Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Montgomery County, Texas

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

September 30, 2024



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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Montgomery County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District (the District), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of September 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from

error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Houston, Texas February 25, 2025

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, sanitary sewer and drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities and solid waste collection, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

Summary of Net Position

	2024	2023
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 3,678,675 7,373,798	\$ 2,612,555 7,139,952
Total assets	11,052,473	9,752,507
Deferred outflows of resources	39,809	43,469
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 11,092,282	\$ 9,795,976
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 10,942,685 330,830	\$ 9,680,434 262,867
Total liabilities	11,273,515	9,943,301

Summary of Net Position (Continued)

	2024	2023
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	\$ (2,840,567)	\$ (2,497,013)
Restricted	483,854	342,294
Unrestricted	2,175,480	2,007,394
Total net position	_\$ (181,233)	\$ (147,325)

The total net position of the District decreased by \$33,908, or about 23%. The majority of the decrease in net position is related to depreciation on the District's capital assets. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Summary of Changes in Net Position

	2024	2023
Revenues:	\$ 972,809	\$ 938,617
Property taxes Charges for services	^φ 972,809 893,717	\$ 938,617 806,671
Other revenues	257,975	313,804
	201,010	010,004
Total revenues	2,124,501	2,059,092
Expenses:		
Services	1,395,082	1,301,496
Depreciation	182,728	172,998
Capital recovery fees	-	1,210,500
Debt service	580,599	224,259
Total expenses	2,158,409	2,909,253
Change in net position	(33,908)	(850,161)
Net position, beginning of year	(147,325)	702,836
Net position, end of year	\$ (181,233)	\$ (147,325)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, were \$3,266,509, an increase of \$952,535 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$123,738 due to property taxes and services revenues and investment income exceeding service operations expenditures. In addition, tap connection and inspection fees revenues exceeded related tap connections expenditures.

The debt service fund's fund balance increased by \$139,648 due to property tax revenues exceeding bond principal and interest requirements and contracted services expenditures.

The capital projects fund's fund balance increased by \$689,149 primarily due to net proceeds from the Series 2024 bonds exceeding capital outlay expenditures, debt issuance costs and repayment of developer advances.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to property taxes and sewer service revenues and repairs and maintenance expenditures being higher than anticipated, as well as tap connection and inspection fees revenues and professional fees expenditures being lower than anticipated. The fund balance as of September 30, 2024, was expected to be \$2,105,656 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$2,115,035.

Capital Assets and Related Debt

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

	 2024	 2023
Land and improvements Water facilities Wastewater facilities Drainage facilities	\$ 1,017,807 1,472,404 2,009,068 2,874,519	\$ 1,017,807 1,420,042 1,962,407 2,739,696
Total capital assets	\$ 7,373,798	\$ 7,139,952
Additions to capital assets during the current year are as follows:		
Water, sewer and drainage facilities to serve Glen Oaks, Section 3 Water, sewer and drainage facilities to serve Glen	\$ 157,393	
Oaks, Section 5	 259,181	
Total additions to capital assets	\$ 416,574	

Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 9,680,434
Increases in long-term debt	4,436,884
Decreases in long-term debt	(3,174,633)
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 10,942,685

The developer of the District has constructed water, sewer and drainage facilities on behalf of the District. The District is maintaining and operating the facilities and has agreed to reimburse the developer for these construction costs and interest to the extent approved by the Commission from the proceeds of future bond sales. At September 30, 2024, a liability for developer-constructed capital assets of \$1,645,099 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Since inception, the developer has advanced \$220,000 to the District for operations. The District has agreed to reimburse these amounts, plus interest, to the extent approved by the Commission from the proceeds of future bond sales. These advances have been recorded as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

At September 30, 2024, the District had \$14,185,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District.

The District's bonds carry an underlying rating of "Baa3" from Moody's Ratings. The Series 2022 and Series 2024 bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company.

Other Relevant Factors

Relationship to the City of Magnolia (the City)

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City, the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District.

Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet September 30, 2024

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Net Position
Assets						
Cash	\$ 150,441	\$ 32,103	\$ 495	\$ 183,039	\$-	\$ 183,039
Certificates of deposit	1,205,000	300,000	-	1,505,000	-	1,505,000
Short-term investments	763,135	160,108	732,395	1,655,638	-	1,655,638
Receivables:	44.445	45.004		00.000		00.000
Property taxes	14,445	15,364	-	29,809	-	29,809
Service accounts (net of allowance for uncollectable accounts of \$15,000)	215,978	_	_	215.978	_	215,978
Accrued penalty and interest	215,570	-	-	213,370	21.165	21,165
Accrued interest	18,251	3,795	-	22,046		22,046
Due from others	-	-	-	-	46,000	46,000
Interfund receivables	57,896	-	-	57,896	(57,896)	-
Capital assets (net of accumulated						
depreciation):						
Land and improvements	-	-	-	-	1,017,807	1,017,807
Infrastructure				-	6,355,991	6,355,991
Total assets	2,425,146	511,370	732,890	3,669,406	7,383,067	11,052,473
	2,420,140	011,070	102,000	0,000,400	1,000,001	11,002,470
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
Deferred amount on debt refundings					39,809	39,809
Total assets and deferred	• • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • •	A =00.000	* • • • • • • •	• = 400 0=0	*
outflows of resources	\$ 2,425,146	\$ 511,370	\$ 732,890	\$ 3,669,406	\$ 7,422,876	\$ 11,092,282
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 117,241	\$ 3,821	\$ 2,817	\$ 123,879	\$-	\$ 123,879
Accrued interest payable	-	12,888	-	12,888	15,638	28,526
Customer deposits	178,425	-	-	178,425	-	178,425
Interfund payables	-	19,646	38,250	57,896	(57,896)	-
Long-term liabilities:						
Due within one year	-	-	-	-	330,000	330,000
Due after one year				-	10,612,685	10,612,685
Total liabilities	295,666	36,355	41,067	373,088	10,900,427	11,273,515
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
		45.004		00.000	(00.000)	
Deferred property tax revenues	14,445	15,364	-	29,809	(29,809)	-
Fund Balances/Net Position						
Fund balances:						
Restricted for:						
Unlimited tax bonds	-	459,651	-	459,651	(459,651)	-
Water, sewer and drainage	-	-	691,823	691,823	(691,823)	-
Assigned to future expenditures	22.080	-	-	22,080	(22,080)	-
Unassigned	2.092.955	-	-	2,092,955	(2,092,955)	-
onasigned	2,002,000			2,032,300	(2,002,000)	
Total fund balances	2,115,035	459,651	691,823	3,266,509	(3,266,509)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources and fund balances	\$ 2,425,146	\$ 511,370	\$ 732,890	\$ 3,669,406		
	÷ _, 120, 170	+ 011,010	÷ .02,000	\$ 2,300,100		
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets					(2,840,567)	(2,840,567)
Restricted for debt service					480,542	480,542
Restricted for capital projects					400,542 3,312	3,312
Unrestricted					2,175,480	2,175,480
GilleSulcleu					2,173,400	2,173,400
Total net position					\$ (181,233)	\$ (181,233)

Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended September 30, 2024

_	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total	Adjustments	Statement of Activities
Revenues Property taxes	\$ 427,366	\$ 548,255	\$-	\$ 975,621	\$ (2,812)	\$ 972,809
Water service	429,655	-	-	429,655	-	429,655
Sewer service	326,125	-	-	326,125	-	326,125
Regional water fee	137,937	-	-	137,937	-	137,937
Penalty and interest	59,693	11,457	-	71,150	1,726	72,876
Tap connection and inspection fees	48,638	-	-	48,638	-	48,638
Investment income	104,924	30,823	683	136,430	-	136,430
Other income	31		-	31		31
Total revenues	1,534,369	590,535	683	2,125,587	(1,086)	2,124,501
Expenditures/Expenses						
Service operations:						
Purchased services	394,790	-	-	394,790	(46,000)	348,790
Regional water authority	145,603	-	-	145,603	-	145,603
Professional fees	134,365	1,087	-	135,452	2,758	138,210
Contracted services	284,711	17,890	-	302,601	317	302,918
Utilities	2,664	-	-	2,664	-	2,664
Repairs and maintenance	300,420	-	-	300,420	45,182	345,602
Other expenditures	81,996	8,354	45	90,395	-	90,395
Tap connections	20,900	-	-	20,900	-	20,900
Capital outlay	45,182	-	2,359,812	2,404,994	(2,404,994)	-
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	182,728	182,728
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	-	225,000	-	225,000	(225,000)	-
Interest and fees	-	198,556	-	198,556	74,991	273,547
Debt issuance costs		<u> </u>	307,052	307,052		307,052
Total expenditures/expenses	1,410,631	450,887	2,666,909	4,528,427	(2,370,018)	2,158,409
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	123,738	139,648	(2,666,226)	(2,402,840)	2,368,932	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Repayment of developer advances			(1,010,240)	(1,010,240)	1,010,240	
General obligation bonds issued	-	-	4,500,000	4,500,000	(4,500,000)	
Discount on debt issued	-	-	(134,385)	(134,385)	(4,300,000) 134,385	
			<u></u>	<u></u>		
Total other financing sources		<u> </u>	3,355,375	3,355,375	(3,355,375)	
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over						
Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	123,738	139,648	689,149	952,535	(952,535)	
Change in Net Position					(33,908)	(33,908)
Fund Balances/Net Position						
Beginning of year	1,991,297	320,003	2,674	2,313,974		(147,325)
End of year	\$ 2,115,035	\$ 459,651	\$ 691,823	\$ 3,266,509	\$-	\$ (181,233)

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective March 12, 2004, in accordance with the Texas Water Code. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater and drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial burdens on, the District.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of water, wastewater, drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

Capital Project Fund – The capital project fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlays.

