GALVESTON COUNTY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 39

GALVESTON COUNTY, TEXAS

FINANCIAL REPORT

August 31, 2024

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McGRATH & CO., PLLC

Certified Public Accountants 2900 North Loop West, Suite 880 Houston, Texas 77092

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 Galveston County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39, as of August 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied

Board of Directors Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 Galveston County, Texas

certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Texas Supplementary Information schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Texas Supplementary Information schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Houston, Texas December 3, 2024

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

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Using this Annual Report

Within this section of the financial report of Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 (the "District"), the District's Board of Directors provides a narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the independent auditor's report and the basic financial statements that follow this section.

In addition to this discussion and analysis, this annual report consists of:

- The District's basic financial statements;
- Notes to the basic financial statements, which provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements;
- Supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) concerning the District's budget; and
- Other Texas supplementary information required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District prepares its basic financial statements using a format that combines fund financial statements and government-wide statements onto one financial statement. The combined statements are the Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and the Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Each statement contains an adjustments column which quantifies the differences between the government-wide and fund level statements. Additional details of the adjustments are provided in Note 2 to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District, both long-term and short-term. The District's government-wide financial statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, which are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

Accounting standards establish three components of net position. The net investment in capital assets component represents the District's investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt or other borrowings used to acquire those assets. Resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The restricted component of net position consists of financial resources that are restricted for a specific purpose by enabling legislation or external parties. The unrestricted component of net position represents resources not included in the other components.

The Statement of Activities reports how the District's net position has changed during the fiscal year. All revenues and expenses are included on this statement, regardless of whether cash has been received or paid.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements include the *Governmental Funds Balance Sheet* and the *Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.* The focus of fund financial statements is on specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole, reported using modified accrual accounting. These statements report on the District's use of available financial resources and the balances of available financial resources at the end of the year. Except for the General Fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties, governmental statutes or regulations.

For further discussion on the government-wide and fund financial statements, please refer to Note 1 in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at August 31, 2024, was negative \$9,301,598. The District's net position is negative because the District incurs debt to construct water, sewer and drainage facilities which it conveys to the City of League City. A comparative summary of the District's overall financial position, as of August 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

	2024	2023
Current and other assets	\$ 2,434,994	\$ 2,154,634
Capital assets	1,788,997	1,959,119
Total assets	4,223,991	4,113,753
Total deferred outflows of resources	338,135	406,288
Current liabilities	1,628,266	1,564,682
Long-term liabilities	12,235,458	13,866,833
Total liabilities	13,863,724	15,431,515
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	(309,436)	(373,624)
Restricted	1,745,229	1,670,962
Unrestricted	(10,737,391)	(12,208,812)
Total net position	\$ (9,301,598)	\$ (10,911,474)

The total net position of the District increased during the current fiscal year by \$1,609,876. A comparative summary of the District's *Statement of Activities* for the past two years is as follows:

	2024	2023
Revenues		
Property taxes, penalties and interest	\$ 2,252,546	\$ 2,282,097
Other	165,625	125,760
Total revenues	2,418,171	2,407,857
Expenses		
Operating and administrative	138,441	115,555
Debt interest and fees	499,732	545,747
Depreciation and amortization	170,122	170,122
Total expenses	808,295	831,424
Change in net position	1,609,876	1,576,433
Net position, beginning of year	(10,911,474)	(12,487,907)
Net position, end of year	\$ (9,301,598)	\$ (10,911,474)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances, as of August 31, 2024, were \$2,313,046, which consists of \$665,446 in the General Fund and \$1,647,600 in the Debt Service Fund.

General Fund

A comparative summary of the General Fund's financial position as of August 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

		2024	2023		
Total assets	\$	687,593	\$	481,666	
Total liabilities	\$	16,094	\$	7,676	
Total deferred inflows		6,053		5,501	
Total fund balance		665,446		468,489	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	687,593	\$	481,666	

A comparative summary of the General Fund's activities for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	2024		 2023
Total revenues	\$	277,820	\$ 292,195
Total expenditures		(80,863)	 (67,192)
Revenues over expenditures	\$	196,957	\$ 225,003

The District manages its activities with the objectives of ensuring that expenditures will be adequately covered by revenues each year and that an adequate fund balance is maintained. The District's primary financial resources in the General Fund are from a property tax levy, which is dependent upon assessed values in the District and the maintenance tax rate set by the District. While assessed values in the District increased from the prior year, property tax revenues decreased because the District decreased the maintenance component of the levy.

Debt Service Fund

A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's financial position as of August 31, 2024 and 2023, is as follows:

		2024			2023		
Total assets	\$	1,747,401	_	\$	1,672,968		
Total liabilities	\$	2,172		\$	2,006		
Total deferred inflows		97,629			86,690		
Total fund balance		1,647,600	_		1,584,272		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$	1,747,401	_	\$	1,672,968		

A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's activities for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	 2024	 2023
Total revenues	\$ 2,128,862	\$ 2,102,759
Total expenditures	 (2,065,534)	 (2,082,332)
Revenues over expenditures	\$ 63,328	\$ 20,427

The District's financial resources in the Debt Service Fund in both the current year and prior year are from property tax revenues. The difference between these financial resources and debt service requirements resulted in an increase in fund balance each year. It is important to note that the District sets its annual debt service tax rate as recommended by its financial advisor, who monitors projected cash flows in the Debt Service Fund to ensure that the District will be able to meet its future debt service requirements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Board of Directors adopts an annual unappropriated budget for the General Fund prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The Board did not amend the budget during the fiscal year.

