 103,262 35,975	158,13	37
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		347,65	50
Regional Water Fee		146,63	35
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security Other contracted services	48,619 - - - - 68,694	117,31	13
Utilities	_	2,47	78
Repairs and Maintenance		229,82	29
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	5,960 7,909 8,148 65,555	87,57	72
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	9,222 1,010,240	1,019,46	62
Tap Connection Expenditures		64,35	50
Solid Waste Disposal		121,94	1 1
Fire Fighting			-
Parks and Recreation			-
Other Expenditures		11,75	50
Total expenditures		\$ 2,307,11	17

Schedule of Temporary Investments September 30, 2023

				Accrued
	Interest	Maturity	Face	Interest
	Rate	Date	Amount	Receivable
General Fund				
Certificates of deposit				
No. 12911	5.00%	05/31/24	\$ 120,000	\$ 1,972
No. 9009004873	5.34%	06/30/24	100,000	1,317
TexPool	5.35%	Demand	1,679,127	<u> </u>
			1,899,127	3,289
Debt Service Fund				
TexPool	5.35%	Demand	323,748	0
Capital Projects Fund				
TexPool	5.35%	Demand	3,480	0
Totals			\$ 2,226,355	\$ 3,289

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended September 30, 2023

	ntenance Faxes	S	Debt ervice Taxes
Receivable, Beginning of Year	\$ 13,921	\$	11,539
Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes	 1,470		728
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year	 15,391		12,267
2022 Original Tax Levy	357,043		525,646
Additions and corrections	 21,733		31,997
Adjusted tax levy	 378,776		557,643
Total to be accounted for	394,167		569,910
Tax collections: Current year	(374,729)		(551,685)
Prior years	 (3,341)		(1,701)
Receivable, end of year	\$ 16,097	\$	16,524
Receivable, by Years			
2022	\$ 4,047	\$	5,958
2021	3,385		1,639
2020	1,347		861
2019	1,391		782
2018	1,031		1,031
2017	567		1,360
2016	567		1,236
2015	671		1,280
2014	1,121		752 787
2013 2012	954 954		787 787
2012	 954 62		51
Receivable, end of year	\$ 16,097	\$	16,524

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2023

		2022		2021		2020	2019
Property Valuations							
Land	\$	19,721,080	\$	18,754,820	\$	11,260,200	\$ 11,120,940
Improvements	9	95,293,220		58,875,870		46,001,930	43,816,280
Personal property		1,083,297		1,037,788		1,051,202	883,345
Exemptions	(10,881,978)		(2,143,698)		(1,639,476)	 (1,952,772)
Total property valuations	\$ 10	05,215,619	\$	76,524,780	\$	56,673,856	\$ 53,867,793
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation							
Debt service tax rates	\$	0.5300		\$ 0.3100		\$ 0.3900	\$ 0.3600
Maintenance tax rates*	_	0.3600	•	0.6400	-	0.6100	0.6400
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation		0.8900	:	\$ 0.9500	=	\$ 1.0000	\$ 1.0000
Tax Levy	\$	936,419		726,986	\$	566,740	 \$ 538,677
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**		99%		99%		99%	99%

^{*}Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.50 on May 15, 2004

^{**}Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years September 30, 2023

		Ser	ries 2016	
Due During Fiscal Years Ending September 30	rincipal Due tember 1	M	erest Due larch 1, otember 1	Total
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034	\$ 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 50,000 90,000	\$	32,900 31,525 30,025 28,525 26,963 25,338 23,713 21,963 20,212 18,462 16,650	\$ 82,900 81,525 80,025 78,525 76,963 75,338 73,713 71,963 70,212 68,462 106,650
2035 2036 2037 2038	 90,000 90,000 90,000 90,000		13,387 10,125 6,750 3,375	 103,387 100,125 96,750 93,375
Totals	\$ 950,000	\$	309,913	\$ 1,259,913

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued)
September 30, 2023

Refunding Series 2017

Due During Fiscal Years Ending September 30	rincipal Due otember 1	M	rest Due arch 1, tember 1	Total
2024	\$ 100,000	\$	41,444	\$ 141,444
2025	105,000		38,443	143,443
2026	105,000		35,294	140,294
2027	110,000		31,881	141,881
2028	115,000		28,169	143,169
2029	115,000		24,144	139,144
2030	125,000		19,975	144,975
2031	125,000		15,287	140,287
2032	130,000		10,600	140,600
2033	 135,000		5,400	 140,400
Totals	\$ 1,165,000	\$	250,637	\$ 1,415,637

