FIRST COLONY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 10

FORT BEND COUNTY, TEXAS

FINANCIAL REPORT

July 31, 2024

Table of Contents

	<u>Schedule</u>	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report		1
Management's Discussion and Analysis		7
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures		14
and Changes in Fund Balances		15
Notes to Basic Financial Statements		17
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION		
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund		32
Notes to Required Supplementary Information		33
TEXAS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION		
Services and Rates	TSI-1	36
General Fund Expenditures	TSI-2	38
Investments	TSI-3	39
Taxes Levied and Receivable	TSI-4	40
Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years	TSI-5	41
Change in Long-Term Bonded Debt	TSI-6	46
Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund	TSI-7a	48
Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund	TSI-7b	50
Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants	TSI-8	52

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 Fort Bend County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended July 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10, as of July 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied

Board of Directors First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 Fort Bend County, Texas

certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Texas Supplementary Information schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Texas Supplementary Information schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Houston, Texas

November 13, 2024

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

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Using this Annual Report

Within this section of the financial report of First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 (the "District"), the District's Board of Directors provides a narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2024. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the independent auditor's report and the basic financial statements that follow this section.

In addition to this discussion and analysis, this annual report consists of:

- The District's basic financial statements;
- Notes to the basic financial statements, which provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements;
- Supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) concerning the District's budget; and
- Other Texas supplementary information required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District prepares its basic financial statements using a format that combines fund financial statements and government-wide statements onto one financial statement. The combined statements are the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Each statement contains an adjustments column which quantifies the differences between the government-wide and fund level statements. Additional details of the adjustments are provided in Note 2 to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District, both long-term and short-term. The District's government-wide financial statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, which are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

Accounting standards establish three components of net position. The net investment in capital assets component represents the District's investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt or other borrowings used to acquire those assets. Resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The restricted component of net position consists of financial resources that are restricted for a specific purpose by enabling legislation or external parties. The unrestricted component of net position represents resources not included in the other components.

The Statement of Activities reports how the District's net position has changed during the fiscal year. All revenues and expenses are included on this statement, regardless of whether cash has been received or paid.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements include the *Governmental Funds Balance Sheet* and the *Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.* The focus of fund financial statements is on specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole, reported using modified accrual accounting. These statements report on the District's use of available financial resources and the balances of available financial resources at the end of the year. Except for the General Fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties, governmental statutes or regulations.

For further discussion on the government-wide and fund financial statements, please refer to Note 1 in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at July 31, 2024, was \$1,605,475. A comparative summary of the District's overall financial position, as of July 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

	2024	2023
Current and other assets	\$ 5,814,882	\$ 5,479,937
Capital assets	4,512,930	4,611,966
Total assets	10,327,812	10,091,903
Total deferred outflows of resources	487,245	547,508
Current liabilities	1,114,666	1,062,848
Long-term liabilities	8,094,916	9,071,157
Total liabilities	9,209,582	10,134,005
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	1,547,275	1,340,830
Restricted	2,201,629	2,192,914
Unrestricted	(2,143,429)	(3,028,338)
Total net position	\$ 1,605,475	\$ 505,406

The total net position of the District increased during the current fiscal year by \$1,100,069. A comparative summary of the District's *Statement of Activities* for the past two years is as follows:

	2024	2023
Revenues		
Property taxes, penalties and interest	\$ 782,069	\$ 770,237
City of Sugar Land tax rebate	933,354	851,609
Other	256,137	181,081
Total revenues	1,971,560	1,802,927
Expenses		
Operating and administrative	452,958	133,758
Interest and fees	319,497	345,457
Depreciation and amortization	99,036	99,036
Total expenses	871,491	578,251
Change in net position	1,100,069	1,224,676
Net position, beginning of year	505,406	(719,270)
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,605,475	\$ 505,406

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances, as of July 31, 2024, were \$5,069,234, which consists of \$3,431,347 in the General Fund and \$1,637,887 in the Debt Service Fund.

General Fund

A comparative summary of the General Fund's financial position as of July 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	 2024	2023
Total assets	\$ 3,492,673	\$ 3,154,894
Total liabilities	\$ 49,086	\$ 20,719
Total deferred inflows	12,240	7,397
Total fund balance	3,431,347	3,126,778
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$ 3,492,673	\$ 3,154,894

A comparative summary of the General Fund's activities for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	2024		2023	
Total revenues	\$	724,856	5	\$ 546,552
Total expenditures		(420,287)		(104,010)
Revenues over expenditures	\$	304,569	\$	\$ 442,542

The District manages its activities with the objectives of ensuring that expenditures will be adequately covered by revenues each year and that an adequate fund balance is maintained. The District's primary financial resources in the General Fund are from a property tax levy, which is dependent upon assessed values in the District and the maintenance tax rate set by the District. Property tax revenues increased from prior year because the District increased the maintenance and operations component of the levy and because assessed values increased from prior year.

Debt Service Fund

A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's financial position as of July 31, 2024 and 2023 is as follows:

	 2024	2023
Total assets	\$ 2,322,209	\$ 2,325,043
Total liabilities	\$ 6,114	\$ 7,098
Total deferred inflows	678,208	11,774
Total fund balance	 1,637,887	 2,306,171
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$ 2,322,209	\$ 2,325,043

A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's activities for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	2024		2023	
Total revenues	\$	575,427	\$	1,259,342
Total expenditures		(1,243,711)		(1,232,389)
Revenues over/(under) expenditures	\$	(668,284)	\$	26,953

The District's financial resources in the Debt Service Fund in both the current year and prior year are from property tax revenues and City of Sugar Land tax rebates. The difference between these financial resources and debt service requirements resulted in changes in fund balance each year. It is important to note that the District sets its annual debt service tax rate as recommended by its financial advisor, who monitors projected cash flows in the Debt Service Fund to ensure that the District will be able to meet its future debt service requirements.