Since the District's budget is primarily a planning tool, actual results varied from the budgeted amounts. Actual net change in fund balance was \$27,657 greater than budgeted. The *Budgetary Comparison Schedule* on page 32 of this report provides variance information per financial statement line item.

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at August 31, 2024 and 2023, are summarized as follows:

	2024	2023
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized		
Impact fees	\$ 2,679,541	\$ 2,679,541
Parks and recreational facilities	1,058,720	 1,058,720
	3,738,261	3,738,261
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	 _	
Impact fees	(1,199,751)	(1,100,210)
Parks and recreational facilities	 (749,513)	(678,932)
	(1,949,264)	(1,779,142)
Capital assets, net	\$ 1,788,997	\$ 1,959,119

Long-Term Debt

At August 31, 2024 and 2023, the District had total bonded debt outstanding as shown below:

Series	2024		 2023
2014 Refunding	\$	1,370,000	\$ 1,695,000
2014A		2,480,000	2,720,000
2015 Park		670,000	760,000
2019 Refunding		4,270,000	4,415,000
2020 Refunding		3,375,000	3,955,000
2021 Refunding		1,570,000	1,745,000
	\$	13,735,000	\$ 15,290,000

At August 31, 2024, the District had \$4,970,000 unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District; \$2,165,000 for parks and recreational facilities; and \$20,593,808 for refunding purposes.

Next Year's Budget

In establishing the budget for the next fiscal year, the Board considered various economic factors that may affect the District, most notably projected revenues from property taxes and the projected cost of operating the District. A comparison of next year's budget to current year actual amounts for the General Fund is as follows:

	2024 Actual		202	25 Budget
Total revenues	\$	277,820	\$	259,310
Total expenditures		(80,863)		(78,700)
Revenues over expenditures		196,957		180,610
Beginning fund balance		468,489		665,446
Ending fund balance	\$	665,446	\$	846,056

Property Taxes

The District's property tax base increased approximately \$1,073,000 for the 2024 tax year from \$553,044,111 to \$554,117,355. This increase was primarily due to increased property values. For the 2024 tax year, the District has levied a maintenance tax rate of \$0.045 per \$100 of assessed value and a debt service tax rate of \$0.335 per \$100 of assessed value, for a total combined tax rate of \$0.38 per \$100 of assessed value. Tax rates for the 2023 tax year were \$0.045 per \$100 for maintenance and operations and \$0.36 per \$100 for debt service for a combined total of \$0.405 per \$100 of assessed value.

Basic Financial Statements

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet August 31, 2024

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Assets	Ф 24.24 <i>с</i>	Ф 24.020	* FF F70	ď	# FF F70
Cash	\$ 24,346 646,255	\$ 31,232	\$ 55,578	\$ -	\$ 55,578
Investments Taxes receivable	6,053	1,628,104 97,629	2,274,359 103,682		2,274,359 103,682
Internal balances	10,939	(10,939)	103,062		103,062
Accrued interest receivable	10,939	1,375	1,375		1,375
Capital assets, net		1,575	1,575	1,788,997	1,788,997
Total Assets	\$ 687,593	\$ 1,747,401	\$ 2,434,994	1,788,997	4,223,991
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred difference on refunding				338,135	338,135
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 16,094	\$ -	\$ 16,094		16,094
Other payables		2,172	2,172		2,172
Long-term debt					
Due within one year				1,610,000	1,610,000
Due after one year				12,235,458	12,235,458
Total Liabilities	16,094	2,172	18,266	13,845,458	13,863,724
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred property taxes	6,053	97,629	103,682	(103,682)	
Fund Balances/Net Position Fund Balances					
Restricted		1,647,600	1,647,600	(1,647,600)	
Unassigned	665,446		665,446	(665,446)	
Total Fund Balances	665,446	1,647,600	2,313,046	(2,313,046)	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 687,593	\$ 1,747,401	\$ 2,434,994		
Net Position				(200 (20)	(0.00 45.0
Net investment in capital assets				(309,436)	(309,436)
Restricted for debt service				1,745,229	1,745,229
Unrestricted				(10,737,391)	(10,737,391)
Total Net Position				\$ (9,301,598)	\$ (9,301,598)

See notes to basic financial statements.

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39
Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

		Debt			
	General	Service			Statement of
	Fund	Fund	Total	Adjustments	Activities
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 247,558	\$ 1,980,281	\$ 2,227,839	\$ 5,614	\$ 2,233,453
Penalties and interest		13,218	13,218	5,875	19,093
Investment earnings	30,262	135,363	165,625		165,625
Total Revenues	277,820	2,128,862	2,406,682	11,489	2,418,171
Expenditures/Expenses					
Operating and administrative					
Professional fees	51,180		51,180		51,180
Contracted services	16,175	40,017	56,192		56,192
Administrative	13,508	5,061	18,569		18,569
Other		12,500	12,500		12,500
Debt service					
Principal		1,555,000	1,555,000	(1,555,000)	
Interest and fees		452,956	452,956	46,776	499,732
Depreciation and amortization				170,122	170,122
Total Expenditures/Expenses	80,863	2,065,534	2,146,397	(1,338,102)	808,295
Revenues Over Expenditures	196,957	63,328	260,285	(260,285)	
Change in Net Position				1,609,876	1,609,876
Fund Balance/Net Position					
Beginning of the year	468,489	1,584,272	2,052,761	(12,964,235)	(10,911,474)
End of the year	\$ 665,446	\$ 1,647,600	\$ 2,313,046	\$ (11,614,644)	\$ (9,301,598)

See notes to basic financial statements.