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

Pension Costs

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

Property Taxes

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2023 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, the 2023 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45
Drainage facilities	10-45

Deferred Amount on Debt Refundings

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt in a debt refunding is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt whichever is shorter. Such amounts are classified as deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

Debt Issuance Costs

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 7,373,798
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund financial statements.	29,809
Penalty and interest on delinquent taxes is not receivable in the current period and is not reported in the funds.	21,165
Amount due from others is not receivable in the current period and is not reported in the funds.	46,000
Deferred amount on debt refundings for governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	39,809
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	(15,638)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	 (10,942,685)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ (3,447,742)

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

Change in fund balances.	\$ 952,535
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense and noncapitalized costs in the current period.	2,174,009

Governmental funds report developer advances as other financing sources or uses as amounts are received or paid. However, for government-wide financial statements, these amounts are recorded as an increase or decrease in due to developer.	\$ 1,010,240
Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of bonds because they provide current financial resources to governmental funds. Principal payments on debt are recorded as expenditures. None of these transactions, however, have any effect on net position.	(4,275,000)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred	
and amortized in the statement of activities.	134,385
Revenues collected in the current year, which have previously been reported in the statement of activities, are reported as revenues in the governmental funds.	(1,086)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are	(20.004)
not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	 (28,991)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$ (33,908)

Note 2. Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At September 30, 2024, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment

rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in TexPool, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas has oversight of TexPool. The District's investments in TexPool are reported at amortized cost.

At September 30, 2024, the District had the following investments and maturities:

		I	Maturities in Year	S	
Туре	Amortized Cost	Less Than 1	1-5	6-10	More Than 10
TexPool	<u>\$ 1,655,638</u>	<u>\$ 1,655,638</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$</u>

Interest Rate Risk. As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At September 30, 2024, the District's investments in TexPool were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheet at September 30, 2024, as follows:

Carrying value: Deposits Investments	\$ 1,688,039 1,655,638
Total	\$ 3,343,677
Included in the following statement of net position captions:	
Cash Certificates of deposit Short-term investments	\$ 183,039 1,505,000 1,655,638
Total	\$ 3,343,677

Investment Income

Investment income of \$136,430 for the year ended September 30, 2024, consisted of interest income.

Note 3. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended September 30, 2024, is presented as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year	Additions	Balances, End of Year
Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land and improvements	\$ 1,017,807	\$ -	\$ 1,017,807
Capital assets, depreciable: Water production and distribution facilities Wastewater collection and treatment facilities Drainage facilities	1,836,486 2,625,872 3,239,867	95,971 109,026 211,577	1,932,457 2,734,898 3,451,444
Total capital assets, depreciable	7,702,225	416,574	8,118,799
Less accumulated depreciation: Water production and distribution facilities Wastewater collection and treatment facilities Drainage facilities	(416,444) (663,465) (500,171)	(43,609) (62,365) (76,754)	(460,053) (725,830) (576,925)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,580,080)	(182,728)	(1,762,808)
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 7,139,952	\$ 233,846	\$ 7,373,798

Note 4. Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2024, were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year	Increases	Decreases	Balances, End of Year	Amounts Due in One Year
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 5,045,000	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 225,000	\$ 9,320,000	\$ 330,000
Add premiums on bonds	1,699	-	143	1,556	-
Less discounts on bonds	113,151	134,385	3,566	243,970	
	4,933,548	4,365,615	221,577	9,077,586	330,000
Due to developer:					
Construction	3,516,646	71,269	1,942,816	1,645,099	-
Advances	1,230,240		1,010,240	220,000	-
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 9,680,434	\$ 4.436.884	\$ 3,174,633	\$ 10,942,685	\$ 330.000

General Obligation Bonds

	Series 2016	Refunding Series 2017
Amounts outstanding, September 30, 2024	\$900,000	\$1,065,000
Interest rates	2.00% to 3.75%	2.00% to 4.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2025/2038	September 1, 2025/2033
Interest payment dates	March 1/ September 1	March 1/ September 1
Callable dates*	September 1, 2022	September 1, 2023
	Series 2022	Series 2024
Amounts outstanding, September 30, 2024	\$2,855,000	\$4,500,000
Interest rates	3.25% to 5.50%	4.00% to 6.50%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2025/2047	September 1, 2025/2049
Interest payment dates	March 1/ September 1	March 1/ September 1
Callable dates*	September 1, 2028	September 1, 2030

*Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at September 30, 2024:

Year	 Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$ 330,000	\$	380,981	\$	710,981
2026	340,000		366,206		706,206
2027	355,000		350,068		705,068
2028	365,000		332,970		697,970
2029	375,000		315,744		690,744
2030-2034	1,990,000		1,340,000		3,330,000
2035-2039	1,840,000		961,237		2,801,237
2040-2044	1,840,000		604,400		2,444,400
2045-2049	 1,885,000		210,000		2,095,000
Total	\$ 9,320,000	\$	4,861,606	\$	14,181,606

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted	\$ 25,000,000
Bonds sold	10,815,000
Refunding bonds voted	25,000,000
Refunding bonds authorization used	110,000

Due to Developer

The developer of the District has constructed water, sewer and drainage facilities on behalf of the District. The District is maintaining and operating the facilities and has agreed to reimburse the developer for these construction costs and interest to the extent approved by the Commission from the proceeds of future bond sales. The District's engineer estimates reimbursable costs for completed projects are \$1,645,099. These amounts have been recorded in the financial statements as long-term liabilities.

The developer of the District has advanced \$220,000 to the District for operating expenses. The District has agreed to reimburse these amounts, plus interest, to the extent approved by the Commission from the proceeds of future bond sales. The amounts have been recorded in the financial statements as long-term liabilities.

Note 5. Significant Bond Resolutions and Commission Requirements

The Bond Resolutions require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended September 30, 2024, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.4500 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$549,090 on the taxable valuation of \$122,020,008 for the 2023 tax year. The interest and principal requirements paid from the tax revenues and available resources were \$421,156.

Note 6. Maintenance Taxes

At an election held May 15, 2004, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended September 30, 2024, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.3500 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$427,070 on the taxable valuation of \$122,020,008 for the 2023 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

Note 7. Water and Sanitary Sewer Supply Agreement

On August 27, 2002, a developer of land in the District entered into a Potable Water and Sanitary Sewer Supply Agreement (the Agreement) with the City of Magnolia (the City) on behalf of the District. On March 28, 2006, the developer assigned its rights and obligations under the Agreement to the District. On October 28, 2008, the City and the District entered into a First Amendment to the Agreement to clarify certain matters. On May 1, 2016, the City and the District entered into a Second Amendment to the Agreement, which supersedes and replaces the terms of the First Amendment. Under the terms of the Agreement, as amended, the City is obligated to provide water and sanitary sewer service to 924 residential connections and 15 acres of commercial development within the District. The District is obligated to pay the City a capital recovery charge for residential water and sewer connections for capacity in the City's system, as established and adjusted according to the terms of the

Agreement, as amended. The District is obligated to pay the City water and sewer service fees based on actual usage in the District according to the applicable City water and sewer rates. During the current year, the District incurred \$494,393 in water and sewer service costs under the Agreement.

Note 8. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.

Required Supplementary Information

Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2024

Revenues		Original Budget		Actual	Fa	ariance avorable favorable)
	\$	204 200	\$	407.000	\$	22 566
Property taxes Water service	φ	394,800 424,000	φ	427,366 429,655	Φ	32,566
Sewer service		424,000 290,700		429,655 326,125		5,655
Regional water fee		290,700 148,000		326,125 137,937		35,425
Penalty and interest		42,500		59,693		(10,063) 17,193
Tap connection and inspection fees		42,500		48,638		
Investment income		102,100		40,030 104,924		(53,462) (1,950)
Other income		- 100,074		104,924 31		(1,950) 31
Total revenues		1,508,974		1,534,369		25,395
Expenditures						
Service operations:						
Purchased services		370,100		394,790		(24,690)
Regional water authority		148,000		145,603		2,397
Professional fees		179,000		134,365		44,635
Contracted services		262,100		284,711		(22,611)
Utilities		2,500		2,664		(164)
Repairs and maintenance		238,235		300,420		(62,185)
Other expenditures		104,730		81,996		22,734
Tap connections		39,950		20,900		19,050
Capital outlay		50,000		45,182		4,818
Total expenditures		1,394,615		1,410,631		(16,016)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures Over Expenditures		114,359		123,738		9,379
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,991,297		1,991,297		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,105,656	\$	2,115,035	\$	9,379

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during fiscal 2024.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.

