FIRST COLONY MUNICIPAL UTILITY DISTRICT NO. 10

FORT BEND COUNTY, TEXAS

FINANCIAL REPORT

July 31, 2025

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 Fort Bend County, Texas

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 (the "District"), as of and for the year ended July 31, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10, as of July 31, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion
 is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied

Board of Directors First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 Fort Bend County, Texas

certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Texas Supplementary Information schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Texas Supplementary Information schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Houston, Texas November 12, 2025

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Management's Discussion and Analysis

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Using this Annual Report

This section of the financial report of First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 (the "District") provides a narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended July 31, 2025. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the independent auditor's report and the basic financial statements that follow this section.

In addition to this discussion and analysis, this annual report consists of:

- The District's basic financial statements;
- Notes to the basic financial statements, which provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements;
- Supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) concerning the District's budget; and
- Other Texas supplementary information required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).

Overview of the Financial Statements

The District prepares its basic financial statements using a format that combines fund financial statements and government-wide statements onto one financial statement. The combined statements are the *Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet* and the *Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues*, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. Each statement contains an adjustments column which quantifies the differences between the government-wide and fund level statements. Additional details of the adjustments are provided in Note 2 to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District, both long-term and short-term. The District's government-wide financial statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, which are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the residual reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may provide a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District as a whole is improving or deteriorating.

Accounting standards establish three components of net position. The net investment in capital assets component represents the District's investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt or other borrowings used to acquire those assets. Resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The restricted component of net position consists of financial resources that are restricted for a specific purpose by enabling legislation or external parties. The unrestricted component of net position represents resources not included in the other components.

The Statement of Activities reports how the District's net position has changed during the fiscal year. All revenues and expenses are included on this statement, regardless of whether cash has been received or paid.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements include the *Governmental Funds Balance Sheet* and the *Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.* The focus of fund financial statements is on specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole, reported using modified accrual accounting. These statements report on the District's use of available financial resources and the balances of available financial resources at the end of the year. Except for the General Fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties, governmental statutes or regulations.

For further discussion on the government-wide and fund financial statements, please refer to Note 1 in the financial statements.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's net position at July 31, 2025, was \$2,919,356. A comparative summary of the District's overall financial position, as of July 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

	2025	2024
Current and other assets	\$ 6,291,135	\$ 5,814,882
Capital assets	4,413,894	4,512,930
Total assets	10,705,029	10,327,812
Total deferred outflows of resources	426,982	487,245
		,
Current liabilities	1,143,980	1,114,666
Long-term liabilities	7,068,675	8,094,916
Total liabilities	8,212,655	9,209,582
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	1,896,724	1,547,275
Restricted	1,804,265	2,201,629
Unrestricted	(781,633)	(2,143,429)
Total net position	\$ 2,919,356	\$ 1,605,475

The total net position of the District increased during the current fiscal year by \$1,313,881. A comparative summary of the District's *Statement of Activities* for the past two fiscal years is as follows:

	2025	2024	
Revenues			
Property taxes, penalties and interest	\$ 728,083	\$ 782,069	
City of Sugar Land tax rebate	963,219	933,354	
Other	232,376	256,137	
Total revenues	1,923,678	1,971,560	
Expenses	222.405	452.050	
Operating and administrative	222,405	452,958	
Debt interest and fees	288,356	319,497	
Depreciation and amortization	99,036	99,036	
Total expenses	609,797	871,491	
Change in net position	1,313,881	1,100,069	
Net position, beginning of year	1,605,475	505,406	
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,919,356	\$ 1,605,475	

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances, as of July 31, 2025, were \$6,082,664, which consists of \$4,328,411 in the General Fund and \$1,754,253 in the Debt Service Fund.

General Fund

A comparative summary of the General Fund's financial position as of July 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

2024
\$ 3,492,673
\$ 49,086
12,24 0
3,431,347
\$ 3,492,673
 \$ \$

A comparative summary of the General Fund's activities for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	2025			2024		
Total revenues	\$	1,085,257	•	\$	724,856	
Total expenditures		(188,193)			(420,287)	
Revenues over expenditures	\$	897,064	•	\$	304,569	

The District manages its activities with the objectives of ensuring that expenditures will be adequately covered by revenues each year and that an adequate fund balance is maintained. The District's primary financial resources in the General Fund are from a property tax levy, which is dependent upon assessed values in the District and the maintenance tax rate set by the District. While assessed values in the District increased from the prior year, property tax revenues decreased because the District decreased the maintenance component of the levy.

During the current year, the District recognized \$388,306 in tax rebates received from the City of Sugar Land in the General Fund. See Note 9 for additional information.