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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 (the "District") conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The following is a summary of the most significant policies:

Creation

The District was organized, created and established pursuant to an order of the Texas Natural Resource Conservation Commission, statutory predecessor to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality dated September 12, 2001, and operates in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapters 49 and 54. The Board of Directors held its first meeting on September 13, 2001 and the first bonds were issued on July 8, 2003.

The District's primary activities include construction of water, sewer and drainage, and park and recreational facilities. As further discussed in Note 8, the District transfers water, sewer and drainage facilities to the City of League City upon completion of construction. The District has contracted with various consultants to provide services to operate and administer the affairs of the District. The District has no employees, related payroll or pension costs.

Reporting Entity

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected five-member board. The GASB has established the criteria for determining the reporting entity for financial statement reporting purposes. To qualify as a primary government, a government must have a separately elected governing body, be legally separate, and be fiscally independent of other state and local governments, while a component unit is a legally separate government for which the elected officials of a primary government are financially accountable. Fiscal independence implies that the government has the authority to adopt a budget, levy taxes, set rates, and/or issue bonds without approval from other governments. Under these criteria, the District is considered a primary government and is not a component unit of any other government. Additionally, no other entities meet the criteria for inclusion in the District's financial statements as component units.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the District as a whole. These statements focus on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. Interfund activity, if any, has been removed from these statements. These aggregated statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for a specific purpose. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Most governments typically have many funds; however, governmental financial statements focus on the most important or "major" funds with non-major funds aggregated in a single column. The District has two governmental funds, which are both considered major funds.

The following is a description of the various funds used by the District:

- <u>The General Fund</u> is used to account for the operations of the District and all other financial transactions not reported in other funds. The principal source of revenue are property taxes. Expenditures include costs associated with the daily operations of the District.
- <u>The Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt. The primary source of revenue for debt service is property taxes. Expenditures include costs incurred in assessing and collecting these taxes.

As a special-purpose government engaged in a single governmental program, the District has opted to combine its government-wide and fund financial statements in a columnar format showing an adjustments column for reconciling items between the two.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which it becomes both available and measurable to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes and interest earned on investments. Property taxes receivable at the end of the fiscal year are treated as deferred inflows because they are not considered available to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

Note 2 further details the adjustments from the governmental fund presentation to the government-wide presentation.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset, unless a legal right of offset exists. At August 31, 2024, an allowance for uncollectible accounts was not considered necessary.

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds. This can include internal transfers, payables and receivables. This activity is combined as internal balances and is eliminated in both the government-wide and fund financial statement presentation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets do not provide financial resources at the fund level, and, therefore, are reported only in the government-wide statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$50,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets that individually are below the capitalization threshold but, in the aggregate, are above the threshold are capitalized. Subsequent replacements of these assets are not capitalized. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire the asset on the acquisition date. The District has not capitalized interest incurred during the construction of its capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciable capital assets, which primarily consist of impact fees paid to the City of League City and parks and recreational facilities, are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method as follows:

Assets	Useful Life
Impact fees	Remaining life of contract
Parks and recreational facilities	15 years

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Financial Resources

A deferred inflow of financial resources is the acquisition of resources in one period that is applicable to a future period, while a deferred outflow of financial resources is the consumption of financial resources in one period that is applicable to a future period. A deferred inflow results from the acquisition of an asset without a corresponding revenue or assumption of a liability. A deferred outflow results from the use of an asset without a corresponding expenditure or reduction of a liability.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Financial Resources (continued)

At the fund level, property taxes receivable not collected within 60 days of fiscal year end do not meet the availability criteria required for revenue recognition and are recorded as deferred inflows of financial resources.

Deferred outflows of financial resources at the government-wide level are from refunding bond transactions in which the amount required to repay the old debt exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt. This amount is being amortized to interest expense.

Net Position – Governmental Activities

Governmental accounting standards establish the following three components of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – represents the District's investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt or other borrowings used to acquire those assets.

Restricted – consists of financial resources that are restricted for a specific purpose by enabling legislation or external parties.

Unrestricted – resources not included in the other components.

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Governmental accounting standards establish the following fund balance classifications:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District does not have any nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments. The District's restricted fund balances consist of property taxes levied for debt service in the Debt Service Fund.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District does not have any committed fund balances.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (continued)

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances and does not have any assigned fund balances.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses/expenditures during the period reported. These estimates include, among others, the collectability of receivables and the useful lives and impairment of capital assets. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

Note 2 – Adjustment from Governmental to Government-wide Basis

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Total fund balance, governmental funds		\$ 2,313,046
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Historical cost Less accumulated depreciation/amortization Change due to capital assets	\$ 3,738,26 (1,949,26	
The difference between the face amount of bonds refunded and the amount paid to the escrow agent is recorded as a deferred difference on refunding in the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> and amortized to interest expense. It is not recorded in the fund statements because it is not a financial resource.		338,135
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. The difference consists of bonds payable, net.		(13,845,458)
Property taxes receivable and related penalties and interest have been levied and are due, but are not available soon enough to pay current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds. Property taxes receivable Penalty and interest receivable Change due to property taxes	64,44 39,23	
Change due to property taxes		
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ (9,301,598)

Note 2 – Adjustment from Governmental to Government-wide Basis (continued)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 260,285

Governmental funds do not report revenues that are not available to pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the *Statement of Activities* when earned. The difference is for property taxes and related penalties and interest.