Supplementary Information

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

- [X] Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 10-20
- [X] Schedule of Services and Rates
- [X] Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
- [X] Schedule of Temporary Investments
- [X] Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
- [X] Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years
- [X] Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt
- [X] Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures General Fund and Debt Service Fund Five Years
- [X] Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

1. Services provided by the District:

X Retail Water	Wholesale Water	X Drainage
X Retail Wastewater	Wholesale Wastewater	Irrigation
X Parks/Recreation	Fire Protection	Security
X Solid Waste/Garbage	Flood Control	Roads
Participates in joint venture, regional sy	stem and/or wastewater service (of	ther than emergency interconnect)
X Other Wholesale water and wastewat	er services provided to the District	by the City of Magnolia.

2. Retail service providers

a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter (or equivalent):

	Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate Per 1,000 Gallons Over Minimum	Usage Levels
Water:	\$ 39.00	0	N	\$ 2.90	1 to No Limit
Wastewater:	\$ 28.20	0	N	\$ 2.80	1 to No Limit
Regional water fee:	\$ 3.16	0	N	\$ 3.16	1 to No Limit
Does the District employ wi	nter averaging for	wastewater usag	le?		Yes <u>No X</u>
Total charges per 10,000 g	allons usage (inclu	ding fees):	Wa	ter <u>\$ 99.60</u>	Wastewater <u>\$ 56.20</u>

Total charges per 10,000 gallons usage (including fees):

b. Water and wastewater retail connections:

Meter Size	Total Connections	Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFC*
Unmetered	-	-	x1.0	-
≤ 3/4"	686	686	x1.0	686
1"	7	7	x2.5	18
1 1/2"	2	2	x5.0	10
2"	-	-	x8.0	-
3"	-	-	x15.0	-
4"	-	-	x25.0	-
6"	-	-	x50.0	-
8"	1	1	x80.0	80
10"	-	-	x115.0	-
12"	-	-	x330.0	-
Total water	696	696		794
Total wastewater	688	688	x1.0	688
. Total water consumption (in thousands) during the	he fiscal year:			
Gallons pumped into the system:	-			46,152
Gallons billed to customers:				45,206

Water accountability ratio (gallons billed/gallons pumped):

*"ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

3.

97.95%

Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended September 30, 2024

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 20,000 77,826 36,539 -	134,365
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		394,790
Regional Water Authority		145,603
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security Other contracted services	 61,252 - - - - 80,535	141,787
Utilities		2,664
Repairs and Maintenance		300,420
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	8,177 8,053 8,170 57,596	81,996
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	- 45,182	45,182
Tap Connection Expenditures		20,900
Solid Waste Disposal		142,924
Fire Fighting		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		 -
Total expenditures		\$ 1,410,631

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Accrued Interest Receivable	
General Fund					
Certificates of Deposit					
No. 12911	5.25%	05/31/25	\$ 235,000	\$ 3,988	
No. 440059988	5.50%	11/09/24	100,000	2,110	
No. 6828593	5.05%	01/29/25	100,000	872	
No. 4205969	5.00%	06/24/25	235,000	3,155	
No. 107569	5.08%	07/29/25	100,000	877	
No. 6000068301	5.50%	04/08/25	100,000	2,109	
No. 6000068368	5.50%	02/07/25	100,000	2,110	
No. 9009004873	5.23%	03/27/25	235,000	3,030	
TexPool	4.98%	Demand	763,135	<u>-</u>	
			1,968,135	18,251	
Debt Service Fund					
Certificates of Deposit					
No. 6000068350	5.50%	02/07/25	100,000	2,110	
No. 9009005854	5.15%	08/01/25	100,000	847	
No. 6550143624	5.10%	08/01/25	100,000	838	
TexPool	4.98%	Demand	160,108		
			460,108	3,795	
Capital Projects Fund					
TexPool	4.98%	Demand	732,395		
Totals			\$ 3,160,638	\$ 22,046	

Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended September 30, 2024

	itenance axes	Debt Service Taxes
Receivable, Beginning of Year Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes	\$ 16,097 (1,356)	\$ 16,524 (1,995)
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year	 14,741	 14,529
2023 Original Tax Levy Additions and corrections	 402,888 24,182	 517,999 31,091
Adjusted tax levy	 427,070	 549,090
Total to be accounted for	441,811	563,619
Tax collections: Current year Prior years	 (423,628) (3,738)	 (544,665) (3,590)
Receivable, end of year	\$ 14,445	\$ 15,364
Receivable, by Years 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 2014 2013 2012 2011	\$ 3,442 890 1,448 1,347 1,391 1,031 567 567 671 1,121 954 954 62	\$ 4,425 1,310 702 861 782 1,031 1,360 1,236 1,280 752 787 787 51
Receivable, end of year	\$ 14,445	\$ 15,364

Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended September 30, 2024

(Continued)