During the current year, revenues in the Debt Service Fund decreased due to City of Sugar Land tax rebates recognized as deferred inflows of financial resources at the fund level. See Note 9.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Board of Directors adopts an annual unappropriated budget for the General Fund prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The Board amended the budget during the year to reflect changes in anticipated revenues.

Since the District's budget is primarily a planning tool, actual results varied from the budgeted amounts. Actual net change in fund balance was \$93,712 less than budgeted. The *Budgetary Comparison Schedule* on page 32 of this report provides variance information per financial statement line item.

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at July 31, 2024 and 2023 are summarized as follows:

	2024	2023
Capital assets not being depreciated		<u> </u>
Land and improvements	\$ 2,643,481	\$ 2,643,481
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized		
Infrastructure	2,085,447	2,085,447
Parks and recreational facilities	443,365	443,365
Connection fees	618,030	618,030
	3,146,842	3,146,842
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization		
Infrastructure	(739,606)	(683,339)
Parks and recreational facilities	(331,777)	(309,609)
Connection fees	(206,010)	(185,409)
	(1,277,393)	(1,178,357)
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,869,449	1,968,485
Capital assets, net	\$ 4,512,930	\$ 4,611,966

Long-Term Debt

At July 31, 2024 and 2023, the District had total bonded debt outstanding as shown below:

Series		2024	 2023
2015 Refunding	\$	2,035,000	\$ 2,270,000
2016 Refunding		2,650,000	2,925,000
2016A Refunding		2,520,000	2,770,000
2020 Park Refunding		1,585,000	1,735,000
	\$	8,790,000	\$ 9,700,000

At July 31, 2024, the District had \$4,200,000 unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District; \$4,500,000 for parks and recreational facilities; and \$8,025,000 for refunding purposes.

Next Year's Budget

In establishing the budget for the next fiscal year, the Board considered various economic factors that may affect the District, most notably projected revenues from property taxes and the projected cost of operating the District. A comparison of next year's budget to current year actual amounts for the General Fund is as follows:

	2024 Actual	2025 Budget
Total revenues	\$ 724,856	\$ 693,925
Total expenditures	(420,287)	(330,669)
Revenues over expenditures	304,569	363,256
Beginning fund balance	3,126,778	3,431,347
Ending fund balance	\$ 3,431,347	\$ 3,794,603

Property Taxes

The District's property tax base increased approximately \$12,142,000 for the 2024 tax year from \$583,514,701 to \$595,657,069. For the 2024 tax year, the District has levied a maintenance tax rate of \$0.09 per \$100 of assessed value and a debt service tax rate of \$0.035 per \$100 of assessed value, for a total combined tax rate of \$0.125 per \$100 of assessed value. Tax rates for the 2023 tax year were \$0.095 per \$100 for maintenance and operations and \$0.04 per \$100 for debt service for a combined total of \$0.135 per \$100 of assessed value.

Basic Financial Statements

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet July 31, 2024

Access	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Assets Cash	\$ 2,070	\$ 39,333	\$ 41,403	¢	\$ 41,403
Investments	\$ 2,070 3,470,621	\$ 39,333 1,570,749	\$ 41,403 5,041,370	\$ -	\$ 41,403 5,041,370
Taxes receivable, net	12,240	1,370,749	24,147		24,147
Due from City of Sugar Land	12,240	707,962	707,962		707,962
Internal balances	7,742		707,902		707,902
Capital assets not being depreciated	1,742	(7,742)		2,643,481	2,643,481
				1,869,449	
Capital assets, net Total Assets	\$ 2.402.672	\$ 2322 200	¢ 5 01 4 002		1,869,449
Total Assets	\$ 3,492,673	\$ 2,322,209	\$ 5,814,882	4,512,930	10,327,812
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred difference on refunding				487,245	487,245
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 49,086	\$ 86	\$ 49,172		49,172
Other payables	Ψ 12,000	6,028	6,028		6,028
Accrued interest payable		0,020	0,020	114,466	114,466
Long-term debt				111,100	111,100
Due within one year				945,000	945,000
Due after one year				8,094,916	8,094,916
Total Liabilities	49,086	6,114	55,200	9,154,382	9,209,582
Total Trabilities	12,000	0,111	33,200	7,131,302	7,207,302
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred City of Sugar Land tax rebate		666,301	666,301	(666,301)	
Deferred property taxes	12,240	11,907	24,147	(24,147)	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	12,240	678,208	690,448	(690,448)	
E a 1 D d a a a a /N a d D a idia a					
Fund Balances/Net Position Fund Balances					
Restricted		1,637,887	1,637,887	(1,637,887)	
Unassigned	3,431,347	1,037,007	3,431,347	(3,431,347)	
Total Fund Balances	3,431,347	1,637,887	5,069,234	(5,069,234)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	3,431,347	1,037,007	3,009,234	(3,009,234)	
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 3,492,673	\$ 2,322,209	\$ 5,814,882		
of resources and rund balances	Ψ 3,172,073	Ψ 2,322,207	Ψ 3,011,002		
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets				1,547,275	1,547,275
Restricted for debt service				2,201,629	2,201,629
Unrestricted				(2,143,429)	(2,143,429)
Total Net Position				\$ 1,605,475	\$ 1,605,475

See notes to basic financial statements.