11,489

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal uses current financial resources. However, neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Other elements of debt financing are reported differently between the fund and government wide statements.

Principal payments Interest expense 1,555,000 (46,776)

1,508,224

In the *Statement of Activities*, the cost of capital assets is charged to depreciation/amortization expense over the estimated useful life of the asset.

(170,122)

Change in net position of governmental activities

1,609,876

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk as it applies to deposits (i.e. cash certificates of deposit) is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the depository institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities. The *Public Funds Collateral Act* (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) requires that all of the District's deposits with financial institutions be covered by federal depository insurance and, if necessary, pledged collateral held by a third-party custodian. The act further specifies the types of securities that can be used as collateral. The District's written investment policy establishes additional requirements for collateralization of deposits.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments

The District is authorized by the *Public Funds Investment Act* (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code) to invest in the following: (1) obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including Federal Home Loan Banks, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities, (3) certain collateralized mortgage obligations, (4) other obligations, which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, (5) certain A rated or higher obligations of states and political subdivisions of any state, (6) bonds issued, assumed or guaranteed by the State of Israel, (7) certain insured or collateralized certificates of deposit and share certificates, (8) certain fully collateralized repurchase agreements, (9) bankers' acceptances with limitations, (10) commercial paper rated A-1 or P-1 or higher and a maturity of 270 days or less, (11) no-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds, with limitations, (12) certain guaranteed investment contracts, (13) certain qualified governmental investment pools and (14) a qualified securities lending program.

The District has adopted a written investment policy to establish the principles by which the District's investment program should be managed. This policy further restricts the types of investments in which the District may invest.

As of August 31, 2024, the District's investments consist of the following:

Type	Fund	Carrying Value	Percentage of Total	Rating	Weighted Average Maturity
Certificates of deposit	Debt Service	\$ 242,275	11%		
TexSTAR	General Debt Service	646,255 1,385,829 2,032,084	89%	AAAm	29 days
Total		\$ 2,274,359	100%		

The District's investments in certificates of deposit are reported at cost.

TexSTAR

The Texas Short Term Asset Reserve fund ("TexSTAR") is managed by Hilltop Securities, and J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. Hilltop Securities provides participant and marketing services while J.P. Morgan provides investment management services. Custodial and depository services are provided by J.P. Morgan Chase Bank N.A. or its subsidiary.

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments (continued)

TexSTAR (continued)

TexSTAR uses amortized cost rather than fair value to report net assets to compute share price. Accordingly, investments in TexSTAR are stated at amortized cost which approximates fair value. Investments in TexSTAR may be withdrawn via wire transfer on a same day basis, as long as the transaction is executed by 4 p.m. ACH withdrawals made by 4 p.m. will settle on the next business day.

Investment Credit and Interest Rate Risk

Investment credit risk is the risk that the investor may not recover the value of an investment from the issuer, while interest rate risk is the risk that the value of an investment will be adversely affected by changes in interest rates. The District's investment policies do not address investment credit and interest rate risk beyond the rating and maturity restrictions established by state statutes.

Note 4 – Interfund Balances and Transactions

Amounts due to/from other funds at August 31, 2024, consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	mounts	Purpose
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	\$	939	Maintenance tax collections not
				remitted as of year end
General Fund	Debt Service Fund		10,000	Arbitrage rebate analysis costs
				paid by the General Fund

Amounts reported as internal balances between funds are considered temporary balances and will be paid during the following fiscal year.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets, for the year ended August 31, 2024, is as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Additions	Ending Balances
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized			
Impact fees	\$ 2,679,541	\$ -	\$ 2,679,541
Parks and recreational facilities	1,058,720		1,058,720
	3,738,261		3,738,261
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization			
Impact fees	(1,100,210)	(99,541)	(1,199,751)
Parks and recreational facilities	(678,932)	(70,581)	(749,513)
	(1,779,142)	(170,122)	(1,949,264)
Capital assets, net	\$ 1,959,119	\$ (170,122)	\$ 1,788,997

Depreciation/amortization expense for the current fiscal year was \$170,122.

