# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Harris County, Texas

**Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements** 

June 30, 2024

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# **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Harris County, Texas

## **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one

resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Houston, Texas November 26, 2024

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

## Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

## Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements:

#### **Summary of Net Position**

	 2024	2023
Current and other assets	\$ 6,988,296	\$ 7,526,945
Capital assets	5,772,616	5,041,872
Total assets	 12,760,912	 12,568,817
Deferred outflows of resources	132,175	138,635
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 12,893,087	\$ 12,707,452

## **Summary of Net Position (Continued)**

	2024	2023
Long-term liabilities	\$ 3,673,470	\$ 4,222,662
Other liabilities	416,139	771,281
Total liabilities	 4,089,609	 4,993,943
Deferred inflows of resources	 157,265	 173,683
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	1,964,089	834,391
Restricted	840,370	832,702
Unrestricted	 5,841,754	 5,872,733
Total net position	\$ 8,646,213	\$ 7,539,826

The total net position of the District increased by \$1,106,387, or about 15%. The majority of the increase in net position is related to property tax revenues intended to pay principal on the District's bonded indebtedness, which is shown as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements and charges for services revenues exceeding service operation expenses. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

# **Summary of Changes in Net Position**

	2024	 2023	
Revenues:		_	
Property taxes	\$ 1,459,541	\$ 1,501,547	
Sales tax rebates	143,095	91,163	
Charges for services	821,341	708,665	
Other revenues	467,160_	547,306	
		_	
Total revenues	2,891,137	2,848,681	
Expenses:			
Services	1,489,090	1,254,717	
Depreciation	200,927	194,628	
Debt service	94,733	 105,604	
Tatal ayranaa	4 704 750	4 554 040	
Total expenses	1,784,750	 1,554,949	

## **Summary of Changes in Net Position (Continued)**

	2024			2023
Change in net position	\$	1,106,387	\$	1,293,732
Net position, beginning of year		7,539,826		6,246,094
Net position, end of year	\$	8,646,213	\$	7,539,826

# Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, were \$6,583,807, a decrease of \$144,073 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance decreased by \$163,422, primarily due to service operations and capital outlay expenditures exceeding property taxes, sales tax rebates, and services revenues and investment income.

The debt service fund's fund balance increased by \$16,369, primarily due to property tax revenues and other income being greater than bond principal and interest requirements.

The capital projects fund's fund balance increased by \$2,980 due to investment income received.

# General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to property tax revenues and capital outlay expenditures being lower than anticipated and bulk water and sewer service revenues, investment income and regional water authority expenditures being greater than anticipated. The fund balance as of June 30, 2024, was expected to be \$4,970,823 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$5,665,228.

#### Capital Assets and Related Debt

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

#### **Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)**

	2024	 2023
Land and improvements	\$ 877,499	\$ 877,499
Construction in progress	3,328,349	2,459,671
Water facilities	674,695	768,126
Wastewater facilities	892,073	 936,576
Total capital assets	\$ 5,772,616	\$ 5,041,872

During the current year, additions to capital assets were as follows:

Construction in progress related to the wastewater	
treatment plant upgrades	\$ 868,678
New onsite lift station control panel	35,960
Wastewater treatment plant blower and motor	
expansion joints	27,033
Total additions to capital assets	\$ 931,671

#### Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows.

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 4,222,662
Decreases in long-term debt	 (549,192)
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 3,673,470

At June 30, 2024, the District had \$1,670,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District.

The District's Refunding Series 2015 bonds carry an underlying rating of "BBB+" from Standard & Poor's.

#### Other Relevant Factors

#### Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District.

#### Strategic Partnership Agreement

Effective May 9, 2002, the District entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement (SPA) with the City. Pursuant to the terms of the SPA, the City annexed the District (excluding the Krystal Lakes Subdivision) for limited purposes. The SPA provides for the levy of City sales tax on qualifying retail sales in the District and payment to the District of 50% of the sales tax revenue collected by the City from sales tax collected from entities located within the boundaries. The City will provide police protection in the District and impose certain planning, zoning, health and safety ordinances in the portion of the District annexed. The District will continue to provide water, sewer and drainage services to all properties within its boundaries. The City has also agreed not to annex the District for full purposes without the consent of the District during the 30-year term of the SPA.

