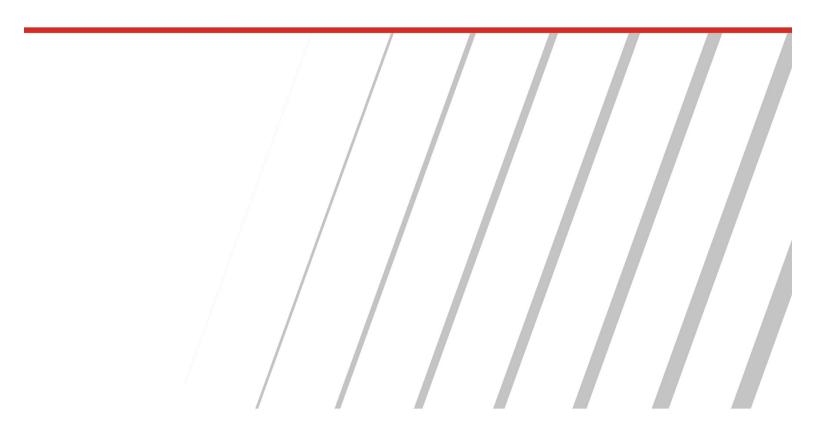
# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 Harris County, Texas

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

December 31, 2023



# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 December 31, 2023

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 Harris County, Texas

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 (the District), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities and each major fund of the District, as of December 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance



Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 Page 2

and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Board of Directors Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 Page 3

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

# FORVIS, LLP

Houston, Texas May 8, 2024

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and water, sewer and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

#### Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds, in general, charge customers for the services that are provided. These funds use a long-term financial accounting approach, full accrual basis and provide additional information in the statement of cash flows. The proprietary fund statements provide the same information as the business-type activities portion of the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

#### 2023 Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	14,801,359 2,066,136	\$	5,770,499 29,234,497	\$ 20,571,858 31,300,633
Total assets		16,867,495		35,004,996	 51,872,491
Deferred outflows of resources		520,856		-	 520,856
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	17,388,351	\$	35,004,996	\$ 52,393,347
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$	10,102,039 1,566,798	\$	- 2,051,524	\$ 10,102,039 3,618,322
Total liabilities		11,668,837		2,051,524	 13,720,361
Deferred inflows of resources		2,848,825		-	 2,848,825
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted		(7,515,047) 1,518,683 8,867,053		29,068,359 3,885,113	 21,553,312 1,518,683 12,752,166
Total net position	\$	2,870,689	\$	32,953,472	\$ 35,824,161

#### 2022 Summary of Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	12,770,804 2,068,620	\$	6,373,288 29,213,154	\$	19,144,092 31,281,774
Total assets		14,839,424		35,586,442		50,425,866
Deferred outflows of resources		563,926		-		563,926
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	15,403,350	\$	35,586,442	\$	50,989,792
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$	10,933,262 1,484,539	\$	- 1,435,024	\$	10,933,262 2,919,563
Total liabilities		12,417,801		1,435,024		13,852,825
Deferred inflows of resources		2,687,972		-		2,687,972
Net position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total net position	\$	(8,300,716) 1,555,471 7,042,822 297,577		29,213,154 - 4,938,264 34,151,418		20,912,438 1,555,471 11,981,086 34,448,995
rotar net position	\$	291,311	φ	34,131,418	φ	34,440,995

The net position of the District's governmental activities increased by \$2,573,112, or about 865%. The majority of the increase in net position is due to the City of Houston (the City) rebate revenue in excess of contractual economic development payments, maintenance tax and service revenues in excess of service operation expenses and property tax revenues intended to pay principal on the District's bonded indebtedness, which is shown as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

The net position of the District's business-type activities decreased by \$1,197,946, or about 4%. The majority of the decrease in net position is related to depreciation expense on the capital assets of the business-type activities. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governmental Activities		=		Total
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	1,267,369	\$	6,854,807	\$ 8,122,176
City of Houston rebates		2,855,453		-	2,855,453
General revenues:					
Property taxes		2,517,441		-	2,517,441
Other revenues		512,881		677,711	 1,190,592
Total revenues		7,153,144		7,532,518	 14,685,662
Expenses:					
Services		1,394,995		7,403,017	8,798,012
Depreciation		2,484		1,327,447	1,329,931
Debt service, interest and fees		469,872		-	469,872
Economic development payment		2,712,681		-	 2,712,681
Total expenses		4,580,032		8,730,464	 13,310,496
Change in net position		2,573,112		(1,197,946)	1,375,166
Net position, beginning of year		297,577		34,151,418	 34,448,995
Net position, end of year	\$	2,870,689	\$	32,953,472	\$ 35,824,161

#### 2023 Summary of Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	1,089,352	\$	7,442,450	\$ 8,531,802
City of Houston rebates		2,772,330		-	2,772,330
General revenues:					
Property taxes		2,312,315		-	2,312,315
Other revenues		118,585		372,726	 491,311
Total revenues		6,292,582		7,815,176	 14,107,758
Expenses:					
Services		1,400,683		7,807,527	9,208,210
Depreciation		2,484		1,204,605	1,207,089
Debt service, interest and fees		493,313		-	493,313
Economic development payment		2,633,714			 2,633,714
Total expenses		4,530,194		9,012,132	 13,542,326
Change in net position		1,762,388		(1,196,956)	565,432
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		(1,464,811)		35,348,374	 33,883,563
Net position, end of year	\$	297,577	\$	34,151,418	\$ 34,448,995

#### 2022 Summary of Changes in Net Position

#### **Financial Analysis of the District's Funds**

#### **Governmental Activities**

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$1,824,967, primarily due to property taxes and service revenues and investment income exceeding service operation expenditures, City rebate revenues exceeding the related economic development expenditures, and tap connection and inspection fees revenues exceeding the related tap connection expenditures.

The debt service fund's fund balance decreased by \$28,458 because bond principal and interest requirements exceeded property tax revenues and investment income.

#### **Business-Type Activities**

The enterprise fund's net position decreased by \$1,197,946, primarily due to depreciation expense on the capital assets of the business-type activities.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to the City rebate revenues being recorded at gross, while the District budgets their amount after the economic development expenditure. The economic development payment is shown as an expenditure, which is not separately budgeted for. In addition, tap connection and inspection fee revenues and investment income were greater than anticipated and other expenditures were less than anticipated. Also, budgeted capital outlay expenditures were not incurred and tap connection expenditures incurred were not budgeted. The fund balance as of December 31, 2023, was expected to be \$7,806,215, and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$8,835,416.