Note 6 – Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

Bonds payable	\$	13,735,000
Unamortized discounts		(71,185)
Unamortized premiums		181,643
	\$	13,845,458
Dysa yyithin ana yyan	•	1 (10 000
Due within one year	Ð	1,610,000

Note 6 – Long-Term Debt (continued)

The District's bonds payable at August 31, 2024, consists of unlimited tax bonds as follows:

	Maturity Date,								
			Serially, Interest						
	Amounts	Original	Interest	Beginning/	Payment	Call			
Series	Outstanding	Issue	Rates	Ending	Dates	Dates			
2014	\$ 1,370,000	\$ 3,770,000	2.00% - 3.25%	September 1,	March 1,	September 1,			
Refunding				2015/2032	September 1	2022			
2014A	2,480,000	4,390,000	2.00% - 3.50%	September 1,	March 1,	September 1,			
				2015/2032	September 1	2022			
2015	670,000	1,450,000	2.00% - 3.25%	September 1,	March 1,	September 1,			
Park				2016/2032	September 1	2022			
2019	4,270,000	4,970,000	2.00% - 3.00%	September 1,	March 1,	September 1,			
Refunding				2020/2032	September 1	2025			
2020	3,375,000	5,170,000	2.00% - 4.00%	September 1,	March 1,	September 1,			
Refunding				2021/2030	September 1	2026			
2021	1,570,000	2,080,000	1.50% - 4.00%	September 1,	March 1,	September 1,			
Refunding				2022/2032	September 1	2026			
	\$ 13,735,000								

Payments of principal and interest on all series of bonds are to be provided from taxes levied on all properties within the District. Investment income realized by the Debt Service Fund from investment of idle funds will be used to pay outstanding bond principal and interest. The District is in compliance with the terms of its bond resolutions.

At August 31, 2024, the District had authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$4,970,000 for water, sewer and drainage facilities; \$2,165,000 for park and recreational facilities and \$20,593,808 for refunding purposes.

The change in the District's long-term debt during the year is as follows:

Bonds payable, beginning of year	\$ 15,290,000
Bonds retired	 (1,555,000)
Bonds payable, end of year	\$ 13,735,000

Note 6 – Long-Term Debt (continued)

The debt service payment due September 1 was made during the current fiscal year. The following schedule was prepared presuming this practice will continue. As of August 31, 2024, annual debt service requirements on bonds outstanding are as follows:

Year	Principal		Interest		Totals
2025	\$ 1,610,000	\$	395,782	\$	2,005,782
2026	1,665,000		340,606		2,005,606
2027	1,720,000		283,057		2,003,057
2028	1,760,000		242,800		2,002,800
2029	1,790,000		200,250		1,990,250
2030	1,755,000		151,475		1,906,475
2031	1,840,000		102,525		1,942,525
2032	1,595,000		47,892		1,642,892
	\$ 13,735,000	\$	1,764,387	\$	15,499,387

Note 7 – Property Taxes

On November 6, 2001, the voters of the District authorized the District's Board of Directors to levy taxes annually for use in financing general operations limited to \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed value. The District's bond resolutions require that property taxes be levied for use in paying interest and principal on long-term debt and for use in paying the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. Taxes levied to finance debt service requirements on long-term debt are without limitation as to rate or amount.

All property values and exempt status, if any, are determined by the Galveston Central Appraisal District. Assessed values are determined as of January 1 of each year, at which time a tax lien attaches to the related property. Taxes are levied around October/November, are due upon receipt and are delinquent the following February 1. Penalty and interest attach thereafter.

Property taxes are collected based on rates adopted in the year of the levy. The District's 2024 fiscal year was financed through the 2023 tax levy, pursuant to which the District levied property taxes of \$0.405 per \$100 of assessed value, of which \$0.045 was allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.36 was allocated to debt service. The resulting tax levy was \$2,239,829 on the adjusted taxable value of \$553,044,111.

Property taxes receivable, at August 31, 2024, consisted of the following:

Current year taxes receivable	\$ 18,721
Prior years taxes receivable	45,727
	 64,448
Penalty and interest receivable	39,234
Property taxes receivable	\$ 103,682

Note 8 – Utility Agreement with the City of League City

In November 2001, the District entered into a utility agreement with the City of League City (the "City") for construction and extension of water distribution lines, sanitary sewer collection systems, and drainage facilities to serve the District. As the system is acquired or constructed, the District shall transfer the system to the City but will reserve a security interest in the system and provide service to all users in the District. The term of the agreement is 40 years. Water and sewer rates charged by the City to users in the District, shall be the same rates charged to similar users within the City. All revenue derived from these charges belongs to the City.

Note 9 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and personal injuries. The risk of loss is covered by commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

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Required Supplementary Information

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$	240,000	\$	247,558	\$	7,558
Investment earnings		8,000		30,262		22,262
Total Revenues		248,000		277,820		29,820
Expenditures						
Operating and administrative						
Professional fees		49,500		51,180		(1,680)
Contracted services		17,000		16,175		825
Administrative		12,200		13,508		(1,308)
Total Expenditures		78,700		80,863		(2,163)
Revenues Over Expenditures		169,300		196,957		27,657
Fund Balance						
Beginning of the year		468,489		468,489		
End of the year	\$	637,789	\$	665,446	\$	27,657

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 Notes to Required Supplementary Information August 31, 2024

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual unappropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund by the District's Board of Directors. The budget is prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. There were no amendments to the budget during the year.