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

		General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total	Adj	ustments	 atement of Activities
Revenues		5.4.4.00 <i>5</i>		=== ===		4.000	
Property taxes	\$	544,895	\$ 228,832	\$ 773,727	\$	4,880	\$ 778,607
Penalties and interest			3,366	3,366		96	3,462
City of Sugar Land tax rebate			267,053	267,053		666,301	933,354
Investment earnings		179,961	 76,176	 256,137			 256,137
Total Revenues		724,856	 575,427	 1,300,283		671,277	 1,971,560
Expenditures/Expenses							
Operating and administrative							
Professional fees		67,742		67,742			67,742
Contracted services		21,757	24,291	46,048			46,048
Capital contributions		309,244		309,244			309,244
Administrative		21,523	8,380	29,903			29,903
Other		21		21			21
Debt service							
Principal			910,000	910,000		(910,000)	
Interest and fees			301,040	301,040		18,457	319,497
Depreciation and amortization						99,036	99,036
Total Expenditures/Expenses		420,287	1,243,711	1,663,998		(792,507)	871,491
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures		304,569	(668,284)	(363,715)		363,715	
Change in Net Position Fund Balance/Net Position						1,100,069	1,100,069
Beginning of the year	3	3,126,778	2,306,171	5,432,949	(4	4,927,543)	505,406
End of the year		3,431,347	 1,637,887	 5,069,234	$\overline{}$	3,463,759)	\$ 1,605,475

See notes to basic financial statements.

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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 (the "District") conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The following is a summary of the most significant policies:

Creation

The District was organized, created and established pursuant to an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality dated November 2, 2004, and operates in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapters 49 and 54. The Board of Directors held its first meeting on November 29, 2004 and the first bonds were issued on September 1, 2007.

The District's primary activities include construction of water, sewer, drainage, park and recreational facilities. As further discussed in Note 8, the District transfers the water and sewer facilities to the City of Sugar Land for operation and maintenance upon completion of construction. The District has contracted with various consultants to provide services to operate and administer the affairs of the District. The District has no employees, related payroll or pension costs.

Reporting Entity

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected five-member board. The GASB has established the criteria for determining the reporting entity for financial statement reporting purposes. To qualify as a primary government, a government must have a separately elected governing body, be legally separate, and be fiscally independent of other state and local governments, while a component unit is a legally separate government for which the elected officials of a primary government are financially accountable. Fiscal independence implies that the government has the authority to adopt a budget, levy taxes, set rates, and/or issue bonds without approval from other governments. Under these criteria, the District is considered a primary government and is not a component unit of any other government. Additionally, no other entities meet the criteria for inclusion in the District's financial statements as component units.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the District as a whole. These statements focus on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. Interfund activity, if any, has been removed from these statements. These aggregated statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for a specific purpose. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Most governments typically have many funds; however, governmental financial statements focus on the most important or "major" funds with non-major funds aggregated in a single column. The District has two governmental funds, which are both considered major funds.

The following is a description of the various funds used by the District:

- <u>The General Fund</u> is used to account for the operations of the District and all other financial transactions not reported in other funds. The principal source of revenue is property taxes. Expenditures include costs associated with the daily operations of the District.
- <u>The Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt. The primary sources of revenue for debt service are property taxes and tax rebates from the City of Sugar Land. Expenditures include costs incurred in assessing and collecting these taxes.

As a special-purpose government engaged in a single governmental program, the District has opted to combine its government-wide and fund financial statements in a columnar format showing an adjustments column for reconciling items between the two.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which it becomes both available and measurable to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, City of Sugar Land rebates and interest earned on investments. Property taxes receivable at the end of the fiscal year are treated as deferred inflows because they are not considered available to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

Note 2 further details the adjustments from the governmental fund presentation to the government-wide presentation.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset, unless a legal right of offset exists. At July 31, 2024, an allowance of \$16,973 was provided for possible uncollectible property taxes.

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds. This can include internal transfers, payables and receivables. This activity is combined as internal balances and is eliminated in both the government-wide and fund financial statement presentation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets do not provide financial resources at the fund level, and, therefore, are reported only in the government-wide statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$50,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets that individually are below the capitalization threshold but, in the aggregate, are above the threshold are capitalized. Subsequent replacements of these assets are not capitalized. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. The District has not capitalized interest incurred during the construction of its capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciable capital assets, which primarily consist of infrastructure, parks and recreational facilities and connection fees paid to the City of Sugar Land, are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method as follows:

Assets	Useful Life
Infrastructure	20-45 years
Parks and recreational facilities	20 years
Connection fees	Remaining life of contract

The District's detention facilities and trail system are considered improvements to land and are non-depreciable.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Financial Resources

A deferred inflow of financial resources is the acquisition of resources in one period that is applicable to a future period, while a deferred outflow of financial resources is the consumption of financial resources in one period that is applicable to a future period. A deferred inflow results from the acquisition of an asset without a corresponding revenue or assumption of a liability. A deferred outflow results from the use of an asset without a corresponding expenditure or reduction of a liability.

At the fund level, property taxes and City of Sugar Land tax rebates receivable not collected within 60 days of fiscal year end do not meet the availability criteria required for revenue recognition and are recorded as deferred inflows of financial resources.

Deferred outflows of financial resources at the government-wide level are from refunding bond transactions in which the amount required to repay the old debt exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt. This amount is being amortized to interest expense.

Net Position – Governmental Activities

Governmental accounting standards establish the following three components of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – represents the District's investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt or other borrowings used to acquire those assets.

Restricted – consists of financial resources that are restricted for a specific purpose by enabling legislation or external parties.

Unrestricted – resources not included in the other components.