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Property Valuations Land Improvements Personal property Exemptions	\$ 35,906,840 96,218,710 1,004,052 (11,109,594)	\$ 19,721,080 95,293,220 1,083,297 (10,881,978)	\$ 18,754,820 58,875,870 1,037,788 (2,143,698)	\$ 11,260,200 46,001,930 1,051,202 (1,639,476)
Total property valuations	\$ 122,020,008	\$ 105,215,619	\$ 76,524,780	\$ 56,673,856
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation Debt service tax rates Maintenance tax rates* Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 0.4500 0.3500 \$ 0.8000	\$ 0.5300 0.3600 \$ 0.8900	\$ 0.3100 0.6400 \$ 0.9500	\$ 0.3900 0.6100 \$ 1.0000
Tax Levy	\$ 976,160	\$ 936,419	\$ 726,986	\$ 566,740
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	99%	99%	99%	99%

*Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.50 on May 15, 2004

**Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

		Se	ries 2016	
Due During Fiscal Years Ending September 30	Principal Due ptember 1	N	erest Due Iarch 1, otember 1	 Total
2025	\$ 50,000	\$	31,525	\$ 81,525
2026	50,000		30,025	80,025
2027	50,000		28,525	78,525
2028	50,000		26,963	76,963
2029	50,000		25,338	75,338
2030	50,000		23,713	73,713
2031	50,000		21,963	71,963
2032	50,000		20,212	70,212
2033	50,000		18,462	68,462
2034	90,000		16,650	106,650
2035	90,000		13,387	103,387
2036	90,000		10,125	100,125
2037	90,000		6,750	96,750
2038	 90,000		3,375	 93,375
Totals	\$ 900,000	\$	277,013	\$ 1,177,013

	Refunding Series 2017						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending September 30		Principal Due ptember 1	N	erest Due Iarch 1, otember 1		Total	
2025	\$	105,000	\$	38,443	\$	143,443	
2026		105,000		35,294		140,294	
2027		110,000		31,881		141,881	
2028		115,000		28,169		143,169	
2029		115,000		24,144		139,144	
2030		125,000		19,975		144,975	
2031		125,000		15,287		140,287	
2032		130,000		10,600		140,600	
2033		135,000		5,400		140,400	
Totals	\$	1,065,000	\$	209,193	\$	1,274,193	

		Se	eries 2022	
Due During Fiscal Years Ending September 30	Principal Due eptember 1	I	erest Due March 1, ptember 1	 Total
2025	\$ 75,000	\$	117,688	\$ 192,688
2026	80,000		113,562	193,562
2027	85,000		109,162	194,162
2028	85,000		104,488	189,488
2029	90,000		99,812	189,812
2030	95,000		96,888	191,888
2031	95,000		93,800	188,800
2032	100,000		90,000	190,000
2033	105,000		86,000	191,000
2034	110,000		81,800	191,800
2035	115,000		77,400	192,400
2036	120,000		72,800	192,800
2037	125,000		68,000	193,000
2038	130,000		63,000	193,000
2039	135,000		57,800	192,800
2040	140,000		52,400	192,400
2041	145,000		46,800	191,800
2042	155,000		41,000	196,000
2043	160,000		34,800	194,800
2044	165,000		28,400	193,400
2045	175,000		21,800	196,800
2046	180,000		14,800	194,800
2047	 190,000		7,600	 197,600
Totals	\$ 2,855,000	\$	1,579,800	\$ 4,434,800

		Se	eries 2024	
Due During Fiscal Years Ending September 30	Principal Due otember 1	ľ	erest Due March 1, ptember 1	 Total
2025	\$ 100,000	\$	193,325	\$ 293,325
2026	105,000		187,325	292,325
2027	110,000		180,500	290,500
2028	115,000		173,350	288,350
2029	120,000		166,450	286,450
2030	125,000		159,250	284,250
2031	130,000		153,000	283,000
2032	135,000		147,800	282,800
2033	140,000		142,400	282,400
2034	150,000		136,800	286,800
2035	155,000		130,800	285,800
2036	165,000		124,600	289,600
2037	170,000		118,000	288,000
2038	180,000		111,200	291,200
2039	185,000		104,000	289,000
2040	195,000		96,600	291,600
2041	205,000		88,800	293,800
2042	215,000		80,600	295,600
2043	225,000		72,000	297,000
2044	235,000		63,000	298,000
2045	245,000		53,600	298,600
2046	255,000		43,800	298,800
2047	265,000		33,600	298,600
2048	280,000		23,000	303,000
2049	 295,000		11,800	 306,800
Totals	\$ 4,500,000	\$	2,795,600	\$ 7,295,600