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Texas Supplementary Information

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-1. Services and Rates August 31, 2024

1. Services pr	ovided by the	District D	ouring the Fiscal Ye	ear:				
Retail	Water	W	holesale Water		Solid Was	te/Garbage	\square D ₁	rainage
Retail '	Wastewater	\square W	Tholesale Wastewa	ter I	Flood Cor	ntrol	Irr	rigation
X Parks/	Recreation	Fi	ire Protection		Roads		Se	curity
Partici	pates in joint vo	enture, reg	gional system and/	or wastewate	er service	(other than em	nergency i	nterconnect)
X Other	(Specify):	Water	and sewer service	s provided b	y the City	of League Cit	y	·
	rvice Providers			•		<u> </u>		
	ites for a 5/8":		equivalent):					
	Minir Cha	num	•	Flat Rate (Y / N)	Gallo	per 1,000 ons Over um Usage	Usa	ge Levels
Wastev Surch		<u> </u>						to to to
District	employs winter	averaging	g for wastewater us	sage?	Yes		No	
То	tal charges per	10,000 ga	ıllons usage:	Wate	r	W	astewater	
b. Water	and Wastewate	er Retail C	Connections:					
	Meter Size		Total Connections	Acti Connec		ESFC Fac	ctor	Active ESFC'S
	Unmetered			_		x 1.0		
	less than 3/4'	•				x 1.0		
	1"					x 2.5		
	1.5" 2"					x 5.0		
	2 3"		-			x 8.0 x 15.0		1
	<i>3</i> 4"		-			x 25.0		
	6"			-		x 50.0		
	8"		-			x 80.0		
	10"					x 115.0)	
	Total Water							
,	Γotal Wastewat	ter				x 1.0		

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-1. Services and Rates August 31, 2024

3.	Total Water Consumption during the	fiscal year (rounded	to the nearest th	ousand):	
	Gallons pumped into system:	N/A		untability Ratio led / Gallons p	
	Gallons billed to customers:	N/A	N/A	-	umpeay
4.	Standby Fees (authorized only under	TWC Section 49.231):		
	Does the District have Debt Servi	ce standby fees?		Yes	No X
	If yes, Date of the most recent con	mmission Order:			
	Does the District have Operation	and Maintenance sta	ndby fees?	Yes	No X
	If yes, Date of the most recent con	mmission Order:			
5.	Location of District:				
	Is the District located entirely with	nin one county?	Yes X	No	
	County(ies) in which the District is	s located:	G	alveston Count	у
	Is the District located within a city	⁷ 5	Entirely X	Partly No	ot at all
	City(ies) in which the District is lo	ocated:	Cit	ty of League Ci	ty
	Is the District located within a city	's extra territorial jur	risdiction (ETJ)?		
			Entirely	Partly No	ot at all X
	ETJs in which the District is locate	ed:			
	Are Board members appointed by	an office outside the	e district?	Yes	No X
	If Yes, by whom?				
Sec	e accompanying auditors' report.				

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-2. General Fund Expenditures For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

Professional fees	
Legal	\$ 37,680
Audit	13,500
	51,180
Contracted services	
Bookkeeping	 16,175
Administrative	
Directors fees	5,746
Printing and office supplies	1,298
Insurance	5,704
Other	760
	13,508
Total expenditures	\$ 80,863

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-3. Investments August 31, 2024

Fund	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Bal	ance at End of Year	iterest eivable
General					
TexSTAR	Variable	N/A	\$	646,255	\$
Debt Service					
Certificate of deposit	5.31%	01/21/25		242,275	1,375
TexSTAR	Variable	N/A		1,385,829	
				1,628,104	1,375
Total - All Funds			\$	2,274,359	\$ 1,375

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-4. Taxes Levied and Receivable August 31, 2024

		Ν	Maintenance Taxes	Ι	Debt Service Taxes	Totals
Taxes Receivable, Beginning of Year		\$	5,501	\$	53,331	\$ 58,832
Adjustments			(760)		(5,490)	(6,250)
Adjusted Receivable			4,741		47,841	52,582
2023 Original Tax Levy			236,148		1,889,182	2,125,330
Adjustments			12,722		101,777	114,499
Adjusted Tax Levy			248,870		1,990,959	2,239,829
Total to be accounted for			253,611		2,038,800	2,292,411
Tax collections:						
Current year			246,790		1,974,318	2,221,108
Prior years			768		6,087	6,855
Total Collections			247,558		1,980,405	2,227,963
Taxes Receivable, End of Year		\$	6,053	\$	58,395	\$ 64,448
Taxes Receivable, By Years						
2023		\$	2,080	\$	16,641	\$ 18,721
2022			971		6,977	7,948
2021			565		4,572	5,137
2020 and prior			2,437		30,205	32,642
Taxes Receivable, End of Year		\$	6,053	\$	58,395	\$ 64,448
	2023		2022		2021	2020
Property Valuations:						
Land	\$ 76,222,947	\$	69,926,390	\$	69,926,390	\$ 69,926,390
Improvements	539,918,399		462,128,793		406,317,762	376,012,439
Personal Property	1,558,550		1,254,140		1,244,878	1,356,780
Exemptions	(64,655,785)		(27,528,479)		(16,198,263)	(15,439,606)
Total Property Valuations	\$ 553,044,111	\$	505,780,844	\$	461,290,767	\$ 431,856,003
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation:						
Maintenance tax rates	\$ 0.045	\$	0.055	\$	0.055	\$ 0.05
Debt service tax rates	0.360		0.395		0.445	0.48
Total Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation	\$ 0.405	\$	0.450	\$	0.500	\$ 0.53
Adjusted Tax Levy:	\$ 2,239,829	\$	2,276,014	\$	2,306,454	\$ 2,288,837
Percentage of Taxes Collected	 					
to Taxes Levied **	99.16%		99.65%		99.78%	99.78%