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

Assets	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Cash	\$ 49,998	\$ 373,755	\$ -	\$ 423,753	\$ -	\$ 423,753
Short-term investments	5,887,703	485,503	57,556	6,430,762	-	6,430,762
Receivables:						
Property taxes	16,330	10,168	-	26,498	-	26,498
Service accounts	41,430	-	-	41,430	-	41,430
Interfund receivables	2,507	5,888	-	8,395	(8,395)	-
Due from others	45,808	-		45,808	-	45,808
Sales tax rebates receivable	20,045	-	-	20,045	-	20,045
Capital assets (net of accumulated						
depreciation):						
Land and improvements	-	-	-	-	877,499	877,499
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-	3,328,349	3,328,349
Infrastructure					1,566,768	1,566,768
Total assets	6,063,821	875,314	57,556	6,996,691	5,764,221	12,760,912
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred amount on debt refundings					132,175	132,175
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 6,063,821	\$ 875,314	\$ 57,556	\$ 6,996,691	\$ 5,896,396	\$ 12,893,087

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2024

	(	General Fund	S	Debt ervice Fund	Ρ	Capital Projects Fund		Total	Adjustments	C	itement of Net osition
Liabilities											
Accounts payable Retainage payable Customer deposits Accrued interest payable Interfund payables	\$	127,857 160,196 88,322 - 5,888	\$	1,616 - - - 2,507	\$	- - - -	\$	129,473 160,196 88,322 - 8,395	\$ - - 38,148 (8,395)		129,473 160,196 88,322 38,148
Long-term liabilities: Due within one year Due after one year		- -		- -		- -		- -	560,000 3,113,470		560,000 ,113,470
Total liabilities		382,263		4,123				386,386	3,703,223	4,	089,609
Deferred Inflows of Resources											
Deferred property tax revenues Deferred amount on debt refundings		16,330 <u>-</u>		10,168 -		- -		26,498 -	(26,498) 157,265		- 157,265
Total deferred inflows of resources		16,330		10,168				26,498	130,767		157,265
Fund Balances/Net Position											
Fund balances: Restricted:											
Unlimited tax bonds Water, sewer and drainage Unassigned		- - 5,665,228		861,023 - <u>-</u>		57,556 -		861,023 57,556 5,665,228	(861,023) (57,556) (5,665,228)		- - -
Total fund balances		5,665,228		861,023		57,556		6,583,807	(6,583,807)		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 6	6,063,821	\$	875,314	\$	57,556	\$	6,996,691			
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Restricted for capital projects Unrestricted									1,964,089 833,043 7,327 5,841,754		,964,089 833,043 7,327 ,841,754
Total net position									\$ 8,646,213	\$ 8,	646,213

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 925,087	\$ 573,411	\$ -	\$ 1,498,498	\$ (38,957)	\$ 1,459,541
Sales tax rebates	147,640	-	-	147,640	(4,545)	143,095
Water service	378,536	-	-	378,536	-	378,536
Sewer service	284,837	-	-	284,837	-	284,837
Bulk water and sewer service	157,968	-	-	157,968	-	157,968
Penalty and interest	1,150	19,083	-	20,233	-	20,233
Tap connection and inspection fees	9,150	-	-	9,150	-	9,150
Investment income	314,305	18,441	2,980	335,726	-	335,726
Other income		102,051		102,051		102,051
Total revenues	2,218,673	712,986	2,980	2,934,639	(43,502)	2,891,137
Expenditures/Expenses						
Service operations:						
Regional water authority	492,214	-	-	492,214	-	492,214
Professional fees	212,212	11,275	-	223,487	-	223,487
Contracted services	106,601	19,133	-	125,734	-	125,734
Utilities	103,249	-	-	103,249	-	103,249
Repairs and maintenance	465,981	-	-	465,981	-	465,981
Other expenditures	70,167	8,258	-	78,425	-	78,425
Capital outlay	931,671	-	-	931,671	(931,671)	-
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	200,927	200,927
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	550,000	-	550,000	(550,000)	-
Interest and fees		107,951		107,951	(13,218)	94,733
Total expenditures/expenses	2,382,095	696,617		3,078,712	(1,293,962)	1,784,750
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(163,422)	16,369	2,980	(144,073)	144,073	
Change in Net Position					1,106,387	1,106,387
Fund Balances/Net Position Beginning of year	5,828,650	844,654	54,576	6,727,880		7,539,826
End of year	\$ 5,665,228	\$ 861,023	\$ 57,556	\$ 6,583,807	\$ -	\$ 8,646,213
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# Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Water Rights Commission, now known as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective March 1, 1983, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 54. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater and drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

## Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2024

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

#### Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable - Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

# Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

#### Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

#### **Pension Costs**

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

## Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

#### **Property Taxes**

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2023 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the 2023 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

## Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45

# **Deferred Amount on Debt Refundings**

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt in a debt refunding is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. Such amounts are classified as deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

#### **Debt Issuance Costs**

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

# Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

The District has financed drainage facilities, which have been assumed by Harris County for maintenance and other incidents of ownership, which has caused long-term debt to be in excess of capital assets.

#### Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 5,772,616
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund financial statements.	26,498
Deferred amounts on debt refundings for governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	(25,090)
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	(38,148)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(3,673,470)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ 2,062,406

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

Change in fund balances.	\$ (144,073)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded	
depreciation expense in the current year.	730,744
Governmental funds report principal payments on debt as expenditures. For the statement of activities, these	
transactions do not have any effect on net position.	550,000

Revenues collected in the current year, which have previously been reported in the statement of activities, are reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	\$ (43,502)
Some expenses incurred in the current year, which have previously been reported in the statement of activities, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	 13,218
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ 1,106,387

# Note 2. Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

#### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At June 30, 2024, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in TexPool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas has oversight of TexPool. The District's investments in TexPool are reported at amortized cost.

At June 30, 2024, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		M	aturities	In Yea	rs		
Туре	Amortized Cost	Less Than	1-	5	6	s-10	Than 0
TexPool	\$ 6,430,762	\$ 6,430,762	\$		\$	-	\$ 

**Interest Rate Risk.** As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

**Credit Risk.** Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At June 30, 2024, the District's investments in TexPool were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

# Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheet and statement of net position at June 30, 2024, as follows:

Carrying value:	
Deposits	\$ 423,753
Investments	6,430,762
T	 0.054.545
Total	\$ 6,854,515

#### Investment Income

Investment income of \$335,726 for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of interest income.

# Note 3. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2024, is presented below:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year	Additions	Balances, End of Year	
Capital assets, non-depreciable:				
Land and improvements	\$ 877,499	\$ -	\$ 877,499	
Construction in progress	2,459,671	868,678	3,328,349	
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	3,337,170	868,678	4,205,848	
Capital assets, depreciable:				
Water production and distribution facilities	2,192,059	-	2,192,059	
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	3,134,751	62,993	3,197,744	
Total capital assets, depreciable	5,326,810	62,993	5,389,803	

Governmental Activities (Continued)	Balances, Beginning of Year	Additions	Balances, End of Year	
Less accumulated depreciation: Water production and distribution facilities Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	\$ (1,423,933) (2,198,175)	\$ (93,431) (107,496)	\$ (1,517,364) (2,305,671)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,622,108)	(200,927)	(3,823,035)	
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 5,041,872	\$ 730,744	\$ 5,772,616	

# Note 4. Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2024, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year	D	ecreases	 Balances, End of Year	-	amounts Due in One Year
Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 1,910,000	\$	90,000	\$ 1,820,000	\$	90,000
Private placement bonds	2,330,000		460,000	1,870,000		470,000
Less discounts on bonds	 17,338		808	 16,530		
Total governmental activities long-term						
liabilities	\$ 4,222,662	\$	549,192	\$ 3,673,470	\$	560,000

# **General Obligation Bonds**

	Refunding Series 2015	Refunding Series 2020**
Amounts outstanding, June 30, 2024	\$1,820,000	\$1,870,000
Interest rates	2.00% to 4.00%	1.82%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	August 15, 2024/2038	August 15, 2024/2032
Interest payment dates	August 15/ February 15	August 15/ February 15
Callable dates*	August 15, 2021	August 15, 2030

<sup>\*</sup>Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Private placement bonds.

## Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2024.

	G	eneral Obli	n Bonds	ds Private Placement Bonds			Private Placement Bonds			
Year	P	rincipal		Interest Principal Inte		Principal Interest			Total	
2025	\$	90,000	\$	66,344	\$	470,000	\$	29,757	\$	656,101
2026		95,000		63,569		475,000		21,158		654,727
2027		100,000		60,456		485,000		12,421		657,877
2028		105,000		56,997		70,000		7,371		239,368
2029		105,000		53,388		70,000		6,097		234,485
2030-2034		600,000		204,451		300,000		11,193		1,115,644
2035-2039		725,000		74,500						799,500
Total	\$	1,820,000	\$	579,705	\$	1,870,000	\$	87,997	\$	4,357,702

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted	\$ 10,700,000
Bonds sold	9,030,000

# Note 5. Significant Bond Order and Commission Requirements

The Bond Orders require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.1800 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$596,257 on the taxable valuation of \$331,253,839 for the 2023 tax year. The interest and principal requirements to be paid from the tax revenues and available debt service fund resources are \$661,728, of which \$50,864 has been paid and \$610,864 is due August 15, 2024.