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Governmental accounting standards establish the following fund balance classifications:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District does not have any nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments. The District's restricted fund balances consist of property taxes levied for debt service and City of Sugar Land tax rebates in the Debt Service Fund.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (continued)

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District does not have any committed fund balances.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances and does not have any assigned fund balances.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses/expenditures during the period reported. These estimates include, among others, the collectability of receivables and the useful lives and impairment of capital assets. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

Note 2 – Adjustment from Governmental to Government-wide Basis

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Total fund balance, governmental funds		\$ 5,069,234
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Historical cost Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Change due to capital assets	\$ 5,790,323 (1,277,393)	4,512,930
The difference between the face amount of bonds refunded and the amount paid to the escrow agent is recorded as a deferred difference on refunding in the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> and amortized to interest expense. It is not recorded in the fund statements because it is not a financial resource.		487,245
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. The difference consists of: Bonds payable, net Interest payable on bonds Change due to long-term debt	(9,039,916) (114,466)	(9,154,382)
Receivables that are not collected within sixty days of fiscal year end are not considered available to pay current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds. Property taxes and related penalties and interest Deferred City of Sugar Land tax rebate Change due to deferred revenues	24,147 666,301	690,448
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 1,605,475

Note 2 – Adjustment from Governmental to Government-wide Basis (continued)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (363,715)
Governmental funds do not report revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the <i>Statement of Activities</i> when earned. The difference is for the following:		
Property taxes and related penalties and interest	\$ 4,976	
City of Sugar Land tax rebate	666,301	
		671,277
In the <i>Statement of Activities</i> , the cost of capital assets is charged to depreciation/amortization expense over the estimated useful life of the asset.		(99,036)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal uses current financial resources. However, neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Other elements of debt financing are reported differently between the fund and government wide statements.		
Principal payments	\$ 910,000	
Accrued interest on bonds	(18,457)	
		891,543
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 1,100,069

Note 3 – Implementation of New Accounting Guidance

During the current fiscal year, the District implemented GASB Implementation Guide ("GASBIG") 2021-1, Question 5.1, which requires the capitalization of the acquisition of a group of individual capital assets whose individual acquisition costs are less than the capitalization threshold when the cost of the acquisition of the assets in the aggregate is significant. This new guidance had no effect on the District's financial statements during the current fiscal year.

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk as it applies to deposits (i.e. cash) is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the depository institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities. The *Public Funds Collateral Act* (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) requires that all of the District's deposits with financial institutions be covered by federal depository insurance and, if necessary, pledged collateral held by a third-party custodian. The act further specifies the types of securities that can be used as collateral. The District's written investment policy establishes additional requirements for collateralization of deposits.

Investments

The District is authorized by the *Public Funds Investment Act* (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code) to invest in the following: (1) obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including Federal Home Loan Banks, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities, (3) certain collateralized mortgage obligations, (4) other obligations, which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, (5) certain A rated or higher obligations of states and political subdivisions of any state, (6) bonds issued, assumed or guaranteed by the State of Israel, (7) certain insured or collateralized certificates of deposit and share certificates, (8) certain fully collateralized repurchase agreements, (9) bankers' acceptances with limitations, (10) commercial paper rated A-1 or P-1 or higher and a maturity of 270 days or less, (11) no-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds, with limitations, (12) certain guaranteed investment contracts, (13) certain qualified governmental investment pools and (14) a qualified securities lending program.

The District has adopted a written investment policy to establish the principles by which the District's investment program should be managed. This policy further restricts the types of investments in which the District may invest.

As of July 31, 2024, the District's investments consist of the following:

					Weighted
			Carrying		Average
Type	Fund		Value	Rating	Maturity
TexPool	General	\$	3,470,621		
	Debt Service		1,570,749		
		\$	5,041,370	AAAm	35 days
		_			

Note 4 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

TexPool

The District participates in TexPool, the Texas Local Government Investment Pool. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility of TexPool, which includes (1) the ability to significantly influence operations, (2) designation of management and (3) accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure.

As permitted by GAAP, TexPool uses amortized cost (which excludes unrealized gains and losses) rather than market value to compute share price and seeks to maintain a constant dollar value per share. Accordingly, the fair value of the District's position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. Investments in TexPool may be withdrawn on a same day basis, as long as the transaction is executed by 3:30 p.m.

Investment Credit and Interest Rate Risk

Investment credit risk is the risk that the investor may not recover the value of an investment from the issuer, while interest rate risk is the risk that the value of an investment will be adversely affected by changes in interest rates. The District's investment policies do not address investment credit and interest rate risk beyond the rating and maturity restrictions established by state statutes.

Note 5 – Interfund Balances

Amounts due to/from other funds at July 31, 2024, consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Ar	nounts	Purpose	
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	\$	7,742	Property tax collections not yet remitted to the General Fund	_

Amounts reported as internal balances between funds are considered temporary balances and will be paid during the following fiscal year.

Note 6 – Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets, for the year ended July 31, 2024, is as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated		·	
Land and improvements	\$ 2,643,481	\$ -	\$ 2,643,481
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized			
Infrastructure	2,085,447		2,085,447
Parks and recreational facilities	443,365		443,365
Connection fees	618,030		618,030
	3,146,842		3,146,842
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization			
Infrastructure	(683,339)	(56,267)	(739,606)
Parks and recreational facilities	(309,609)	(22,168)	(331,777)
Connection fees	(185,409)	(20,601)	(206,010)
	(1,178,357)	(99,036)	(1,277,393)
Subtotal depreciable capital assets, net	1,968,485	(99,036)	1,869,449
Capital assets, net	\$ 4,611,966	\$ (99,036)	\$ 4,512,930

Depreciation/amortization expense for the current year was \$99,036.