#### **Capital Assets and Related Debt**

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

	2023		2022		
Governmental Activities					
Land and improvements	\$	1,994,095	\$	1,994,095	
Wastewater facilities		72,041		74,525	
Total capital assets	\$	2,066,136	\$	2,068,620	
Business-Type Activities					
Land and improvements	\$	8,484,129	\$	8,484,129	
Construction in progress		214,606		1,009,301	
Water facilities		13,794,120		13,098,147	
Wastewater facilities		6,741,642		6,621,577	
Total capital assets	\$	29,234,497	\$	29,213,154	

#### Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)

During the current year, additions to capital assets were as follows:

#### **Business-Type Activities**

Construction in progress related to wastewater treatment plant electrical	
upgrades and water plant No. 2 booster pump replacement	\$ 214,606
Water plant No. 1 and No. 2 rehabilitation	104,814
Water well No. 1 rehabilitation	360,908
Offsite water well and wastewater treatment plant fence replacement	258,702

Replacement of four lift pumps	\$ 233,614
Replacement of blower Nos. 2-5 and RAS pump No. 3	102,599
Fencing at elevated storage tank	54,627
Autosampler and soft start on Well No. 3	 18,920
Total additions to capital assets	\$ 1,348,790

#### Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
Long-term debt payable, beginning of year Decreases in long-term debt	\$	10,933,262 (831,223)	\$	-	\$	10,933,262 (831,223)
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$	10,102,039	\$	-	\$	10,102,039

At December 31, 2023, the internal district had \$21,460,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District.

The District's bonds carry an underlying rating of "A3" from Moody's Investors Service.

#### **Other Relevant Factors**

#### Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City, the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent, except as set forth below.

Effective March 2007, the District entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement (the Agreement) with the City, which annexed certain portions of the District into the City for "limited purposes," as described therein. Under the terms of the Agreement, the City has agreed it will not annex the District as a whole for full purposes for 30 years, at which time the City has the option to annex the District if it chooses to do so.

#### Contingencies

#### **Governmental** Activities

Effective December 1, 2006, and as amended from time to time, the District and CPG Houston Holdings, L.P., entered into an Economic Development Agreement (ED Agreement), whereby the District will make economic development incentive payments to the developer to promote local economic development and stimulate business and commercial activity in the District. The District is to remit payments to the developer from the sales taxes received from the agreement with the City up to a maximum amount of \$67,650,000, subject to further provisions of the ED Agreement. During the current year, the District recorded \$2,712,681 in expense related to the ED Agreement. As of December 31, 2023, the District has paid CPG Houston Holdings, L.P., a total of \$26,078,875.

#### Subsequent Event

On March 4, 2024, the District consented to that certain Assignment, Assumption and Consent Agreement between Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (Computershare), appointing Computershare as the District's new paying agent/registrar for the District's Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2011.

#### **Statement of Net Position**

December 31, 2023

		Primary Government					
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total				
Assets							
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,006,660	\$ 5,165,483	\$ 16,172,143				
Receivables:							
Property taxes	2,575,205	-	2,575,205				
Service accounts	139,549	-	139,549				
Regional participants	-	605,016	605,016				
City of Houston rebates	895,296	-	895,296				
Accrued penalty and interest	8,565	-	8,565				
Accrued interest	-	-	-				
Due from other districts	171,400	-	171,400				
Prepaid expenses	4,684		4,684				
Total current assets	14,801,359	5,770,499	20,571,858				
Noncurrent Assets							
Capital assets, net:							
Infrastructure	72,041	20,535,762	20,607,803				
Construction in progress	-	214,606	214,606				
Land and improvements	1,994,095	8,484,129	10,478,224				
Total noncurrent assets	2,066,136	29,234,497	31,300,633				
Total assets	16,867,495	35,004,996	51,872,491				
Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Deferred amounts on debt refundings	520,856	<u> </u>	520,856				
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 17,388,351	\$ 35,004,996	\$ 52,393,347				

# Statement of Net Position (Continued)

December 31, 2023

	Primary Government									
		overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total				
Liabilities and Net Position										
Current Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	1,388,436	\$	683,595	\$	2,072,031				
Accrued interest payable		66,061		-		66,061				
Due to others districts		44,746		-		44,746				
Retainage payable		-		17,929		17,929				
Long-term liabilities, current portion		845,000		-		845,000				
Total current liabilities		2,344,243		701,524		3,045,767				
Noncurrent Liabilities										
Customer deposits		67,555		-		67,555				
Deposits from participants		-		1,350,000		1,350,000				
Long-term liabilities, net		9,257,039		-		9,257,039				
Total noncurrent liabilities		9,324,594		1,350,000		10,674,594				
Total liabilities		11,668,837		2,051,524		13,720,361				
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred property tax revenues		2,848,825		-		2,848,825				
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets		(7,515,047)		29,068,359		21,553,312				
Restricted for debt service		1,518,683		-		1,518,683				
Unrestricted		8,867,053		3,885,113		12,752,166				
Total net position		2,870,689		32,953,472		35,824,161				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources and net position	\$	17,388,351	\$	35,004,996	\$	52,393,347				

# Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2023

						nue (Expense s in Net Posit		d
			Program Revenues	P	rima	ry Governme	nt	
	F	Expenses	harges for Services	vernmental Activities		siness-Type Activities		Total
Government/Programs Primary Government		-xpenses	del vices			Activities		Total
Governmental activities:								
Service operations	\$	1,394,995	\$ 1,267,369	\$ (127,626)	\$	-	\$	(127,626)
Depreciation Debt service, interest and fees		2,484 469,872	-	(2,484) (469,872)		-		(2,484) (469,872)
Economic development		2,712,681	2,855,453	142,772		-		142,772
		_,,,	_,,	 				
Total governmental activities		4,580,032	 4,122,822	 (457,210)		-		(457,210)
Business-type activities:								
Regional service operations		7,403,017	6,854,807	-		(548,210)		(548,210)
Depreciation		1,327,447	 -	 -		(1,327,447)		(1,327,447)
Total business-type activities		8,730,464	 6,854,807	 		(1,875,657)		(1,875,657)
Total primary government	\$	13,310,496	\$ 10,977,629	 (457,210)		(1,875,657)		(2,332,867)
General Revenues								
Property taxes				2,517,441		-		2,517,441
Investment income				512,881		237,261		750,142
Other				 -		440,450		440,450
Total general revenues				 3,030,322		677,711		3,708,033
Change in Net Position				2,573,112		(1,197,946)		1,375,166
Net Position, Beginning of Year				 297,577		34,151,418		34,448,995
Net Position, End of Year				\$ 2,870,689	\$	32,953,472	\$	35,824,161