^{*} Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: <u>\$1.50</u> on <u>November 6, 2001</u>

^{**} Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2014 Refunding--by Years August 31, 2024

	Interest Due							
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	March 1,						
Years Ending	September 1	September 1	Total					
2025	\$ 330,000	\$ 47,713	\$ 377,713					
2026	340,000	36,988	376,988					
2027	120,000	25,938	145,938					
2028	120,000	21,738	141,738					
2029	115,000	17,537	132,537					
2030	115,000	13,224	128,224					
2031	115,000	8,912	123,912					
2032	115,000	4,455	119,455					
	\$ 1,370,000	\$ 176,505	\$ 1,546,505					

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2014A--by Years August 31, 2024

Due During Fiscal Years Ending			M	erest Due Iarch 1, tember 1	Total		
2025	\$	250,000	\$	81,106	\$	331,106	
2026		275,000		73,606		348,606	
2027		285,000		65,356		350,356	
2028		300,000		56,450		356,450	
2029		310,000		46,700		356,700	
2030		340,000		36,238		376,238	
2031		350,000		24,763		374,763	
2032		370,000		12,949		382,949	
	\$	2,480,000	\$	397,168	\$	2,877,168	

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2015 Park--by Years August 31, 2024

				erest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due		M	Iarch 1,	
Years Ending	September 1		Sep	tember 1	 Total
2025	\$	95,000	\$	20,688	\$ 115,688
2026		85,000		17,837	102,837
2027		85,000		15,288	100,288
2028		85,000		12,737	97,737
2029		85,000		10,188	95,188
2030		85,000		7,638	92,638
2031		75,000		4,875	79,875
2032		75,000		2,438	 77,438
	\$	670,000	\$	91,689	\$ 761,689

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2019 Refunding--by Years August 31, 2024

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	March 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	September 1	Total
2025	\$ 145,000	\$ 120,050	\$ 265,050
2026	145,000	115,700	260,700
2027	375,000	112,800	487,800
2028	380,000	105,300	485,300
2029	585,000	96,750	681,750
2030	710,000	79,200	789,200
2031	1,095,000	57,900	1,152,900
2032	835,000	25,050	860,050
	\$ 4,270,000	\$ 712,750	\$ 4,982,750

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2020 Refunding--by Years August 31, 2024

			Inte	erest Due		
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due		M			
Years Ending	September 1		Sep	tember 1	_	Total
2025	\$	605,000	\$	92,200	_	\$ 697,200
2026		630,000		68,000		698,000
2027		660,000		42,800		702,800
2028		680,000		29,600		709,600
2029		495,000		16,000		511,000
2030		305,000		6,100		311,100
	\$	3,375,000	\$	254,700	_	\$ 3,629,700

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2021 Refunding--by Years August 31, 2024

	Interest Due				
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	March 1,			
Years Ending	September 1	September 1	Total		
2025	\$ 185,000	\$ 34,025	\$ 219,025		
2026	190,000	28,475	218,475		
2027	195,000	20,875	215,875		
2028	195,000	16 , 975	211,975		
2029	200,000	13,075	213,075		
2030	200,000	9,075	209,075		
2031	205,000	6,075	211,075		
2032	200,000	3,000	203,000		
	\$ 1,570,000	\$ 131,575	\$ 1,701,575		

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements All Bonded Debt Series--by Years August 31, 2024

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	March 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	September 1	Total
2025	\$ 1,610,000	\$ 395,782	\$ 2,005,782
2026	1,665,000	340,606	2,005,606
2027	1,720,000	283,057	2,003,057
2028	1,760,000	242,800	2,002,800
2029	1,790,000	200,250	1,990,250
2030	1,755,000	151,475	1,906,475
2031	1,840,000	102,525	1,942,525
2032	1,595,000	47,892	1,642,892
	\$ 13,735,000	\$ 1,764,387	\$ 15,499,387

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-6. Change in Long-Term Bonded Debt August 31, 2024

	Bond Issue							
	Series 2014 Refunding		Series 2014A		Series 2015 Park			eries 2019 Refunding
Interest rate Dates interest payable Maturity dates	2.00% - 3.25% 3/1; 9/1 9/1/15 - 9/1/32		2.00% - 3.50% 3/1; 9/1 9/1/15 - 9/1/32			00% - 3.25% 3/1; 9/1 /16 - 9/1/32		0% - 3.00% 3/1; 9/1 /20 - 9/1/32
Beginning bonds outstanding	\$	1,695,000	\$	2,720,000	\$	760,000	\$	4,415,000
Bonds retired		(325,000)		(240,000)		(90,000)		(145,000)
Ending bonds outstanding	\$	1,370,000	\$	2,480,000	\$	670,000	\$	4,270,000
Interest paid during fiscal year	\$	57,463	\$	88,306	\$	23,162	\$	124,400
Paying agent's name and city Series 2009A Park All other Series	Bank of New York Mellon Trust Co., N.A., Houston, Texas Bank of New York Mellon Trust Co., N.A., Dallas, Texas							
Bond Authority: Amount Authorized by Voters Amount Issued	Dra \$	er, Sewer and hinage Bonds 34,200,000 (29,230,000)	P \$	ark Bonds 4,805,000 (2,640,000)	\$	Refunding Bonds 22,200,000 (1,606,192)	,	
Remaining To Be Issued All bonds are secured with tax reve with taxes.	\$ nues. I	4,970,000 Bonds may also	\$ be se	2,165,000 cured with other	\$ er rev	20,593,808 enues in combi	ination	1
Debt Service Fund cash and investi	ment b	alances as of A	ugust	31, 2024:			\$	1,659,336
Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term of all debt:					all debt:	\$	1,937,423	