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

Bonds payable	\$ 8,790,000
Unamortized discounts	(29,480)
Unamortized premium	279,396
	\$ 9,039,916
Due within one year	\$ 945,000

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (continued)

The District's bonds payable at July 31, 2024, consists of unlimited tax bonds as follows:

				Maturity Date,		
				Serially,	Interest	
	Amounts	Original	Interest	Beginning/	Payment	Call
Series	Outstanding	Issue	Rates	Ending	Dates	Dates
2015	\$ 2,035,000	\$ 3,020,000	2.00% - 4.00%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Refunding				2016/2031	March 1	2023
2016	2,650,000	3,915,000	2.00% - 4.00%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Refunding				2017/2031	March 1	2025
2016A	2,520,000	3,000,000	2.76%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Refunding				2017/2031	March 1	2025
2020 Park	1,585,000	1,995,000	2.00% - 4.00%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Refunding				2021/2031	March 1	2025
	\$ 8,790,000	- =				

Payments of principal and interest on all series of bonds are to be provided from taxes levied on all properties within the District and City of Sugar Land tax rebates. Investment income realized by the Debt Service Fund from investment of idle funds will be used to pay outstanding bond principal and interest. The District is in compliance with the terms of its bond resolutions.

At July 31, 2024, the District had authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$4,200,000 for water, sewer and drainage facilities; \$4,500,000 for park and recreational facilities; and \$8,025,000 for refunding purposes.

The change in the District's long-term debt during the year is as follows:

Bonds payable, beginning of year	\$ 9,700,000
Bonds retired	(910,000)
Bonds payable, end of year	\$ 8,790,000

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (continued)

As of July 31, 2024, annual debt service requirements on bonds outstanding are as follows:

Year	Principal	Principal Interest	
2025	\$ 945,000	\$ 267,814	\$ 1,212,814
2026	995,000	234,787	1,229,787
2027	1,035,000	202,046	1,237,046
2028	1,075,000	169,679	1,244,679
2029	1,115,000	135,785	1,250,785
2030	1,155,000	99,533	1,254,533
2031	1,210,000	60,861	1,270,861
2032	1,260,000	20,556	1,280,556
	\$ 8,790,000	\$ 1,191,061	\$ 9,981,061

Note 8 – Property Taxes

On February 5, 2005, the voters of the District authorized the District's Board of Directors to levy taxes annually for use in financing general operations limited to \$0.75 per \$100 of assessed value. The District's bond resolutions require that property taxes be levied for use in paying interest and principal on long-term debt and for use in paying the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. Taxes levied to finance debt service requirements on long-term debt are without limitation as to rate or amount.

All property values and exempt status, if any, are determined by the Fort Bend Central Appraisal District. Assessed values are determined as of January 1 of each year, at which time a tax lien attaches to the related property. Taxes are levied around October/November, are due upon receipt and are delinquent the following February 1. Penalty and interest attach thereafter.

Property taxes are collected based on rates adopted in the year of the levy. The District's 2024 fiscal year was financed through the 2023 tax levy, pursuant to which the District levied property taxes of \$0.135 per \$100 of assessed value, of which \$0.095 was allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.04 was allocated to debt service. The resulting tax levy was \$787,745 on the adjusted taxable value of \$583,514,701.

Net property taxes receivable, at July 31, 2024, consisted of the following:

Current year taxes receivable	\$ 11,431
Prior years taxes receivable	24,054
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	(16,973)
	18,512
Penalty and interest receivable	5,635
Net property taxes receivable	\$ 24,147

Note 9 – Utility Agreement with the City of Sugar Land

On March 2, 2004, the District entered into a utility agreement with the City of Sugar Land (the "City") for construction and extension of water distribution lines, sanitary sewer collection systems and drainage facilities to serve the District. As the system is acquired or constructed, the District shall transfer the system to the City but will reserve a security interest in the system. The term of the agreement is 40 years.

The City provides services to all users in the District. Water and sewer rates charged by the City to users in the District, shall be the same rates charged to similar users within the City. All revenue derived from these charges belongs to the City.

The City is obligated to pay the District fifty percent of the ad valorem taxes collected by the City on property within the District after deducting the costs of collection. Payments are made twice a year, the first normally occurring in February and the second normally occurring in August. For the 2023 tax year, the City collected \$1,911,824 (92%) of its \$2,072,160 ad valorem tax levy on property in the District and remitted \$933,354 to the District, which was net of \$18,218 for the District's share of collection costs (2.895% of the City's allocation). The rebates remitted also included delinquent collections and prior period adjustments. The amount reported as City of Sugar Land tax rebate revenues for the current fiscal year is \$933,354. As of July 31, 2024, the District reported \$666,301 receivable from the City of Sugar Land as a deferred inflow of financial resources because the amount does not meet the availability criteria required for revenue recognition at the fund level. This amount will be reported as revenues in the Debt Service Fund during the 2025 fiscal year.

Note 10 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and personal injuries. The risk of loss is covered by commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

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Required Supplementary Information

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

				Variance				
	Original		Final				Positive	
	Budget		Budget		Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	428,998	\$	545,476	\$	544,895	\$	(581)
Investment earnings		132,000		150,000		179,961		29,961
Total Revenues		560,998		695,476		724,856		29,380
Expenditures								
Operating and administrative								
Professional fees		78,600		78,600		67,742		10,858
Contracted services		23,530		23,530		21,757		1,773
Capital contributions		165,000		165,000		309,244		(144,244)
Administrative		26,465		26,465		21,523		4,942
Other		3,600		3,600		21		3,579
Total Expenditures		297,195		297,195		420,287		(123,092)
Revenues Over Expenditures		263,803		398,281		304,569		(93,712)
Fund Balance								
Beginning of the year		3,126,778		3,126,778		3,126,778		
End of the year	\$	3,390,581	\$	3,525,059	\$	3,431,347	\$	(93,712)

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 Notes to Required Supplementary Information July 31, 2024

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual unappropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund by the District's Board of Directors. The budget is prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. The budget was amended during the year to reflect changes in anticipated revenues.