# Balance Sheets – Governmental Funds

December 31, 2023

	 General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total		
Assets					
Cash Short-term investments Receivables:	\$ 485,092 8,697,099	\$ 304,265 1,520,204	\$	789,357 10,217,303	
Property taxes Service accounts City of Houston rebates	1,433,592 139,549 484,672	1,141,613		2,575,205 139,549 484,672	
Interfund receivable Due from other districts Prepaid expenditures	 126,502 171,400 4,684	 - - -		126,502 171,400 4,684	
Total assets	\$ 11,542,590	\$ 2,966,082	\$	14,508,672	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable Customer deposits Due to other districts Interfund payable	\$ 995,898 67,555 44,746	\$ 2,445 - 126,502	\$	998,343 67,555 44,746 126,502	
Total liabilities	1,108,199	 128,947		1,237,146	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred property tax revenues	 1,598,975	 1,272,947		2,871,922	
Fund Balances					
Fund balances: Nonspendable, prepaid expenditures Restricted, unlimited tax bonds Assigned, operating reserve Unassigned	4,684 - 171,400 8,659,332	- 1,564,188 - -		4,684 1,564,188 171,400 8,659,332	
Total fund balances	 8,835,416	1,564,188		10,399,604	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 11,542,590	\$ 2,966,082	\$	14,508,672	

### Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2023

		General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Total
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$	1,365,646	\$ 1,159,544	\$	2,525,190
City of Houston rebates		2,840,662	-		2,840,662
Water service		469,760	-		469,760
Sewer service		56,538	-		56,538
Regional water fee		389,557	-		389,557
Penalty and interest		11,998	12,551		24,549
Tap connection and inspection fees		333,353	-		333,353
Investment income		408,538	 104,343		512,881
Total revenues		5,876,052	 1,276,438		7,152,490
Expenditures					
Service operations:					
Purchased services		237,145	-		237,145
Regional water fee		398,507	-		398,507
Professional fees		119,913	2,260		122,173
Contracted services		319,302	29,097		348,399
Repairs and maintenance		90,681	-		90,681
Other expenditures		83,339	11,182		94,521
Tap connections		103,569	-		103,569
Economic development		2,698,629	-		2,698,629
Debt service:					
Principal retirement		-	840,000		840,000
Interest and fees	-	-	 422,357		422,357
Total expenditures		4,051,085	 1,304,896	. <u> </u>	5,355,981
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		1,824,967	(28,458)		1,796,509
<b>Fund Balances</b> Beginning of year		7,010,449	 1,592,646		8,603,095
End of year	\$	8,835,416	\$ 1,564,188	\$	10,399,604

# Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund

December 31, 2023

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Fund			
Assets				
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Short-term investments Due from regional participants Total current assets	\$	771,511 4,393,972 605,016 5,770,499		
Capital Assets Infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation of \$20,456,744 Construction in progress Land and improvements		20,535,762 214,606 8,484,129		
Total capital assets		29,234,497		
Total assets	\$	35,004,996		
Liabilities and Net Position				
Current Liabilities Accounts payable Deposit from participants Retainage payable	\$	683,595 1,350,000 17,929		
Total current liabilities		2,051,524		
Net Position Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted		29,068,359 3,885,113		
Total net position		32,953,472		
Total liabilities and net position	\$	35,004,996		

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Fund					
Operating Revenues						
Charges for services	\$	6,854,807				
Operating Expenses						
Regional water fee		4,311,162				
Professional fees		147,148				
Contracted services		202,167				
Utilities		426,089				
Repairs and maintenance		2,199,726				
Depreciation		1,327,447				
Other expenditures		116,725				
Total operating expenses		8,730,464				
Operating Loss		(1,875,657)				
Nonoperating Income						
Investment income		237,261				
Other		440,450				
Total nonoperating income		677,711				
Change in Net Position		(1,197,946)				
Net Position, Beginning of Year		34,151,418				
Net Position, End of Year	\$	32,953,472				

### Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Business-Type Activities – Enterprise Fund
Operating Activities	
Receipts from participant charges	\$ 6,943,129
Other receipts	550,000
Payments for service operations	(7,268,809)
Net cash provided by operating activities	224,320
Capital and Related Financing Activity	
Purchase of capital assets	(1,416,498)
Investing Activity	
Investment and other income	677,711
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(514,467)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	5,679,950
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 5,165,483
Per Statement of Net Position	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 771,511
Short-term investments	4,393,972
	\$ 5,165,483
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Provided by	
Operating Activities	
Operating loss	\$ (1,875,657)
Adjustment to reconcile operating loss to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	1,327,447
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Receivables, net	88,322
Accounts payable	134,208
Deposits from participants	550,000
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 224,320

#### Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Water Commission, now known as the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective March 17, 1993, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 54. The Board of Directors (the Board) held its first meeting on March 17, 1993. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 54 of the Texas Water Code and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate waterworks, wastewater and drainage facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District. The District also serves as the "Regional District" as discussed in Note 8 to the financial statements.

The District is governed by a Board consisting of five individuals who are residents and qualified voters or owners of taxable property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

#### **Reporting Entity**

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities are generally financed through intergovernmental revenues and reimbursements from participants. Business-type activities are financed by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, such as investment earnings, are presented as general revenues.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements of the District are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two categories: governmental and proprietary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or if it meets certain other criteria.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund* – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes, charges for services and interest income.

*Debt Service Fund* – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

#### Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable - Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

*Restricted* – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

*Committed* – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

*Assigned* – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

*Unassigned* – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### Proprietary Fund

The enterprise fund accounts for the operations of the regional facilities. These facilities provide water supply and delivery, wastewater collection, treatment and disposal facilities to participants.

#### Measurement Focus

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements.

In the government-wide statement of net position and the statement of activities, both governmental and business-type activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, as defined in item (b) below.

In the fund financial statements, the current financial resources measurement focus or the economic resources measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- (a) All governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- (b) The proprietary funds utilize an economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

All governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (*i.e.*, when they become both measurable and available). Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

All primary sources of the District's revenue are susceptible to accrual. Examples of revenues accrued are taxes, fees for services, charges to participants based on cost-reimbursement contracts and earnings from investments.