	Bond						
_	Series 2020 Refunding	_	eries 2021 Refunding	Totals			
	terunung	Returning		1000			
2.00% - 4.00%		1.50% - 4.00%					
3/1; 9/1		3/1; 9/1					
9/1	/21 - 9/1/30	9/1	/22 - 9/1/32				
\$	3,955,000	\$	1,745,000	\$	15,290,000		
	(580,000)	(175,000)			(1,555,000)		
\$	3,375,000	\$	1,570,000	\$	13,735,000		
\$	115,400	\$	39,275	\$	448,006		

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-7a. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - General Fund For the Last Five Fiscal Years

	Amounts									
	202			2023	2022		2021			2020
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	247,558	\$	275,939	\$	254,109	\$	215,765	\$	162,071
Investment earnings		30,262		16,256		1,277		336		2,647
Total Revenues		277,820		292,195		255,386		216,101		164,718
Expenditures										
Operating and administrative										
Professional fees		51,180		44,176		49,452		46,764		51,821
Contracted services		16,175		17,050		16,719		14,188		13,650
Administrative		13,508		5,966		14,580		10,631		12,644
Debt service										
Interest and fees						5,807		1,100		2,850
Early extinguishment of debt						260,000		150,000		300,000
Total Expenditures		80,863		67,192		346,558		222,683		380,965
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	\$	196,957	\$	225,003	\$	(91,172)	\$	(6,582)	\$	(216,247)

^{*}Percentage is negligible

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
89%	94%	99%	100%	98%
11%	6%	1%	*	2%
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
18%	15%	19%	22%	31%
6%	6%	7%	7%	8%
5%	2%	6%	5%	8%
		2%	1%	2%
		102%	69%	182%
29%	23%	136%	104%	231%
71%	77%	(36%)	(4%)	(131%)

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-7b. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Debt Service Fund For the Last Five Fiscal Years

			Amounts		
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 1,980,281	\$ 1,981,241	\$ 2,056,370	\$ 2,074,176	\$ 2,147,668
Penalties and interest	13,218	12,014	6,247	10,627	6,294
Miscellaneous		10			
Investment earnings	135,363	109,494	13,602	3,968	22,926
Total Revenues	2,128,862	2,102,759	2,076,219	2,088,771	2,176,888
Expenditures					
Tax collection services	45,078	48,363	46,069	44,855	40,587
Other	12,500		10,000	2,500	15,000
Debt service					
Principal	1,555,000	1,535,000	1,495,000	1,440,000	1,405,000
Interest and fees	452,956	498,969	543,694	639,038	726,779
Debt issuance costs				34,740	199,601
Total Expenditures	2,065,534	2,082,332	2,094,763	2,161,133	2,386,967
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	\$ 63,328	\$ 20,427	\$ (18,544)	\$ (72,362)	\$ (210,079)

^{*}Percentage is negligible

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
93%	94%	99%	99%	99%
1%	1%	*	1%	*
	*			
6%	5%	1%	*	1%
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
2%	2%	2%	2%	2%
1%		*	*	1%
73%	73%	72%	69%	65%
21%	24%	26%	31%	33%
<u> </u>			2%	9%
97%	99%	100%	104%	110%
3%	1%	-0/0	(4%)	(10%)

Galveston County Municipal Utility District No. 39 TSI-8. Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

Complete District Mailing Address:	3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600, Houston, TX 77027								
District Business Telephone Number:	(713) 860-6400								
Submission Date of the most recent District Registration Form									
(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054): June 4, 2024									
Limit on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year: \$ 7,200									
(Set by Board Resolution TWC Section 49.0600)									
Names:	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed) or Date Hired	Fees of	R	Expense eimburse- ments	Title at Year End				
Board Members									
David Parker	05/22 - 05/26	\$ 1,1	05 \$	199	President				
Courtney Boudreaux	05/24 - 05/28	1,1	05	27	Vice President				
Donna Bane	06/24 - 05/26	6	63	11	Secretary				
Mark Marquis	05/24 - 05/28	1,1	05	33	Assistant Vice President				
Omar Flores	05/24 - 05/28	1,1	05	33	Assistant Secretary				
Rebecca Murphy	05/22 - 06/24	6	63	119	Former Director				
Consultants Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	2003	Amoun Paid	ts		Attorney				
General legal fees		\$ 33,0	04						
Myrtle Cruz, Inc.	2002	15,6	05		Bookkeeper				
Bob Leared Interests, Inc.	2002	21,7	86		Tax Collector				
Galveston Central Appraisal District	Legislation	16,2	01		Property Valuation				
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott LLP	2003	2,0	31		Delinquent Tax Attorney				
Vogler & Spencer Enginnering	2005				Engineer				
McGrath & Co., PLLC	2011	13,5	00		Auditor				
Masterson Adivisors, LLC	2018				Financial Advisor				

^{*} Fees of Office are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.