#### Note 6. Maintenance Taxes

At an election held April 7, 1984, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.00 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.2900 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$960,636 on the taxable valuation of \$331,253,839 for the 2023 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

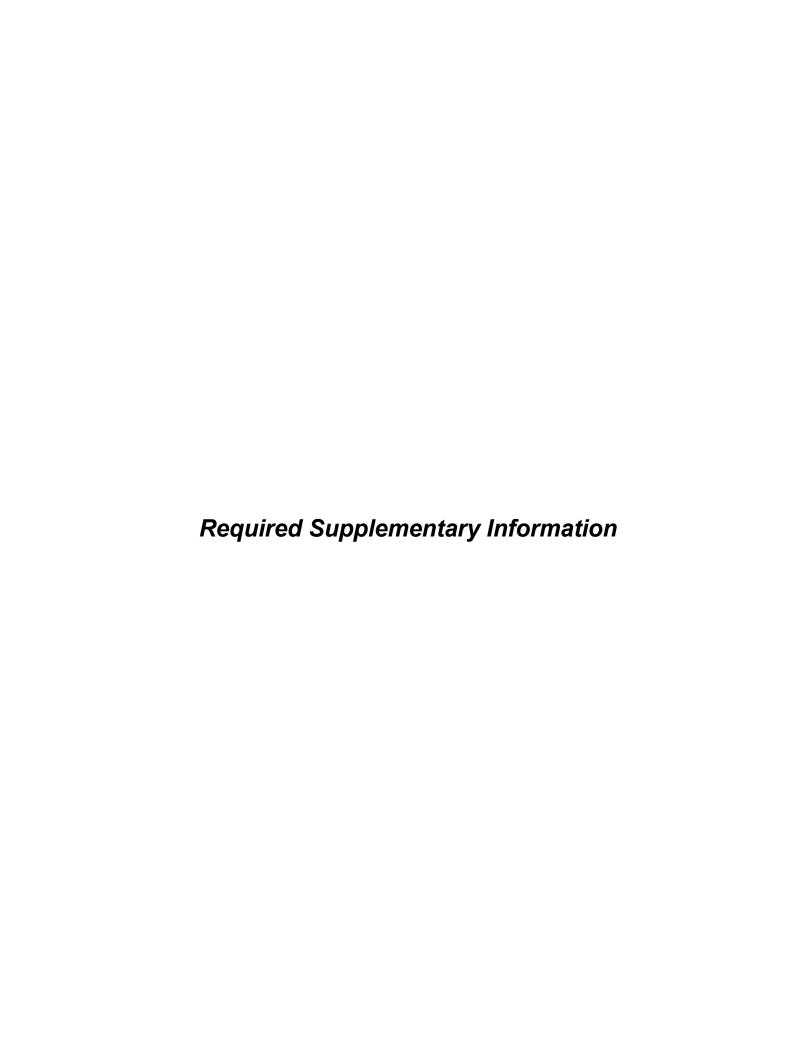
# Note 7. Strategic Partnership Agreement

The District entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement (SPA) with the City of Houston (the City), effective May 9, 2002. Pursuant to the terms of the SPA, the City annexed the District (excluding the Krystal Lakes Subdivision) for limited purposes. The SPA provides for the levy of City sales tax (currently \$0.01) on qualifying retail sales in the District and payment to the District of 50% of the sales tax revenue collected by the City from sales tax collected from entities located within the boundaries. In addition, the District has entered into a Groundwater Reduction Plan Agreement (the Agreement) with the City, which provides for payment of

groundwater pumpage fees by the District to the City beginning January 1, 2003. Pursuant to the SPA, the City has agreed to pay additional sales tax revenue (above and beyond the amounts owed to the District because of 50% sharing noted above, but not exceeding 100%) to the District equal to the pumpage fee, which the District is required to pay the City pursuant to the Agreement. The City will provide police protection in the District and impose certain planning, zoning, health and safety ordinances in the portion of the District annexed. The District will continue to provide water, sewer and drainage services to all properties within its boundaries. The City has also agreed not to annex the District for full purposes without consent of the District during the 30-year term of the SPA. During the current year, the District recorded \$143,095 in revenues related to the Agreement.