Unearned revenue is recorded when the potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received before earned.

Expenditures and liabilities are recognized when the related fund obligations are incurred as a result of receipt of goods and services.

All proprietary funds use the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time liabilities are incurred.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services, along with penalties and fees. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

#### Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

#### **Pension Costs**

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2023, cash equivalents consisted primarily of certificates of deposit and pooled investment accounts.

#### Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

#### **Property Taxes**

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Any collections on the current year tax levy are deferred and recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. Current year revenues recognized are those taxes collected during the fiscal year for prior years' tax levies, plus any collections received during fiscal 2022 on the 2022 levy.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended December 31, 2023, the tax levied in October 2023 is recorded as receivable and deferred inflows of resources and will be considered earned during the fiscal year ending December 31, 2024. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

#### **Capital Assets**

The accounting treatment of property, plant and equipment (capital assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Capital assets of proprietary funds are reported in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. All other capital assets of the governmental unit are general capital assets. They are not reported as assets in governmental funds, but are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide statement of net position.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives unless they are inexhaustible, such as land. Depreciation expense is reported in the government-wide statement of activities, and the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

	Years
Water production and distribution facilities	10-45
Wastewater collection and treatment facilities	10-45

#### **Deferred Amount on Debt Refundings**

In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt in a debt refunding is deferred and amortized to interest expense using the effective interest rate method over the remaining life of the old debt or the life of the new debt, whichever is shorter. Such amounts are classified as deferred outflows or inflows of resources.

#### **Debt Issuance Costs**

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

#### Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

#### **Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 2,066,136
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund	
financial statements.	23,097
Sales tax rebates collected more than 60 days subsequent to year-end are	
not receivable in the current period and are not reportable in the funds.	410,624

Penalty and interest on delinquent taxes is not receivable in the current period and is not reported in the funds.	\$	8,565
Amounts due to others that are not payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(390,093)
Deferred amount on debt refundings for governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.		520,856
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.		(66,061)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.		(10,102,039)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$	(7,528,915)
Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statem are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of re expenditures and changes in fund balances because:	evenues	,
Change in fund balances.	\$	1,796,509
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount of depreciation expense in the current period.		(2,484)
Governmental funds report principal payments on debt as expenditures. For the statement of activities, these transactions do not have any effect on net position.		840,000
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues for the funds, but are reported as revenues in the statement of activities.		654
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(61,567)
Change in net position of governmental activities.	\$	2,573,112

#### Note 2: Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

#### Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At December 31, 2023, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in TexPool and TexSTAR, external investment pools that are not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts of the State of Texas has oversight of TexPool. A Board of Directors, made up of participants and representatives of the administrator and investment manager, has oversight of TexSTAR. The District's investments may be redeemed at any time. The District's investments in TexPool and TexSTAR are reported at amortized cost.

At December 31, 2023, the District had the following investments and maturities.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

December 31, 2023

		Maturities in Years														
Governmer Activities		Amortized Cost	d Less Than 1 1-{				5 6-10			ore Than 10						
TexPool TexSTAR	_	\$ 3,536,419 6,680,884	\$	3,536,419 6,680,884	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						
То	otals =	\$ 10,217,303	\$	10,217,303	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						
				Ν	<b>/</b> atur	ities in Yea	ars									
Business-T Activities		Amortized Less Than Cost 1		Less Than 1		Less Than 1		Less Than 1		Less Than 1		1-5		6-10	Mo	ore Than 10
TexPool TexSTAR	_	\$ 2,350,638 2,043,334	\$	2,350,638 2,043,334	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						
To	otals	\$ 4,393,972	\$	4,393,972	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-						

**Interest Rate Risk.** As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The investments in the external investment pools are presented as investments with a maturity of less than one year because they are redeemable in full immediately.

**Credit Risk.** Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At December 31, 2023, the District's investments in TexPool and TexSTAR were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

#### Investment Income

Investment income of \$512,881 in the governmental activities and \$237,261 in the business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2023, consisted of interest income.

#### Note 3: Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2023, is presented below.

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year			Additions		Reclassi- fications		Balances, End of Year	
Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land and improvements	\$	1,994,095	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,994,095	
Capital assets, depreciable: Wastewater collection and treatment facilities		107,365		-		-		107,365	
Less accumulated depreciation: Wastewater collection and treatment facilities		(32,840)		(2,484)		-		(35,324)	
Total governmental activities, net	\$	2,068,620	\$	(2,484)	\$	_	\$	2,066,136	
Business-Type Activities		Balances, Beginning of Year		Additions		Reclassi- fications	I	Balances, End of Year	
Capital assets, non-depreciable:									
Land and improvements	\$	8,484,129	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,484,129	
Construction in progress		1,009,301		214,606		(1,009,301)		214,606	
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		9,493,430		214,606		(1,009,301)		8,698,735	
Capital assets, depreciable: Water production and distribution facilities Wastewater collection and treatment		25,072,048		555,400		1,009,301		26,636,749	
facilities		13,776,973		578,784		-		14,355,757	
Total capital assets, depreciable		38,849,021		1,134,184		1,009,301		40,992,506	
Less accumulated depreciation: Water production and distribution facilities Wastewater collection and treatment		(11,973,901)		(868,728)		-		(12,842,629)	
facilities		(7,155,396)		(458,719)		-		(7,614,115)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(19,129,297)		(1,327,447)				(20,456,744)	
Total business-type activities, net	\$	29,213,154	\$	21,343	\$	_	\$	29,234,497	

#### Note 4: Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2023, were as follows.

# Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2023

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year Decrease				Balances, End of Year	Amounts Due in One Year		
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds Less discounts on bonds Add premiums on bonds	\$	11,065,000 160,540 28,802	\$	840,000 10,977 2,200	\$ 10,225,000 149,563 26,602	\$	845,000 - -	
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$	10,933,262	\$	831,223	\$ 10,102,039	\$	845,000	

#### **Governmental Activities**

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

	Series 2011	Series 2013
Amounts outstanding, December 31, 2023	\$875,000	\$2,890,000
Interest rates	4.60% to 5.10%	3.50% to 5.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	November 1, 2024/2028	November 1, 2024/2035
Interest payment dates	May 1/November 1	May 1/November 1
Callable dates*	November 1, 2019	November 1, 2021
	Series 2014	Refunding Series 2016
Amounts outstanding, December 31, 2023	\$2,480,000	\$3,980,000
Interest rates	3.000% to 4.125%	2.00% to 4.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	November 1, 2024/2037	November 1, 2024/2033
Interest payment dates	May 1/November 1	May 1/November 1
Callable dates*	November 1, 2022	November 1, 2024