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Texas Supplementary Information

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-1. Services and Rates July 31, 2024

See accompanying auditor's report.

1. Services provided by the Distric	t During the Fiscal	Year:			
Retail Water	Wholesale Wat	er	Solid Wa	ste/Garbage	X Drainage
Retail Wastewater	Wholesale Was	stewater	Flood Co	ontrol	Irrigation
X Parks/Recreation	Fire Protection	. [Roads		Security
Participates in joint ventur	e, regional system a	.nd/or wastew	ater service (c	ther than emer	gency interconnect)
X Other (Specify):	Water and sewer ser	vice is provide	d by the City	of Sugar Land	
2. Retail Service Providers	N/A	İ		U	
a. Retail Rates for a 5/8" meter	(or equivalent):				
Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate (Y / N)	Rate per Gallons (Minimum	Over	Usage Levels
Water:					to
Wastewater:					to
Surcharge:					to
District employs winter avera	ging for wastewater	115age?	Yes	N	
1 7	5 8	douge.	103		
Total charges per 10,000		Wate	_		ewater
) gallons usage:	_	_		
Total charges per 10,000) gallons usage:	_	er		
Total charges per 10,000 b. Water and Wastewater Retain	gallons usage: l Connections: Total	Wate	er	Waste	ewater
Total charges per 10,000 b. Water and Wastewater Retain Meter Size Unmetered less than 3/4"	gallons usage: l Connections: Total	Wate	er	Waste	ewater
Total charges per 10,000 b. Water and Wastewater Retain Meter Size Unmetered less than 3/4" 1"	gallons usage: l Connections: Total	Wate	er	Waste ESFC Factor x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5	ewater
Total charges per 10,000 b. Water and Wastewater Retain Meter Size Unmetered less than 3/4" 1" 1.5"	gallons usage: l Connections: Total	Wate	er	Waste Waste ESFC Factor x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5 x 5.0	ewater
Total charges per 10,000 b. Water and Wastewater Retain Meter Size Unmetered less than 3/4" 1" 1.5" 2"	gallons usage: l Connections: Total	Wate	er	ESFC Factor x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5 x 5.0 x 8.0	ewater
Total charges per 10,000 b. Water and Wastewater Retain Meter Size Unmetered less than 3/4" 1" 1.5" 2" 3"	gallons usage: l Connections: Total	Wate	er	ESFC Factor x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5 x 5.0 x 8.0 x 15.0	ewater
Total charges per 10,000 b. Water and Wastewater Retain Meter Size Unmetered less than 3/4" 1" 1.5" 2" 3" 4"	gallons usage: l Connections: Total	Wate	er	ESFC Factor x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5 x 5.0 x 8.0 x 15.0 x 25.0	ewater
Total charges per 10,000 b. Water and Wastewater Retain Meter Size Unmetered less than 3/4" 1" 1.5" 2" 3"	gallons usage: l Connections: Total	Wate	er	ESFC Factor x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5 x 5.0 x 8.0 x 15.0 x 25.0 x 50.0	ewater
Total charges per 10,000 b. Water and Wastewater Retain Meter Size Unmetered less than 3/4" 1" 1.5" 2" 3" 4" 6"	gallons usage: l Connections: Total	Wate	er	ESFC Factor x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5 x 5.0 x 8.0 x 15.0 x 25.0	ewater
Total charges per 10,000 b. Water and Wastewater Retain Meter Size Unmetered less than 3/4" 1" 1.5" 2" 3" 4" 6" 8"	gallons usage: l Connections: Total	Wate	er	ESFC Factor x 1.0 x 1.0 x 2.5 x 5.0 x 8.0 x 15.0 x 25.0 x 80.0	ewater

36

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-1. Services and Rates July 31, 2024

3.	Total Water Consumption during the	fiscal year (rounded	to the nearest thousand):	
	Gallons pumped into system:	N/A	Water Accountability Ratio:	
	Gallons billed to customers:	N/A	(Gallons billed / Gallons pumped) N/A	
4.	Standby Fees (authorized only under T	TWC Section 49.231):	
	Does the District have Debt Service	ce standby fees?	Yes No	Χ
	If yes, Date of the most recent con	nmission Order:		
	Does the District have Operation a	and Maintenance sta	andby fees? Yes No	X
	If yes, Date of the most recent con	nmission Order:		
5.	Location of District:			
	Is the District located entirely with	in one county?	Yes X No	
	County(ies) in which the District is	s located:	Fort Bend County	
	Is the District located within a city	?	Entirely X Partly Not at all	
	City(ies) in which the District is loc	cated:	City of Sugar Land	
	Is the District located within a city	's extra territorial jur	risdiction (ETJ)?	
			Entirely Partly Not at all	Χ
	ETJs in which the District is locate	ed:		
	Are Board members appointed by	an office outside the	e district? Yes No	Х
	If Yes, by whom?			
Sec	e accompanying auditor's report.			