# Note 8. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.



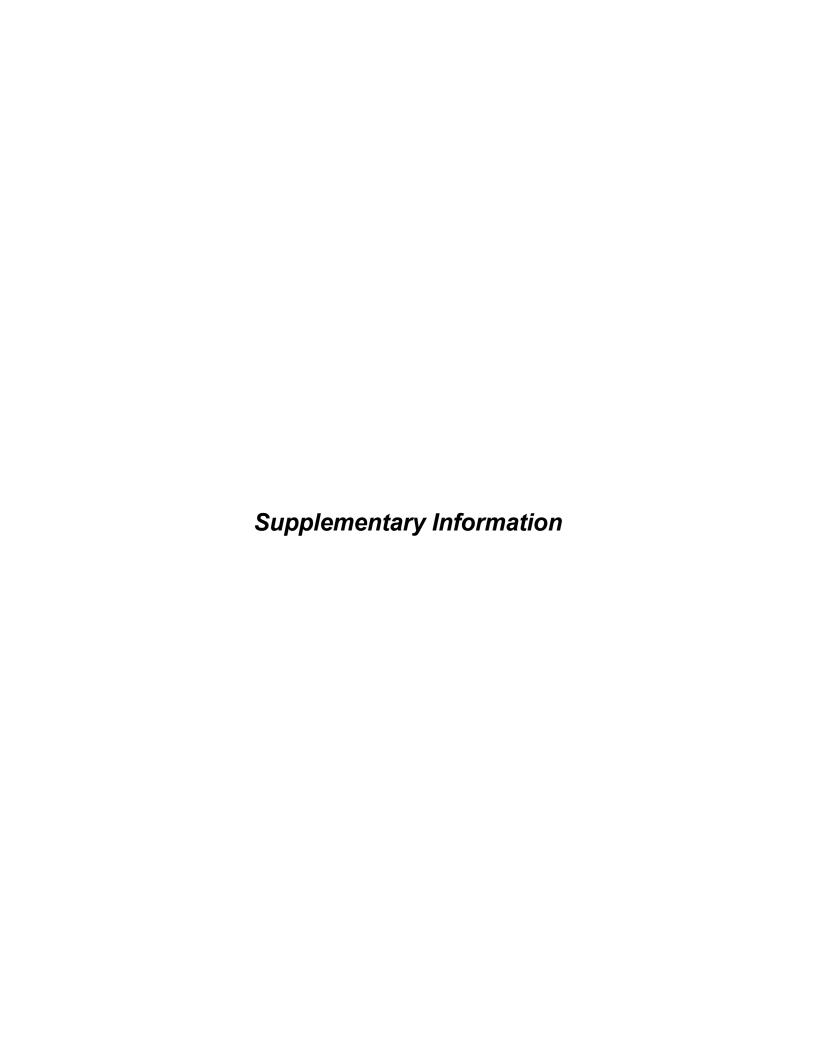
	Original Budget	Actual	F	/ariance avorable favorable)
Revenues	 			
Property taxes	\$ 965,000	\$ 925,087	\$	(39,913)
Sales tax rebates	140,000	147,640		7,640
Water service	365,000	378,536		13,536
Sewer service	285,000	284,837		(163)
Bulk water and sewer service	112,421	157,968		45,547
Penalty and interest	7,500	1,150		(6,350)
Tap connection and inspection fees	11,452	9,150		(2,302)
Investment income	 200,000	 314,305		114,305
Total revenues	 2,086,373	2,218,673		132,300
Expenditures				
Service operations:				
Regional water authority	150,000	492,214		(342,214)
Professional fees	180,500	212,212		(31,712)
Contracted services	99,000	106,601		(7,601)
Utilities	115,000	103,249		11,751
Repairs and maintenance	500,000	465,981		34,019
Other expenditures	49,700	70,167		(20,467)
Capital outlay	 1,850,000	 931,671		918,329
Total expenditures	 2,944,200	 2,382,095		562,105
Deficiency of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	(857,827)	(163,422)		694,405
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 5,828,650	 5,828,650		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 4,970,823	\$ 5,665,228	\$	694,405

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2024

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during fiscal 2024.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 11-20
[X]	Schedule of Services and Rates
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended June 30, 2024