\*Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

#### Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at December 31, 2023:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total	
2024	\$ 845,000	\$ 396,368	\$ 1,241,368	
2025	860,000	368,782	1,228,782	
2026	865,000	340,244	1,205,244	
2027	875,000	310,000	1,185,000	
2028	890,000	273,388	1,163,388	
2029-2033	3,935,000	902,589	4,837,589	
2034-2037	 1,955,000	 168,801	 2,123,801	
Total	\$ 10,225,000	\$ 2,760,172	\$ 12,985,172	

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted	\$ 41,000,000
Bonds sold	19,540,000

#### Note 5: Significant Bond Resolution and Commission Requirements

The Bond Resolutions require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.2700 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$1,260,955 on the taxable valuation of \$467,020,499 for the 2023 tax year. The interest and principal requirements to be paid from the tax revenues and available resources are \$1,241,368.

#### Note 6: Maintenance Taxes

At an election held May 1, 1993, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended December 31, 2023, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.3400 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$1,587,870 on the taxable valuation of \$467,020,499 for the 2023 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

#### Note 7: Regional Water Authority

The District is within the boundaries of the North Harris County Regional Water Authority (the Authority), which was created by the Texas Legislature. The Authority was created to provide a regional entity to acquire surface water and build the necessary facilities to convert from groundwater to surface water in order to meet conversion requirements mandated by the Harris-Galveston Subsidence District, which regulates groundwater withdrawal. As of December 31, 2023, the Authority was billing the District \$3.60 per 1,000 gallons of water pumped from its wells. This amount is subject to future adjustment.

#### Note 8: Agreements With Other Districts

#### Contracts

As of March 1, 1992, the District entered into a regional contract with Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 322 (District No. 322) and Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 354 (District No. 354). In 2003, Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 396 (District No. 396) and Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 397 (District No. 397) also entered into the regional contract. Under the terms of the contract, the District serves as the "Regional District" and provides or causes to be provided the regional water supply and delivery facilities, the regional waste collection, treatment and disposal facilities, and the regional detention facilities necessary to serve the District, District No. 322, District No. 354, District No. 396 and District No. 397. Under the terms of the regional contract, which is in effect through February 29, 2032, the Regional District establishes annually an operating charge per 1,000 gallons of water usage, which is billed to the participants on a monthly basis to fund operation and maintenance costs of the regional facilities.

#### **Connection Charges**

Under the terms of the regional contract, the District collects connection charges from the participating districts in order to obtain funds to finance capital costs of the regional facilities. The connection charge per equivalent single-family connection is currently \$7,775, effective August 18, 1998. Connection charge activity since inception is as follows:

	Number of Connections	Value		
District No. 322: Cash	1,329 345	\$	9,507,722 2,381,328	
Construction credits	1,674		11,889,050	
The District, cash	2,292		16,232,450	
District No. 354, cash	2,232		16,941,675	
District No. 396, cash District No. 397, cash	1,082 1,501		8,412,550 11,670,275	
Totals	8,781	\$	65,146,000	

In addition, the District is authorized, under certain circumstances, to issue contract revenue bonds sufficient to complete acquisition and construction of the regional facilities, as needed, to serve all districts in the service area. Subject to approval by the voters within the participating districts, the participating districts would contribute to the debt service requirements of such contract revenue bonds.

#### Operations

The participating districts have agreed to pay costs of operation and maintenance of the regional facilities determined by the monthly usage of water. For the year ended December 31, 2023, the Regional District charged the participating districts a monthly charge of \$2.50 per thousand gallons of water used.

The terms of the agreement provide for the establishment of an operating reserve consisting of at least three months' estimated operation and maintenance costs for the system. Equity of \$(526,396) which is comprised of excess expenditures without consideration of depreciation, had been accumulated as of December 31, 2023.

	-	District No. 322	District No. 354	The District	District No. 396	District No. 397	Total
Receivables, beginning of year	\$	142,064	\$ 204,176	\$ 82,384	\$ 119,228	\$ 145,486	\$ 693,338
Current year billings Current collections, net		1,472,961 (1,497,669)	 2,020,712 (2,043,107)	635,651 (644,301)	$1,307,366 \\ (1,316,262)$	1,418,117 (1,441,790)	 6,854,807 (6,943,129)
Receivables, end of year	\$	117,356	\$ 181,781	\$ 73,734	\$ 110,332	\$ 121,813	\$ 605,016

Transactions for the current year are summarized below:

#### Note 9: Strategic Partnership Agreement

Effective March 2007, the District and the City entered into a Strategic Partnership Agreement (the Agreement) under which the City annexed a tract of land (the tract) within the boundaries of the District for limited purposes. The District continues to exercise all powers and functions of a municipal utility district, as provided by law. As consideration for the District providing services as detailed in the Agreement, the City agrees to remit one-half of all sales and use tax revenues generated within the boundaries of the tract. As consideration for the sales tax payments and the services provided by the City, the District agrees to continue to provide and develop water, sewer and drainage services within the District in lieu of full-purpose annexation. The City agrees it will not annex the District for full purposes or commence any action to annex the District during the term of the Agreement, which is 30 years. During the current year, the District recorded \$2,855,453 in revenues related to the Agreement.

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023

#### Note 10: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District participates along with other entities in the Texas Municipal League's Intergovernmental Risk Pool (the Pool). The Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The District has no additional risk or responsibility to the Pool, outside of the payment of insurance premiums. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 11: Economic Development Agreement

Effective December 1, 2006, and as amended from time to time, the District and CPG Houston Holdings, L.P., entered into an Economic Development Agreement (ED Agreement), whereby the District will make economic development incentive grant payments to the developer to promote local economic development and stimulate business and commercial activity in the District. The District is to remit payments to the developer of 95% of the sales tax rebates received from the Agreement with the City up to a maximum amount of \$67,650,000, subject to further provisions of the ED Agreement. During the current year, the District recorded \$2,712,681 in expense related to the ED Agreement. As of December 31, 2023, the District has paid CPG Houston Holdings, L.P. a total of \$26,078,875.