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued) September 30, 2023

		Sei	ries 2022		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending September 30	Principal Due September 1		Interest Due March 1, September 1		Total
2024	\$ 75,000	\$	121,812	\$	196,812
2025	75,000		117,688		192,688
2026	80,000		113,562		193,562
2027	85,000		109,162		194,162
2028	85,000		104,488		189,488
2029	90,000		99,812		189,812
2030	95,000		96,888		191,888
2031	95,000		93,800		188,800
2032	100,000		90,000		190,000
2033	105,000		86,000		191,000
2034	110,000		81,800		191,800
2035	115,000		77,400		192,400
2036	120,000		72,800		192,800
2037	125,000		68,000		193,000
2038	130,000		63,000		193,000
2039	135,000		57,800		192,800
2040	140,000		52,400		192,400
2041	145,000		46,800		191,800
2042	155,000		41,000		196,000
2043	160,000		34,800		194,800
2044	165,000		28,400		193,400
2045	175,000		21,800		196,800
2046	180,000		14,800		194,800
2047	 190,000		7,600		197,600
Totals	\$ 2,930,000	\$	1,701,612	\$	4,631,612

Schedule of Long-term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued) September 30, 2023

Annual Requirements For All Series

Due During Fiscal Years Ending Sontombor 20		P	Total rincipal			Total Principal and Interest Due			
Ending September 30			Due		Due	inte	erest Due		
2024		\$	225,000	\$	196,156	\$	421,156		
2024		Ф	230,000	Φ	190,130	Φ	421,136		
2026			235,000		178,881		417,030		
2020			245,000		169,568		414,568		
2027			250,000		159,620		409,620		
2028			255,000		139,020		404,294		
2029			270,000		149,294		410,576		
2030			270,000		131,050		401,050		
2031			270,000		120,812		400,812		
2032			The state of the s		120,812		The state of the s		
2033			290,000		*		399,862		
			200,000		98,450		298,450		
2035			205,000		90,787		295,787		
2036			210,000		82,925		292,925		
2037			215,000		74,750		289,750		
2038			220,000		66,375		286,375		
2039			135,000		57,800		192,800		
2040			140,000		52,400		192,400		
2041			145,000		46,800		191,800		
2042			155,000		41,000		196,000		
2043			160,000		34,800		194,800		
2044			165,000		28,400		193,400		
2045			175,000		21,800		196,800		
2046			180,000		14,800		194,800		
2047	-		190,000		7,600		197,600		
	Totals	\$	5,045,000	\$	2,262,162	\$	7,307,162		

Changes in Long-term Bonded Debt Year Ended September 30, 2023

R	۸n	Ы	Issi	166

	Se	ries 2016		efunding ries 2017	Se	ries 2022	Totals
Interest rates	2.00	% to 3.75%	2.00	% to 4.00%	3.25	% to 5.50%	
Dates interest payable	_	March 1/	_	March 1/ eptember 1	-	March 1/ ptember 1	
Maturity dates		ptember 1, 024/2038		ptember 1, 024/2033		ptember 1, 024/2047	
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$	1,000,000	\$	1,260,000	\$	3,000,000	\$ 5,260,000
Retirements, principal		50,000		95,000		70,000	 215,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	\$	950,000	\$	1,165,000	\$	2,930,000	\$ 5,045,000
Interest paid during current year	\$	34,150	\$	44,293	\$	125,663	\$ 204,106

Paying agent's name and address:

Series 2016 - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas

Series 2017 - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas

Series 2022 - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas

Bond authority:	<u> </u>	ax Bonds	Other Bonds	R	efunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters	\$	25,000,000	0	\$	25,000,000
Amount of authorization issued	\$	6,315,000	0	\$	110,000
Remaining authorization to be issued	\$	18,685,000	0	\$	24,890,000
Debt service fund cash and temporary investment balances as of Sep	tembei	30, 2023:		\$	343,201
Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for rem	aining	term of all debt:		\$	304,465

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended September 30,

		Amounts							
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019				
General Fund					_				
Revenues									
Property taxes	\$ 378,070	\$ 490,033	\$ 341,994	\$ 343,262	\$ 213,639				
Water service	383,929	348,763	310,310	279,153	280,574				
Sewer service	292,755	263,911	232,573	207,808	204,775				
Regional water fee	129,987	121,897	99,652	95,163	94,311				
Penalty and interest	40,434	33,764	41,883	25,568	35,773				
Tap connection and inspection fees	152,703	21,475	109,224	74,610	7,749				
Investment income	85,015	10,895	4,485	11,392	19,332				
Other income		11_	11_	3,481	2,901				
Total revenues	1,462,893	1,290,749	1,140,132	1,040,437	859,054				
Expenditures									
Service operations:									
Purchased services	347,650	331,131	383,214	242,155	280,691				
Regional water authority	146,635	132,698	156,093	80,557	102,882				
Professional fees	158,137	136,838	112,290	108,152	86,542				
Contracted services	239,254	179,878	169,806	159,536	129,465				
Utilities	2,478	2,988	1,375	1,839	1,606				
Repairs and maintenance	229,829	121,313	120,688	41,072	61,087				
Other expenditures	87,572	54,750	47,962	34,195	51,738				
Tap connections	64,350	2,655	37,280	26,235	3,515				
Capital outlay	1,019,462	4,500	13,362	-	-				
Debt service, debt issuance costs	11,750		15,323	9,973	12,756				
Total expenditures	2,307,117	966,751	1,057,393	703,714	730,282				
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures	(844,224)	323,998	82,739	336,723	128,772				
Other Financing Sources									
Interfund transfers in	-	37,921	-	-	-				
Developer advances received	1,010,240		-	-					
Total other financing sources	1,010,240	37,921	0	0	0				
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing									
Sources Over Expenditures and									
Other Financing Uses	166,016	361,919	82,739	336,723	128,772				
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,825,281	1,463,362	1,380,623	1,043,900	915,128				
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,991,297	\$ 1,825,281	\$ 1,463,362	\$ 1,380,623	\$ 1,043,900				
Total Active Retail Water Connections	642	531	478	492	438				
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	634	524	470	485	438				