1.	Services provided by the D	istrict:										
	X Retail Water X Retail Wastewater Parks/Recreation Solid Waste/Garbage Participates in joint ver Other	nture, regional syste	Wholesale Wate Wholesale Was Fire Protection Flood Control em and/or wastew	tewater	— II — S — F	Orainage rrigation Security Roads ergency intercon	nect)					
2.	Retail service providers											
	a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter (or equivalent):											
		Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage			Usage Levels						
	Water:	\$ 15.00	10,000	<u>N</u>	\$ 1.75 \$ 2.50 \$ 3.25	10,001 to 20,001 to 30,001 to	20,000 30,000 No limit					
	Wastewater:	\$ 15.00	10,000	<u>N</u>	\$ 1.75 \$ 2.50 \$ 3.25	10,001 to 20,001 to 30,001 to	20,000 30,000 No limit					
	Does the District employ winter averaging for wastewater usage?  Yes No _X											
	Total charges per 10,000 gallons usage (including fees): Water <u>\$ 15.00</u> Wastewar											
	b. Water and wastewater retail connections:											
	Meter Size		Tota Connec		Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFC*					
	Unmetered ≤ 3/4" 1" 1 1/2" 2" 3" 4" 6" 8" 10" Total water Total water approximation (ii)	o thousando) durino	the fixed veer	88 9 1 32 - 1 2 7 3 143 107	88 7 1 31 - 1 2 7 3 140 104	x1.0 x1.0 x2.5 x5.0 x8.0 x15.0 x25.0 x50.0 x80.0 x115.0	88 18 5 248 - 25 100 560 345 1,389					
3.	Total water consumption (in Gallons pumped into the sy Gallons billed to customers Water accountability ratio (	/stem:	•			_	195,668 183,231 93.64%					

<sup>\*&</sup>quot;ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended June 30, 2024

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 23,500 178,305 10,407	212,212
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		-
Regional Water Authority		492,214
Contracted Services  Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security Other contracted services	13,679 - - - - 92,922	106,601
Utilities		103,249
Repairs and Maintenance		465,981
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	10,395 9,437 9,729 37,313	66,874
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	931,671 <u>-</u>	931,671
Tap Connection Expenditures		
Solid Waste Disposal		-
Fire Fighting		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		 3,293
Total expenditures		\$ 2,382,095

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Accrued Interest Receivable	
General Fund					
TexPool	5.32%	Demand	\$ 5,887,703	\$ -	-
Debt Service Fund					
TexPool	5.32%	Demand	485,503	-	-
Capital Projects Fund					
TexPool	5.32%	Demand	 57,556		_
Totals			\$ 6,430,762	\$ -	_

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Maintenance Taxes		Debt Service Taxes		
Receivable, Beginning of Year Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes	\$ 39,53 (58,75	•	25,917 (38,595)		
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year	(19,21)	9)	(12,678)		
2023 Original Tax Levy Additions and corrections	942,20 18,43		584,817 11,440		
Adjusted tax levy	960,63	<u> </u>	596,257		
Total to be accounted for	941,41	7	583,579		
Tax (collections) refunds: Current year Prior years	(944,84 19,76	,	(586,457) 13,046		
Receivable, end of year	\$ 16,33	<u> </u>	10,168		
Receivable, by Years 2023 2022 2021 2020	\$ 15,78 9 43 1	4 4	9,800 62 299 7		
Receivable, end of year	\$ 16,33	0 \$	10,168		

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Property Valuations				
Land	\$ 106,465,569	\$ 105,647,227	\$ 101,696,712	\$ 101,474,876
Improvements	282,181,646	254,374,229	200,086,065	208,990,728
Personal property	40,554,316	47,279,067	26,830,904	29,178,985
Exemptions	(97,947,692)	(92,684,917)	(40,185,624)	(32,341,261)
Total property valuations	\$ 331,253,839	\$ 314,615,606	\$ 288,428,057	\$ 307,303,328
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation				
Debt service tax rates	\$ 0.1800	\$ 0.1900	\$ 0.2000	\$ 0.1700
Maintenance tax rates*	0.2900	0.2900	0.2900	0.3200
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 0.4700	\$ 0.4800	\$ 0.4900	\$ 0.4900
Tax Levy	\$ 1,556,893	\$ 1,510,155	\$ 1,413,297	\$ 1,505,787
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	98%	99%	99%	99%

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.00 on April 7, 1984

<sup>\*\*</sup>Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

		Refunding Series 2015							
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30	ars Due		Interest Due August 15, February 15			Total			
2025	\$	90,000	\$	66,344	\$	156,344			
2026		95,000		63,569		158,569			
2027		100,000		60,456		160,456			
2028		105,000		56,997		161,997			
2029		105,000		53,388		158,388			
2030		110,000		49,625		159,625			
2031		115,000		45,544		160,544			
2032		120,000		41,138		161,138			
2033		125,000		36,544		161,544			
2034		130,000		31,600		161,600			
2035		135,000		26,300		161,300			
2036		140,000		20,800		160,800			
2037		145,000		15,100		160,100			
2038		150,000		9,200		159,200			
2039		155,000		3,100		158,100			
Totals	\$	1,820,000	\$	579,705	\$	2,399,705			