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-2. General Fund Expenditures For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

Professional fees		
Legal	\$	55,105
Audit		12,000
Engineering		637
		67,742
Contracted services		
Bookkeeping		21,757
Capital contributions		309,244
Administrative		
Directors fees		5,083
Printing and office supplies		1,430
Insurance		12,073
Other		2,937
		21,523
Other		21
	ф	420.207
Total expenditures	>	420,287

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-3. Investments July 31, 2024

F	und	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	ance at End of Year
General	_			
TexPool		Variable	N/A	\$ 3,470,621
Debt Service				
TexPool		Variable	N/A	 1,570,749
	Total - All Funds			\$ 5,041,370

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-4. Taxes Levied and Receivable July 31, 2024

			Maintenance Taxes]	Debt Service Taxes		Totals	
Taxes Receivable, Beginning of Year			\$	7,397	\$	6,233	\$	13,630
Adjustments				(4,603)		(4,534)		(9,137)
Adjusted Receivable				2,794		1,699		4,493
2023 Original Tax Levy				556,608		234,361		790,969
Adjustments				(2,269)		(955)		(3,224)
Adjusted Tax Levy				554,339		233,406		787,745
Total to be accounted for				557,133		235,105	_	792,238
Tax collections Current year Prior years, net of refunds Total Collections				546,295 (1,402) 544,893		230,019 (1,186) 228,833		776,314 (2,588)
Total Collections				344,093	_	220,033		773,726
Taxes Receivable, End of Year			\$	12,240	\$	6,272	\$	18,512
Taxes Receivable, By Years 2023 2022 2021 2020 and prior Taxes Receivable, End of Year Property Valuations Land Improvements Personal Property	\$	2023 179,388,694 532,792,339 59,690,837	\$ \$	8,044 1,155 462 2,579 12,240 2022 169,740,935 464,404,420 55,311,120	\$ \$	3,387 938 694 1,253 6,272 2021 158,455,100 425,120,705 54,740,190	\$ \$	11,431 2,093 1,156 3,832 18,512 2020 158,235,630 421,191,033 53,822,700
Exemptions		(188,357,169)		(165,892,257)		(153,285,651)		(136,333,823)
Total Property Valuations	\$	583,514,701	\$	523,564,218	\$	485,030,344	\$	496,915,540
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation Maintenance tax rates Debt service tax rates	\$	0.095 0.040	\$	0.080 0.065	\$	0.06	\$	0.14 0.01
Total Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation	\$	0.135	\$	0.145	\$	0.15	\$	0.15
Adjusted Tax Levy:	\$	787,745	\$	759,168	\$	727,546	\$	745,373
Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied **		98.55%		99.72%	_	99.84%		99.56%
* Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Ap	prov	ved by Voters:		\$0.75 on		February 5, 200	<u> 5</u>	

^{**} Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year. See accompanying auditor's report.

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2015 Refunding--by Years July 31, 2024

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total
2025	\$ 240,000	\$ 66,350	\$ 306,350
2026	245,000	59,075	304,075
2027	250,000	51,650	301,650
2028	250,000	43,994	293,994
2029	255,000	35,944	290,944
2030	260,000	26,600	286,600
2031	265,000	16,100	281,100
2032	270,000	5,400	275,400
	\$ 2,035,000	\$ 305,113	\$ 2,340,113

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2016 Refunding--by Years July 31, 2024

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total
2025	\$ 285,000	\$ 100,300	\$ 385,300
2026	295,000	88,700	383,700
2027	310,000	76,600	386,600
2028	325,000	63,900	388,900
2029	335,000	50,700	385,700
2030	350,000	37,000	387,000
2031	365,000	22,700	387,700
2032	385,000	7,700	392,700
	\$ 2,650,000	\$ 447,600	\$ 3,097,600

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2016A Refunding--by Years July 31, 2024

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total
2025	\$ 260,000	\$ 65,964	\$ 325,964
2026	280,000	58,512	338,512
2027	290,000	50,646	340,646
2028	305,000	42,435	347,435
2029	325,000	33,741	358,741
2030	335,000	24,633	359,633
2031	355,000	15,111	370,111
2032	370,000	5,106	375,106
	\$ 2,520,000	\$ 296,148	\$ 2,816,148

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2020 Park Refunding--by Years July 31, 2024

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2025	\$ 160,000	\$ 35,200	\$ 195,200
2026	175,000	28,500	203,500
2027	185,000	23,150	208,150
2028	195,000	19,350	214,350
2029	200,000	15,400	215,400
2030	210,000	11,300	221,300
2031	225,000	6,950	231,950
2032	235,000	2,350	237,350
	\$ 1,585,000	\$ 142,200	\$ 1,727,200

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements All Bonded Debt Series--by Years July 31, 2024

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due September 1, March 1	Total
2025	\$ 945,000	\$ 267,814	\$ 1,212,814
2026	995,000	234,787	1,229,787
2027	1,035,000	202,046	1,237,046
2028	1,075,000	169,679	1,244,679
2029	1,115,000	135,785	1,250,785
2030	1,155,000	99,533	1,254,533
2031	1,210,000	60,861	1,270,861
2032	1,260,000	20,556	1,280,556
	\$ 8,790,000	\$ 1,191,061	\$ 9,981,061

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-6. Change in Long-Term Bonded Debt July 31, 2024