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
25.8 %	38.0 %	30.0 %	33.0 %	24.9
26.2	27.0	27.2	26.8	32.7
20.0	20.5	20.4	20.0	23.8
8.9	9.4	8.7	9.1	11.0
2.8	2.6	3.7	2.5	4.2
10.5	1.7	9.6	7.2	0.9
5.8	0.8	0.4	1.1	2.2
<u>-</u> _	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.3
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
23.8	25.7	33.6	23.3	32.7
10.0	10.3	13.7	7.7	11.9
10.8	10.6	9.8	10.4	10.1
16.3	13.9	14.9	15.3	15.1
0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
15.7	9.4	10.6	3.9	7.1
6.0	4.2	4.2	3.3	6.0
4.4	0.2	3.3	2.5	0.4
69.7	0.4	1.2	-	-
0.8	<u> </u>	1.3	1.0	1.5
157.7	74.9	92.7	67.6	85.0
(57.7) %	25.1 %	7.3 %	32.4 %	15.0

Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended September 30,

	Amounts					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
Debt Service Fund						
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 553,386	\$ 238,042	\$ 218,830	\$ 193,490	\$ 213,641	
Penalty and interest	5,890	7,934	3,110	4,863	760	
Investment income	22,300	1,841	1,143	6,071	9,238	
Other income			4			
Total revenues	581,576	247,817	223,087	204,424	223,639	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Professional fees	428	2,465	476	8	-	
Contracted services	13,161	12,018	7,937	8,309	7,670	
Other expenditures	11,197	5,833	6,390	4,297	3,274	
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	215,000	145,000	140,000	135,000	135,000	
Interest and fees	206,356	117,428	87,619	90,319	93,519	
Total expenditures	446,142	282,744	242,422	237,933	239,463	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	135,434	(34,927)	(19,335)	(33,509)	(15,824)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	184,569	219,496	238,831	272,340	288,164	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 320,003	\$ 184,569	\$ 219,496	\$ 238,831	\$ 272,340	

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
95.2 %	96.1 %	98.1 %	94.6 %	95.5
1.0	3.2	1.4	2.4	0.4
3.8	0.7	0.5	3.0	4.1
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0.0	<u> </u>	-
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.1	1.0	0.2	0.0	_
2.2	4.8	3.5	4.1	3.4
1.9	2.4	2.9	2.1	1.5
37.0	58.5	62.8	66.0	60.4
35.5	47.4	39.3	44.2	41.8
76.7	114.1	108.7	116.4	107.1
23.3 %	(14.1) %	(8.7) %	(16.4) %	(7.1)

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended September 30, 2023

Complete District mailing address: Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District

c/o Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600

Houston, Texas 77027

District business telephone number: 713.860.6400

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): June 28, 2022

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year: \$ 7,200

Board Members	Term of Office Elected & Expires	Fees*		Expense Reimbursements		Title at Year-end
	Elected					
Joel R. Scott	05/20- 05/24	\$	1,342	\$	52	President
	Elected					
	05/22-					Vice
Brandon Buell	05/26		1,713		162	President
	Elected					
	05/20-					
Rick Nommensen	05/24		671		39	Secretary
	Appointed					Assistant
	05/22-					Vice
John Hammond	05/26		971		35	President
	Appointed					
	06/22-					Assistant
Jeff Inabnit	05/24		1,263		191	Secretary

^{*}Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended September 30, 2023

	Fees and Expense				
Consultants	Date Hired	•			
Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	03/12/04	\$ 109,783	General Counsel		
Bob Leared Interests	07/27/04	8,062	Tax Assessor/ Collector		
FORVIS, LLP	08/23/05	18,900	Auditor		
Montgomery Central Appraisal District	Legislative Action	6,663	Appraiser		
Municipal Accounts & Consulting, L.P.	03/24/20	52,604	Bookkeeper		
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	03/22/05	428	Delinquent Tax Attorney		
Post Oak Municipal Advisors LLC	04/24/18	0	Financial Advisor		
Quiddity Engineering, LLC	09/21/18	47,725	Engineer		
TNG Utility Corp.	10/25/05	336,699	Operator		
Investment Officers					
Mark Burton and Ghia Lewis	03/24/20	N/A	Bookkeepers		