		Annual Requirements For All Series						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending September 30	Prir	otal ncipal Due	Total Interest Due		Total Principal and Interest Due			
2025	\$	330,000	\$	380,981	\$	710,981		
2026		340,000		366,206		706,206		
2027		355,000		350,068		705,068		
2028		365,000		332,970		697,970		
2029		375,000		315,744		690,744		
2030		395,000		299,826		694,826		
2031		400,000		284,050		684,050		
2032		415,000		268,612		683,612		
2033		430,000		252,262		682,262		
2034		350,000		235,250		585,250		
2035		360,000		221,587		581,587		
2036		375,000		207,525		582,525		
2037		385,000		192,750		577,750		
2038		400,000		177,575		577,575		
2039		320,000		161,800		481,800		
2040		335,000		149,000		484,000		
2041		350,000		135,600		485,600		
2042		370,000		121,600		491,600		
2043		385,000		106,800		491,800		
2044		400,000		91,400		491,400		
2045		420,000		75,400		495,400		
2046		435,000		58,600		493,600		
2047		455,000		41,200		496,200		
2048		280,000		23,000		303,000		
2049		295,000		11,800		306,800		
Totals	\$ 9	9,320,000	\$	4,861,606	\$	14,181,606		

Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt Year Ended September 30, 2024

	Bond Issues									
	Se	ries 2016		efunding eries 2017	S	eries 2022	S	eries 2024		Totals
Interest rates	2.009	% to 3.75%	2.00	0% to 4.00%	3.25	5% to 5.50%	4.0	0% to 6.50%		
Dates interest payable		larch 1/ otember 1		March 1/ eptember 1		March 1/ eptember 1		March 1/ eptember 1		
Maturity dates		tember 1, 25/2038		ptember 1, 025/2033		eptember 1, 2025/2047		eptember 1, 2025/2049		
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$	950,000	\$	1,165,000	\$	2,930,000	\$	-	\$	5,045,000
Bonds sold during the current year		-		-		-		4,500,000		4,500,000
Retirements, principal		50,000		100,000		75,000		-		225,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	\$	900,000	\$	1,065,000	\$	2,855,000	\$	4,500,000	\$	9,320,000
Interest paid during current year	\$	32,900	\$	41,444	\$	121,812	\$	-	\$	196,156

Paying agent's name and address:

Series 2016 - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Houston, Texas

Series 2017 - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Houst	on, Texas			
Series 2022 - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Houst	on, Texas			
Series 2024 - The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Houst	on, Texas			
Bond authority:	Tax Bonds	Other Bonds	F	Refunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters	\$ 25,000,000	\$ -	\$	25,000,000
Amount of authorization issued	\$ 10,815,000	\$-	\$	110,000
Remaining authorization to be issued	\$ 14,185,000	\$-	\$	24,890,000
Debt service fund cash and temporary investment balances as of September 30), 2024:		\$	492,211
Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term	n of all debt:		\$	567,264

Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended September 30,

			Amounts		
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
General Fund					
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 427,366	\$ 378,070	\$ 490,033	\$ 341,994	\$ 343,262
Water service	429,655	383,929	348,763	310,310	279,153
Sewer service	326,125	292,755	263,911	232,573	207,808
Regional water fee	137,937	129,987	121,897	99,652	95,163
Penalty and interest	59,693	40,434	33,764	41,883	25,568
Tap connection and inspection fees	48,638	152,703	21,475	109,224	74,610
Investment income	104,924	85,015	10,895	4,485	11,392
Other income	31		11	11	3,481
Total revenues	1,534,369	1,462,893	1,290,749	1,140,132	1,040,437
Expenditures					
Service operations:					
Purchased services	394,790	347,650	331,131	383,214	242,155
Regional water authority	145,603	146,635	132,698	156,093	80,557
Professional fees	134,365	158,137	136,838	112,290	108,152
Contracted services	284,711	239,254	179,878	169,806	159,536
Utilities	2,664	2,478	2,988	1,375	1,839
Repairs and maintenance	300,420	229,829	121,313	120,688	41,072
Other expenditures	81,996	87,572	54,750	47,962	34,195
Tap connections	20,900	64,350	2,655	37,280	26,235
Capital outlay	45,182	1,019,462	4,500	13,362	-
Debt service, debt issuance costs		11,750		15,323	9,973
Total expenditures	1,410,631	2,307,117	966,751	1,057,393	703,714
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	123,738	(844,224)	323,998	82,739	336,723
Other Financing Sources					
Interfund transfers in	-	-	37,921	-	-
Developer advances received		1,010,240			
Total other financing sources		1,010,240	37,921		
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing					
Sources Over Expenditures and					
Other Financing Uses	123,738	166,016	361,919	82,739	336,723
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,991,297	1,825,281	1,463,362	1,380,623	1,043,900
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 2,115,035	\$ 1,991,297	\$ 1,825,281	\$ 1,463,362	\$ 1,380,623
Total Active Retail Water Connections	696	642	531	478	492
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	688	634	524	470	485