	Bond Issue							
	Series 2015 Refunding		Series 2016 Refunding		Series 2016A Refunding			eries 2020 x Refunding
Interest rate Dates interest payable	2.00% - 4.00% 9/1; 3/1		2.00% - 4.00% 9/1; 3/1		2.76% 9/1; 3/1			0% - 4.00% 9/1; 3/1
Maturity dates		9/1/16 - 9/1/31		9/1/17 - 9/1/31	,	9/1/17 - 9/1/31		9/1/21 - 9/1/31
Beginning bonds outstanding	\$	2,270,000	\$	2,925,000	\$	2,770,000	\$	1,735,000
Bonds retired		(235,000)		(275,000)		(250,000)		(150,000)
Ending bonds outstanding	\$	2,035,000	\$	2,650,000	\$	2,520,000	\$	1,585,000
Interest paid during fiscal year	\$	72,888	\$	110,125	\$	73,002	\$	41,400
Paying agent's name and city Series 2015 and 2016 Refunding Series 2016A Refunding Series 2020 Refunding	Regions Bank, Dallas, Texas Amegy Bank, Houston, Texas Regions Bank, Houston, Texas							
Bond Authority:		ter, Sewer and ainage Bonds	P	ark Bonds	Refu	ınding Bonds		
Amount Authorized by Voters	\$	18,080,000	\$	7,250,000	\$	9,040,000		
Amount Issued	\$	(13,880,000)	ф.	(2,750,000)		(1,015,000)		
Remaining To Be Issued	<u> </u>	4,200,000	\$	4,500,000	\$	8,025,000		
All bonds are secured with tax revenue with taxes.	es. Bo	onds may also t	oe sec	ured with oth	er rev	enues in comb	inatio	on
Debt Service Fund cash and investmen	nt bala	ances as of July	31, 2	024:			\$	1,610,082
Average annual debt service payment (princ	ipal and interes	t) for	remaining ter	m of	all debt:	\$	1,247,633

Totals

\$ 9,700,000

(910,000)

\$ 8,790,000

\$ 297,415

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-7a. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - General Fund For the Last Five Fiscal Years

			A	Amounts		
	2024	2023		2022	2021	2020
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 544,895	\$ 431,883	\$	290,667	\$ 693,575	\$ 349,437
Investment earnings	 179,961	114,669		9,093	1,478	21,479
Total Revenues	724,856	546,552		299,760	695,053	370,916
Expenditures						
Operating and administrative						
Professional fees	67,742	59,733		66,552	84,278	59,457
Contracted services	21,757	21,910		18,975	18,035	15,398
Capital contributions	309,244					
Administrative	21,523	19,844		19,499	20,114	16,887
Other	21	2,523		5,084	7,500	13,714
Total Expenditures	420,287	104,010		110,110	129,927	105,456
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 304,569	\$ 442,542	\$	189,650	\$ 565,126	\$ 265,460

^{*}Percentage is negligible

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	
75%	79%	97%	100%	94%	
25%	21%	3%	*	6%	
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
9%	11%	22%	12%	16%	
3%	4%	6%	3%	4%	
43%	170	070	370	170	
3%	4%	7%	3%	5%	
*	*	2%	1%	4%	
58%	19%	37%	19%	29%	
42%	81%	63%	81%	71%	

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-7b. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Debt Service Fund For the Last Five Fiscal Years

			Amounts		
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 228,832	\$ 332,685	\$ 435,035	\$ 52,005	\$ 454,836
Penalties and interest	3,366	8,636	6,634	6,383	10,597
City of Sugar Land tax rebate	267,053	851,609	807,830	839,819	941,028
City of Sugar Land tax rebate - prior years					163,583
Accrued interest on bonds sold					3,349
Miscellaneous				50	
Investment earnings	76,176	66,412	6,675	1,205	18,398
Total Revenues	575,427	1,259,342	1,256,174	899,462	1,591,791
Expenditures					
Tax collection services	32,671	29,748	29,425	29,988	28,365
Debt service					
Principal	910,000	875,000	825,000	785,000	745,000
Interest and fees	301,040	327,641	359,149	371,843	445,655
Debt issuance costs					121,976
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent					40,000
Total Expenditures	1,243,711	1,232,389	1,213,574	1,186,831	1,380,996
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	\$ (668,284)	\$ 26,953	\$ 42,600	\$ (287,369)	\$ 210,795

^{*}Percentage is negligible

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
29%	6%	34%	26%	40%
1%	1%	1%	1%	1%
59%	93%	64%	68%	46%
10%				
*				
	*			
1%	*	1%	5%	13%
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2%	3%	2%	2%	6%
47%	87%	66%	69%	158%
28%	41%	29%	26%	52%
8%				
3%				
88%	131%	97%	97%	216%
12%	(31%)	3%	3%	(116%)

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-8. Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants For the Year Ended July 31, 2024

Complete District Mailing Address:	3200 SW Freeway, Suite 2600, Houston, Texas 77027					
District Business Telephone Number:	713-860-6400					
Submission Date of the most recent Distri	ict Registration Forr	n				
(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054):	June 1, 2022					
Limit on Fees of Office that a Director ma	ay receive during a f	īscal year:	\$	7,200		
(Set by Board Resolution TWC Section	49.0600)					
Names:	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed) or Date Hired	Fees of Office Paid *	Expense Reimburse- ments	Title at Year End		
Board Members						
Zac Cypert	05/24 - 05/28	\$ 1,326	\$ 40	Vice President		
Stephen Higgins	05/24 - 05/28	663	20	Assistant Vice President		
John Peper	05/22 - 05/26	1,326	40	Secretary		
Marta Mohan	05/22 - 05/26	1,105	33	Assistant Secretary		
Rodney L. Craig	05/20 - 05/24	663	20	Former Director		
Consultants Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP General legal fees	2004	Amounts Paid \$ 62,506		Attorney		
McLennan & Associates, LP	2004	21,325		Bookkeeper		
Bob Leared Interests, Inc.	2004	14,788		Tax Collector		
Fort Bend Central Appraisal District	Legislation	7,642		Property Valuation		
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, LLP	2005	1,813		Delinquent Tax Attorney		
Costello, Inc.	2004	638		Engineer		
McGrath & Co., PLLC	2011	12,000		Auditor		

Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated

TBG Partners

2004

2020

Financial Advisor

Landscape Architect

^{*} Fees of Office are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year. See accompanying auditor's report.