#### Note 12: Subsequent Event

On March 4, 2024, the District consented to that certain Assignment, Assumption and Consent Agreement between Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. and Computershare Trust Company, N.A. (Computershare), appointing Computershare as the District's new paying agent/registrar for the District's Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2011.

**Required Supplementary Information** 

### Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Original Budget		Actual		/ariance avorable ifavorable)
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$	1,357,290	\$ 1,365,646	\$	8,356
City of Houston rebates		130,000	2,840,662		2,710,662
Water service		415,500	469,760		54,260
Sewer service		48,000	56,538		8,538
Regional water fee		381,275	389,557		8,282
Penalty and interest		6,500	11,998		5,498
Tap connection and inspection fees		14,000	333,353		319,353
Investment income		30,970	 408,538		377,568
Total revenues		2,383,535	 5,876,052		3,492,517
Expenditures					
Service operations:					
Purchased services		202,356	237,145		(34,789)
Regional water fee		419,403	398,507		20,896
Professional fees		129,600	119,913		9,687
Contracted services		285,300	319,302		(34,002)
Repairs and maintenance		118,000	90,681		27,319
Other expenditures		273,135	83,339		189,796
Tap connections		-	103,569		(103,569)
Capital outlay		159,975	-		159,975
Economic development payment		-	 2,698,629		(2,698,629)
Total expenditures		1,587,769	 4,051,085		(2,463,316)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		795,766	1,824,967		1,029,201
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		7,010,449	 7,010,449		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	7,806,215	\$ 8,835,416	\$	1,029,201

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 Notes to Required Supplementary Information December 31, 2023

#### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt a budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was not amended during 2023.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.

Supplementary Information

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 Other Schedules Included Within This Report December 31, 2023

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

- [X] Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 20-35
- [X] Schedule of Services and Rates
- [X] Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
- [X] Schedule of Temporary Investments
- [X] Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
- [X] Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years
- [X] Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt
- [X] Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures General Fund and Debt Service Fund Five Years
- [X] Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

#### Schedule of Services and Rates Year Ended December 31, 2023

1.	Services	provided by	the District:
1.	501 11005	provide of	the District.

X Retail Water	Wholesale Water	X Drainage
X Retail Wastewater	Wholesale Wastewater	Irrigation
Parks/Recreation	Fire Protection	X Security
Solid Waste/Garbage	Flood Control	Roads
X Participates in joint venture, region	al system and/or wastewater service (other t	han emergency interconnect)
Other		

#### 2. Retail service providers

a. Retail rates for a 5/8" meter (or equivalent):

a. Retail facts for a 5/6 files	Minimum Charge	Minimum Usage	Flat Rate Y/N	Rate Per 1,000 Gallons Over Minimum		Usage Levels		
Water:	\$ 16.00	1,000	N	\$	1.05	1,001	to	20,000
				\$	1.55	20,001	to	No Limit
Wastewater:	\$ 0.00 (1)	1,000	N	\$	1.50	1,001	to	No Limit
Regional water fee:	\$ 3.60	1,000	N	\$	3.60	1,001	to	No Limit
Does the District employ win	nter averaging for waste	ewater usage?				Yes	Х	No
Total charges per 10,000 gal	lons usage (including f	ees):	Wa	ter \$	61.45	Wastewa	ater	\$ 13.5

b. Water and wastewater retail connections:

Meter Size	Total Connections	Active Connections	ESFC Factor	Active ESFC*
Unmetered	-	-	x1.0	-
$\leq 3/4$ "	1	1	x1.0	1
1"	13	13	x2.5	33
1 1/2"	6	6	x5.0	30
2"	48	46	x8.0	368
3"	-	-	x15.0	-
4"	2	2	x25.0	50
6"	1	1	x50.0	50
8"	7	7	x80.0	560
10"	1	1	x115.0	115
Total water	79	77		1,207
Total wastewater	43	43	x1.0	43
. Total water consumption (in thousands) during the fiscal	l year:			
Gallons pumped into the system:				1,068,630

Gallons pumped into the system:1,068,050Gallons billed to customers:1,011,324Water accountability ratio (gallons billed/gallons pumped):94.64%

(1) Included in base water charge.

3.

\*"ESFC" means equivalent single-family connections

# Schedule of General Fund Expenditures

Year Ended December 31, 2023

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 13,400 81,345 25,168	119,913
<b>Purchased Services for Resale</b> Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		237,145
Regional Water Fee		398,507
Contracted Services Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security Other contracted services	21,737 - 253,940 43,625	319,302
Utilities		-
Repairs and Maintenance		90,681
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	14,277 11,897 21,589 35,576	83,339
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized		-
Tap Connection Expenditures		103,569
Solid Waste Disposal		-
Economic Development		2,698,629
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		
Total expenditures		\$ 4,051,085

# Schedule of Temporary Investments

December 31, 2023

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Accrued Interest Receivable
Governmental Activities				
General Fund				
TexSTAR	5.36%	Demand	\$ 17,482	\$ -
TexSTAR	5.36%	Demand	566,462	-
TexSTAR	5.36%	Demand	4,891,632	-
TexPool	5.38%	Demand	2,658,812	-
TexPool	5.38%	Demand	562,711	
			8,697,099	
Debt Service Fund				
TexSTAR	5.36%	Demand	1,205,308	-
TexPool	5.38%	Demand	314,896	
			1,520,204	
Business-Type Activities Proprietary Fund				
TexSTAR	5.36%	Demand	2,043,334	-
TexPool	5.38%	Demand	3,316	-
TexPool	5.38%	Demand	2,347,322	
			4,393,972	
Totals			\$ 14,611,275	\$ -

#### Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended December 31, 2023

	Maintenance Taxes	Debt Service Taxes
<b>Receivable, Beginning of Year</b> Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes	\$ 1,362,827 (89,979)	\$ 1,163,928 (80,552)
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year	1,272,848	1,083,376
<b>2023 Original Tax Levy</b> Additions and corrections	1,478,980 108,890	1,174,484 86,471
Adjusted tax levy	1,587,870	1,260,955
Total to be accounted for	2,860,718	2,344,331
Tax collections: Current year Prior years	(165,383) (1,261,743)	(131,334) (1,071,384)
Receivable, end of year	\$ 1,433,592	\$ 1,141,613
Receivable, by Years 2023 2022 2021 2020 2019 2018 2017	\$ 1,422,487 5,890 1,881 1,744 661 788 141	\$ 1,129,621 4,998 2,531 1,925 890 1,398 250
Receivable, end of year	\$ 1,433,592	\$ 1,141,613

Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2023

	2023	2022	2021	2020
Property Valuations				
Land	\$ 129,050,905	\$ 129,050,916	\$ 129,167,689	\$ 129,052,274
Improvements	461,854,888	424,723,484	400,679,225	389,408,584
Personal property	84,058,337	75,847,149	71,787,654	72,376,241
Exemptions	(207,943,631)	(188,970,355)	(172,454,276)	(170,792,165)
Total property valuations	\$ 467,020,499	\$ 440,651,194	\$ 429,180,292	\$ 420,044,934
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation	¢ 0.2700	¢ 0.2000	¢ 0.2500	¢ 0.2200
Debt service tax rates	\$ 0.2700	\$ 0.2800	\$ 0.3500	\$ 0.3200
Maintenance tax rates*	0.3400	0.3300	0.2600	0.2900
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 0.6100	\$ 0.6100	\$ 0.6100	\$ 0.6100
Tax Levy	\$ 2,848,825	\$ 2,687,972	\$ 2,618,000	\$ 2,562,274
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	10%	99%	99%	99%

\*Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.50 on May 1, 1993

\*\*Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

### Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years December 31, 2023

		Series 2011						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31		Principal Due ovember 1		Interest Due May 1, November 1		Total		
2024 2025 2026	\$	175,000 175,000 175,000	\$	44,012 35,438 26,687	\$	219,012 210,438 201,687		
2020 2027 2028		175,000 175,000 175,000		17,850 8,925		192,850 183,925		
Total	s <u>\$</u>	875,000	\$	132,912	\$	1,007,912		

#### Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued) December 31, 2023

	Series 2013							
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31		Principal Due November 1		Interest Due May 1, November 1		Total		
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035		\$	$150,000 \\ 150,000 \\ 150,000 \\ 150,000 \\ 150,000 \\ 150,000 \\ 175,000 \\ 175,000 \\ 200,000 \\ 200,000 \\ 200,000 \\ 600,000 \\ 625,000$	\$	137,313 131,312 125,313 118,937 112,375 105,625 98,575 90,262 81,000 71,250 61,250 31,250	\$	287,313 281,312 275,313 268,937 262,375 255,625 273,575 280,262 281,000 271,250 661,250 656,250	
	otals	\$	2,890,000	\$	1,164,462	\$	4,054,462	

#### Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued) December 31, 2023

		Series 2014							
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31		Principal Due November 1		Interest Due May 1, November 1		Total			
2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032 2033 2034 2035	\$	$175,000 \\ 175,$	\$	93,987 88,738 83,050 77,144 71,019 64,456 57,894 50,894 43,894 36,894 29,894 22,894	\$	268,987 263,738 258,050 252,144 246,019 239,456 232,894 225,894 218,894 211,894 204,894 197,894			
2036 2037		190,000 190,000		15,675 7,838		205,675 197,838			
Tot	als <u></u> \$	2,480,000	\$	744,271	\$	3,224,271			

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued) December 31, 2023

				Refundir	ng Series 2016	i	
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31		Principal Due November 1		Interest Due May 1, November 1			Total
2024		\$	345,000	\$	121,056	\$	466,056
2025			360,000		113,294		473,294
2026			365,000		105,194		470,194
2027			375,000		96,069		471,069
2028			390,000		81,069		471,069
2029			405,000		65,469		470,469
2030			415,000		53,319		468,319
2031			430,000		40,869		470,869
2032			440,000		27,969		467,969
2033			455,000		14,219		469,219
Т	otals	\$	3,980,000	\$	718,527	\$	4,698,527

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years (Continued) December 31, 2023

		Annua	al Require	ements For All	Series		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending December 31	Ρ	Total Principal Due		Total Interest Due		Total Principal and Interest Due	
2024	\$	845,000	\$	396,368	\$	1,241,368	
2025		860,000		368,782		1,228,782	
2026		865,000		340,244		1,205,244	
2027		875,000		310,000		1,185,000	
2028		890,000		273,388		1,163,388	
2029		730,000		235,550		965,550	
2030		765,000		209,788		974,788	
2031		795,000		182,025		977,025	
2032		815,000		152,863		967,863	
2033		830,000		122,363		952,363	
2034		775,000		91,144		866,144	
2035		800,000		54,144		854,144	
2036		190,000		15,675		205,675	
2037		190,000		7,838		197,838	
Total	s <u>\$</u>	10,225,000	\$	2,760,172	\$	12,985,172	

### Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt Year Ended December 31, 2023

				Bond
	Ser	ies 2011	Se	eries 2013
Interest rates		4.60% to 5.10%		
Dates interest payable		May 1/ November 1		May 1/ ovember 1
Maturity dates		November 1, 2024/2028		ovember 1, 024/2035
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$	1,050,000	\$	3,040,000
Retirements, principal		175,000		150,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	\$	875,000	\$	2,890,000
Interest paid during current year	\$	52,325	\$	142,938
Paying agent's name and address:				

Series 2011	- Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., Fort Worth, Texas
Series 2013	- The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas
Series 2014	- The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas
Series 2016	- The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A., Dallas, Texas

Bond authority:	Tax Bonds	Other Bond	ds	efunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters	\$ 41,000,000	\$	-	\$ -
Amount issued	\$ 19,540,000	\$	-	\$ -
Remaining to be issued	\$ 21,460,000	\$	-	\$ -
Debt service fund cash and temporary investment balance	\$ 1,824,469			
Average annual debt service payment (principal and inter	\$ 927,512			

#### Issues

S	Series 2014		efunding eries 2016		Totals
	3.000% to 4.125%	2.00% to 4.00%			
N	May 1/ November 1		May 1/ November 1		
	ovember 1, 2024/2037	November 1, 2024/2033			
\$	2,655,000	\$	4,320,000	\$	11,065,000
	175,000		340,000		840,000
\$	2,480,000	\$	3,980,000	\$	10,225,000
\$	99,238	\$	127,856	\$	422,357