2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
27.8 %	25.8 %	38.0 %	30.0 %	33.0
28.0	26.2	27.0	27.2	26.8
21.3	20.0	20.5	20.4	20.0
9.0	8.9	9.4	8.7	9.1
3.9	2.8	2.6	3.7	2.5
3.2	10.5	1.7	9.6	7.2
6.8	5.8	0.8	0.4	1.1
0.0	<u> </u>	0.0	0.0	0.3
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
25.7	23.8	25.7	33.6	23.3
9.5	10.0	10.3	13.7	7.7
8.7	10.8	10.6	9.8	10.4
18.6	16.3	13.9	14.9	15.3
0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2
19.6	15.7	9.4	10.6	3.9
5.3	6.0	4.2	4.2	3.3
1.4	4.4	0.2	3.3	2.5
2.9	69.7	0.4	1.2	-
	0.8	<u> </u>	1.3	1.0
91.9	157.7	74.9	92.7	67.6

Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended September 30,

						Amounts							
		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020			
Debt Service Fund													
Revenues													
Property taxes	\$	548,255	\$	553,386	\$	238,042	\$	218,830	\$	193,490			
Penalty and interest		11,457		5,890		7,934		3,110		4,863			
Investment income		30,823		22,300		1,841		1,143		6,071			
Other income		-		-				4					
Total revenues		590,535		581,576		247,817		223,087		204,424			
Expenditures													
Current:													
Professional fees		1,087		428		2,465		476		8			
Contracted services		17,890		13,161		12,018		7,937		8,309			
Other expenditures		8,354		11,197		5,833		6,390		4,297			
Debt service:													
Principal retirement		225,000		215,000		145,000		140,000		135,000			
Interest and fees		198,556		206,356		117,428		87,619		90,319			
Total expenditures		450,887		446,142		282,744		242,422		237,933			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues													
Over Expenditures		139,648		135,434		(34,927)		(19,335)		(33,509)			
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		320,003		184,569		219,496		238,831		272,340			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	459,651	\$	320,003	\$	184,569	\$	219,496	\$	238,831			

24	2023	2022	2021	2020
92.9 %	95.2 %	96.1 %	98.1 %	94.6
1.9	1.0	3.2	1.4	2.4
5.2	3.8	0.7	0.5	3.0
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	0.0	-
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.2	0.1	1.0	0.2	0.0
3.0	2.2	4.8	3.5	4.1
1.4	1.9	2.4	2.9	2.1
38.1	37.0	58.5	62.8	66.0
33.6	35.5	47.4	39.3	44.2
76.3	76.7	114.1	108.7	116.4

Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended September 30, 2024

Complete District mailing address:	Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District c/o Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600 Houston, Texas 77027		
District business telephone number:	713.860.6400		
Submission date of the most recent D (TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054)			June 3, 2024
Limit on fees of office that a director n	nay receive during a fiscal year:	\$	7,200

Board Members	Term of Office Elected & mbers <u>Expires</u>		Fees*	pense ursements	Title at Year-End	
Joel R. Scott	Elected 05/24- 05/28	\$	1,989	\$ 60	President	
Brandon Buell	Elected 05/22- 05/26		1,547	117	Vice President	
Rick Nommensen	Elected 05/24- 05/28		1,547	106	Secretary	
John Hammond	Appointed 05/22- 05/26		1,326	36	Assistant Vice President	
Jeff Inabnit	Elected 05/24- 05/28		1,768	224	Assistant Secretary	

*Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

Grand Oaks Municipal Utility District Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended September 30, 2024

Consultants	Date Hired	Fees and Expense Reimbursements	Title
Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	03/12/04	\$88,610 132,031	General Counsel Bond Counsel
Bob Leared Interests	07/27/04	17,484	Tax Assessor/ Collector
Forvis Mazars, LLP	08/23/05	22,500	Auditor
Montgomery Central Appraisal District	Legislative Action	8,371	Appraiser
Municipal Accounts & Consulting, L.P.	03/24/20	68,348	Bookkeeper
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	03/22/05	1,087	Delinquent Tax Attorney
Post Oak Municipal Advisors LLC	04/24/18	88,552	Financial Advisor
Quiddity Engineering, LLC	09/21/18	74,789	Engineer
TNG Utility Corp.	10/25/05	333,712	Operator
Investment Officers		N//	5
Mark Burton and Ghia Lewis	03/24/20	N/A	Bookkeepers