		Refunding Series 2020							
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30		Principal Due August 15	Au	erest Due gust 15, oruary 15		Total			
2025	\$	470,000	\$	29,757	\$	499,757			
2026		475,000		21,158		496,158			
2027		485,000		12,421		497,421			
2028		70,000		7,371		77,371			
2029		70,000		6,097		76,097			
2030		70,000		4,823		74,823			
2031		75,000		3,504		78,504			
2032		75,000		2,138		77,138			
2033		80,000		728		80,728			
Totals	\$	1,870,000	\$	87,997	\$	1,957,997			

	Annual Requirements For All Series							
Due During Fiscal Years Ending June 30		Total Principal Due		Total nterest Due	Total Principal and Interest Due			
2025	\$	560,000	\$	96,101	\$	656,101		
2026		570,000		84,727		654,727		
2027		585,000		72,877		657,877		
2028		175,000		64,368		239,368		
2029		175,000		59,485		234,485		
2030		180,000		54,448		234,448		
2031		190,000		49,048		239,048		
2032		195,000		43,276		238,276		
2033		205,000		37,272		242,272		
2034		130,000		31,600		161,600		
2035		135,000		26,300		161,300		
2036		140,000		20,800		160,800		
2037		145,000		15,100		160,100		
2038		150,000		9,200		159,200		
2039		155,000		3,100		158,100		
Totals	\$	3,690,000	\$	667,702	\$	4,357,702		

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Во	nd Issues				
		Refunding Series 2015		Refunding eries 2020		Totals		
Interest rates		2.00% to 4.00%		1.82%				
Dates interest payable	August 15/ February 15		•			August 15/ ebruary 15		
Maturity dates		August 15, 2024/2038						
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$	1,910,000	\$	2,330,000	\$	4,240,000		
Retirements, principal		90,000		460,000		550,000		
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	\$	1,820,000	\$	1,870,000	\$	3,690,000		
Interest paid during current year	\$	68,931	\$	38,220	\$	107,151		
Paying agent's name and address:								
Series 2015 - Amegy Bank N. A., Houston, Texas Series 2020 - BOKF, N.A., Houston, Texas								
Bond authority:		Гах Bonds	<u>Ot</u>	her Bonds	F	Refunding Bonds		
Amount authorized by voters Amount of authorization issued Remaining authorization to be issued  Debt service fund cash and temporary investment balances as of	\$ \$ \$	10,700,000 9,030,000 1,670,000 e 30, 2024:	\$ \$	- - -	\$ \$ \$	9,679,880 - 859,258		
Debt service fund cash and temporary investment balances as c	) June	9 30, 2024:			\$	859,258		

Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term of all debt:

290,513

\$

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended June 30,

			Amounts		
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
General Fund					
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 925,087	\$ 875,343	\$ 795,400	\$ 950,312	\$ 867,786
Sales tax rebates	147,640	86,618	122,851	204,932	71,370
Water service	378,536	322,686	305,730	326,826	350,913
Sewer service	284,837	307,612	266,654	271,384	276,818
Bulk water and sewer service	157,968	78,367	103,427	71,539	71,673
Penalty and interest	1,150	11,455	4,188	3,019	6,286
Tap connection and inspection fees	9,150	222,815	9,000	9,000	8,850
Investment income	314,305	250,135	15,013	2,504	69,883
Total revenues	2,218,673	2,155,031	1,622,263	1,839,516	1,723,579
Expenditures					
Service operations:					
Purchased services	-	62,974	-	-	-
Regional water authority	492,214	182,609	169,372	164,189	202,318
Professional fees	212,212	185,009	184,249	172,770	166,200
Contracted services	106,601	104,927	98,651	93,868	96,093
Utilities	103,249	69,148	81,210	86,384	84,134
Repairs and maintenance	465,981	503,848	427,847	334,340	358,510
Other expenditures	70,167	49,751	69,055	47,692	39,674
Tap connections	-	71,255	-	-	-
Capital outlay	931,671	2,391,252	417,911	41,285	1,055,693
Total expenditures	2,382,095	3,620,773	1,448,295	940,528	2,002,622
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	(163,422)	(1,465,742)	173,968	898,988	(279,043)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	5,828,650	7,294,392	7,120,424	6,221,436	6,500,479
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 5,665,228	\$ 5,828,650	\$ 7,294,392	\$ 7,120,424	\$ 6,221,436
Total Active Retail Water Connections	140	140	141	140	141
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	104	104	105	104	105