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended December 31,

	Amounts					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
General Fund						
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 1,365,646	\$ 1,113,428	\$ 1,245,208	\$ 991,469	\$ 808,265	
City of Houston rebates	2,840,662	2,767,478	2,722,504	1,747,975	2,183,818	
Water service	469,760	517,427	391,419	408,590	435,461	
Sewer service	56,538	68,357	31,051	43,232	48,099	
Regional water fee	389,557	465,237	362,284	292,457	322,374	
Penalty and interest	11,998	9,820	9,931	5,521	2,549	
Tap connection and inspection fees	333,353	15,090	49,123	25,848	16,105	
Investment income	408,538	86,987	4,917	22,297	73,346	
Other income	-	-	11,463	5,010	50	
Sale of capacity	-	-		202,356	202,356	
Total revenues	5,876,052	5,043,824	4,827,900	3,744,755	4,092,423	
Expenditures						
Service operations:						
Purchased services	237,145	228,069	253,705	150,751	181,119	
Regional water fee	398,507	477,214	358,016	305,949	335,947	
Professional fees	119,913	92,362	132,718	87,155	99,932	
Contracted services	319,302	245,004	145,839	139,476	134,281	
Repairs and maintenance	90,681	91,188	97,517	72,686	67,499	
Other expenditures	83,339	86,402	73,034	49,838	63,240	
Tap connections	103,569	-	14,972	3,921	1,161	
Capital outlay	-	-	-	202,356	202,356	
Economic development	2,698,629	2,629,105	2,586,379	1,660,576	2,074,627	
Debt service, interest and fees					1,375,000	
Total expenditures	4,051,085	3,849,344	3,662,180	2,672,708	4,535,162	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	1,824,967	1,194,480	1,165,720	1,072,047	(442,739)	
Other Financing Uses						
Interfund transfers out					(97,202)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over						
Expenditures and Other Financing						
Uses	1,824,967	1,194,480	1,165,720	1,072,047	(539,941)	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	7,010,449	5,815,969	4,650,249	3,578,202	4,118,143	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 8,835,416	\$ 7,010,449	\$ 5,815,969	\$ 4,650,249	\$ 3,578,202	
Total Active Retail Water Connections	77	77	76	74	73	
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	43	42	42	41	40	

2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
23.2 %	22.1 %	25.8 %	26.5 %	19.7 %
48.3	54.9	56.4	46.7	53.4
8.0	10.3	8.1	10.9	10.6
1.0	1.3	0.7	1.2	1.2
6.6	9.2	7.5	7.8	7.9
0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1
5.7	0.3	1.0	0.7	0.4
7.0	1.7	0.1	0.6	1.8
-	-	0.2	0.1	0.0
			5.4	4.9
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
4.0	4.5	5.3	4.0	4.4
6.8	9.5	5.5 7.4	4.0 8.2	8.2
2.0	9.5	2.7	8.2 2.3	8.2 2.4
5.4	4.9	3.0	3.7	3.3
1.6	1.8	2.0	0.5	1.7
1.4	1.7	1.5	2.8	1.6
1.8	-	0.3	0.1	0.0
-	-	-	5.4	4.9
45.9	52.1	53.6	44.4	50.7
	-	-	-	33.6
-			71.4	110.8
68.9	76.3	75.8	71.4	110.8

### Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended December 31,

	Amounts					
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	
bt Service Fund						
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 1,159,544	\$ 1,481,378	\$ 1,460,832	\$ 1,335,248	\$ 1,432,852	
Penalty and interest	12,551	13,421	124,032	15,717	8,802	
Investment income	104,343	31,598	1,456	10,682	34,792	
Total revenues	1,276,438	1,526,397	1,586,320	1,361,647	1,476,446	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Professional fees	2,260	80,112	5,237	6,754	2,252	
Contracted services	29,097	26,353	25,975	26,248	22,975	
Other expenditures	11,182	6,431	13,868	11,017	11,648	
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	840,000	830,000	820,000	805,000	790,000	
Interest and fees	422,357	447,506	475,106	506,519	610,155	
Total expenditures	1,304,896	1,390,402	1,340,186	1,355,538	1,437,030	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures	(28,458)	135,995	246,134	6,109	39,416	
Other Financing Sources						
Interfund transfers in					97,202	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and						
<b>Other Financing Sources Over</b>						
<b>Expenditures and Other Financing</b>						
Uses	(28,458)	135,995	246,134	6,109	136,618	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,592,646	1,456,651	1,210,517	1,204,408	1,067,790	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,564,188	\$ 1,592,646	\$ 1,456,651	\$ 1,210,517	\$ 1,204,408	

2023	2023 2022		2020	2019
90.8 %	97.0 %	92.1 %	98.1 %	97.0
1.0	0.9	7.8	1.1	0.6
8.2	2.1	0.1	0.8	2.4
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
0.2 2.3	5.3 1.7	0.3 1.6	0.5 1.9	0.1 1.6
0.8	0.4	0.9	0.8	0.8
65.8	54.4	51.7	59.1	53.5
33.1	29.3	30.0	37.2	41.3
102.2	91.1	84.5	99.5	97.3
(2.2) %	8.9 %	15.5 %	0.5 %	2.7

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended December 31, 2023

Complete District mailing address:	Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 c/o Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP 3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600 Houston, Texas 77027		
District business telephone number:	713.860.6400		
Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form (TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054):			June 6, 2022
Limit on fees of office that a director	may receive during a fiscal year:	\$	7,200

Board Members	Term of Office Elected & Expires				pense ursements	Title at Year-End	
Don M. Garrett	Elected 05/20- 05/24	\$	1,934	\$	682	President	
James M. Bloss	Elected 05/20- 05/24		1,484		528	Vice President	
Emmitt Knuppel	Elected 05/22- 05/26		4,102		3,161	Secretary	
Kay K. Struzick	Elected 05/20- 05/24		4,973		911	Assistant Vice President	
Gary Jurney	Elected 05/22- 05/26		1,784		308	Assistant Secretary	

\*Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

### Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 358 Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2023

Consultants	Date Hired	Fees and Expense Reimbursements	Title
Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	07/28/03	\$ 141,543	Attorney
BGE, Inc.	04/07/14	136,870	Engineer
Bob Leared Interests FORVIS, LLP	03/30/93 11/07/94	20,858 30,000	Tax Assessor/ Collector Auditor
Harris Central Appraisal District	Legislative Action	20,002	Appraiser
Inframark, LLC	03/30/93	2,839,328	Operator
Masterson Advisors LLC	07/02/18	-	Financial Advisor
Myrtle Cruz, Inc.	03/30/93	48,353	Bookkeeper
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	03/30/93	2,260	Delinquent Tax Attorney
Investment Officer			
Mary Jarmon	09/01/15	N/A	Bookkeeper