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
41.7 %	40.6 %	49.0 %	51.7 %	50.3
6.7	4.0	7.6	11.1	4.1
17.1	15.0	18.8	17.8	20.4
12.8	14.3	17.0	15.2	16.6
7.1	3.6	6.4	3.9	4.2
0.1	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.4
0.4	10.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
14.1	11.6	0.9	0.1	4.0
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
_	2.9	_	_	_
22.2	8.5	10.4	8.9	11.7
9.6	8.6	11.4	9.4	9.6
4.8	4.9	6.1	5.1	5.6
4.7	3.2	5.0	4.7	4.9
20.7	23.4	26.4	18.2	20.8
3.2	2.3	4.2	2.6	2.3
-	3.3	-	-	-
42.2	110.9	25.8	2.2	61.3
107.4	168.0	89.3	51.1	116.2
(7.4) %	(68.0) %	10.7 %	48.9 %	(16.2)

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended June 30,

	Amounts				
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Debt Service Fund					
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 573,411	\$ 573,627	\$ 553,847	\$ 504,847	\$ 459,949
Penalty and interest	19,083	46,241	6,201	5,769	15,518
Investment income	18,441	14,666	16,144	609	2,410
Other income	102,051				
Total revenues	712,986	634,534	576,192	511,225	477,877
Expenditures					
Current:					
Professional fees	11,275	542	1,244	1,078	344
Contracted services	19,133	17,838	16,779	18,496	16,080
Other expenditures	8,258	6,816	5,631	7,093	4,224
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	550,000	530,000	525,000	475,000	455,000
Interest and fees	107,951	118,487	128,439	172,121	219,998
Debt issuance costs	-	-	-	85,844	-
Debt defeasance				16,000	
Total expenditures	696,617	673,683	677,093	775,632	695,646
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	16,369	(39,149)	(100,901)	(264,407)	(217,769)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
General obligation bonds issued	_	_	_	3,215,000	_
Deposit with escrow agent	-	_	_	(3,125,708)	-
Total other financing sources	-			89,292	_
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	16,369	(39,149)	(100,901)	(175,115)	(217,769)
Calci / manoning 0303	10,009	(55, 145)	(100,001)	(170,110)	(217,709)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	844,654	883,803	984,704	1,159,819	1,377,588
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 861,023	\$ 844,654	\$ 883,803	\$ 984,704	\$ 1,159,819

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	
00.4.0/	00.4.0/	06.4 %	00.0.0/	00.0	
80.4 %	90.4 %	96.1 %	98.8 %	96.3	
2.7 2.6	7.3 2.3	3.7 0.2	1.1 0.1	3.2 0.5	
14.3	-	-	-	-	
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
1.6	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	
2.7	2.8	2.9	3.6	3.4	
1.2	1.1	1.0	1.4	0.9	
77.1	83.5	91.1	92.9	95.2	
15.1	18.7	22.3	33.7	46.0	
-	-	-	16.8	-	
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	3.1		
97.7	106.2	117.5	151.7	145.6	
2.3 %	(6.2) %	(17.5) %	(51.7) %	(45.6)	

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216 Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended June 30, 2024

Complete District mailing address: Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 216

c/o Smith, Murdaugh, Little & Bonham, L.L.P.

2727 Allen Parkway, Suite 1100

Houston, Texas 77019

District business telephone number: 713.652.6500

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054):

June 23, 2020

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year:

\$ 7,200

Board Members	Term of Office Elected & Expires	-	- ees*		pense Irsements	Title at Year-End
Dourd Members	Lxpires		003	- Itellinot	il Sements	Tear-Life
	Elected					
	05/22-					
Brett Wink	05/26	\$	1,768	\$	187	President
	Elected					
	05/24-					Vice
Adrienne Gilpin	05/28		2,139		386	President
	Elected					
	05/24-					
Lindsay Lofton	05/28		2,139		170	Secretary
	Elected					
	05/22-					
Julie Botas	05/26		2,581		311	Director
	Elected					
	05/24-					
Rafael Martinez	05/28		1,768		-	Director

<sup>\*</sup>Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Consultants	Date Hired	Fees and Expense Reimbursements		Title
				T A/
Bob Leared Interests	05/26/83	\$	12,691	Tax Assessor/ Collector
Forvis Mazars, LLP	02/11/86		23,500	Auditor
The GMS Group, L.L.C.	10/01		-	Financial Advisor
Harris Central Appraisal District	Legislative Action		12,035	Appraiser
Koehn & Associates Engineers, Inc.	01/08/24		10,407	Engineer
M. Marlon Ivy & Associates, Inc.	06/12/08		243,637	Operator
Municipal Business Services, Inc.	03/21/84		13,679	Bookkeeper
Smith, Murdaugh, Little & Bonham, L.L.P.	05/26/83		189,580	General Counsel
Water Engineering Inc.	05/26/83		-	Former Engineer
Investment Officer				
Bob Ideus	07/12/99		N/A	Bookkeeper