Debt Service Fund

A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's financial position as of July 31, 2025 and 2024, is as follows:

	 2025	_	2024
Total assets	\$ 1,939,504		\$ 2,322,209
Total liabilities	\$ 31,265		\$ 6,114
Total deferred inflows	153,986		678,208
Total fund balance	 1,754,253	_	1,637,887
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balance	\$ 1,939,504	_	\$ 2,322,209

A comparative summary of the Debt Service Fund's activities for the current and prior fiscal year is as follows:

	 2025	2024
Total revenues	\$ 1,365,404	\$ 575,427
Total expenditures	 (1,249,038)	(1,243,711)
Revenues over/(under) expenditures	\$ 116,366	\$ (668,284)

The District's financial resources in the Debt Service Fund in both the current and prior fiscal year are from property tax revenues and City of Sugar Land tax rebates. The difference between these financial resources and debt service requirements resulted in changes in fund balance each year. It is important to note that the District sets its annual debt service tax rate as recommended by its financial

advisor, who monitors projected cash flows in the Debt Service Fund to ensure that the District will be able to meet its future debt service requirements.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Board of Directors adopts an annual unappropriated budget for the General Fund prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The Board amended the budget during the year to reflect changes in anticipated revenues.

Since the District's budget is primarily a planning tool, actual results varied from the budgeted amounts. Actual net change in fund balance was \$552,961 greater than budgeted. The *Budgetary Comparison Schedule* on page 32 of this report provides variance information per financial statement line item.

Capital Assets

Capital assets held by the District at July 31, 2025 and 2024, are summarized as follows:

	2025	2024
Capital assets not being depreciated		
Land and improvements	\$ 2,643,481	\$ 2,643,481
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized		
Infrastructure	2,085,447	2,085,447
Parks and recreational facilities	443,365	443,365
Connection fees	618,030	618,030
	3,146,842	3,146,842
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization		<u> </u>
Infrastructure	(795,873)	(739,606)
Parks and recreational facilities	(353,945)	(331,777)
Connection fees	(226,611)	(206,010)
	(1,376,429)	(1,277,393)
Depreciable capital assets, net	1,770,413	1,869,449
Capital assets, net	\$ 4,413,894	\$ 4,512,930

Long-Term Debt and Related Liabilities

As of July 31, 2025, the District has a commitment in the amount of \$430,000 for projects under construction by the developers. The District will owe its developers for these projects upon completion of construction. The District intends to reimburse the developers from proceeds of future bond issues or other lawfully available funds. The estimated cost of amounts owed to the developers is trued up when the developers are reimbursed. See Note 6 for additional information.

At July 31, 2025 and 2024, the District had total bonded debt outstanding as shown below:

Series	2025		2024
2015 Refunding	\$ 1,795,000	•	\$ 2,035,000
2026 Refunding	2,365,000		2,650,000
2016A Refunding	2,260,000		2,520,000
2020 Park Refunding	1,425,000		1,585,000
	\$ 7,845,000		\$ 8,790,000

At July 31, 2025, the District had \$4,200,000 unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the water, sanitary sewer and drainage systems within the District; \$4,500,000 for parks and recreational facilities; and \$8,025,000 for refunding purposes.

Property Taxes

The District's property tax base increased approximately \$14,257,000 for the 2025 tax year from \$590,927,920 to \$605,185,404. This increase was primarily due to increased property values in the District. For the 2025 tax year, the District has levied a maintenance tax rate of \$0.08 per \$100 of assessed value and a debt service tax rate of \$0.035 per \$100 of assessed value, for a total combined tax rate of \$0.115 per \$100 of assessed value. Tax rates for the 2024 tax year were \$0.09 per \$100 for maintenance and operations and \$0.035 per \$100 for debt service for a combined total of \$0.125 per \$100 of assessed value.

Next Year's Budget

In establishing the budget for the next fiscal year, the Board considered various economic factors that may affect the District, most notably projected revenues from property taxes and the projected cost of operating the District. A comparison of next fiscal year's budget to current fiscal year actual amounts for the General Fund is as follows:

2	2025 Actual		026 Budget
\$	1,085,257	\$	686,772
	(188,193)		(336,629)
<u> </u>	897,064		350,143
	3,431,347		4,328,411
\$	4,328,411	\$	4,678,554
	\$	(188,193) 897,064 3,431,347	\$ 1,085,257 \$ (188,193) 897,064 3,431,347

Basic Financial Statements

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet July 31, 2025

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total	Ad	djustments		ntement of et Position
Assets		2.042	#	∠ 024	#	40 OF 4	<i>a</i>		Φ.	40.0 7. 4
Cash	\$	2,043	\$	67,031	\$	69,074	\$	-	\$	69,074
Investments Tayon requireble not		4,347,981		1,710,615		6,058,596				6,058,596
Taxes receivable, net		9,479		10,737 143,249		20,216 143,249				20,216 143,249
Due from City of Sugar Land Internal balances		(7.072)		7,872		143,249				143,249
Capital assets not being depreciated		(7,872)		1,012				2,643,481		2,643,481
Capital assets not being depreciated								1,770,413		1,770,413
Total Assets	\$	4,351,631	*	1,939,504	\$	6,291,135		4,413,894		10,705,029
Total Assets	φ	4,331,031	•	1,939,304	P	0,291,133	_	4,413,094		10,703,029
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Deferred difference on refunding								426,982		426,982
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	13,741	\$	1,496	\$	15,237				15,237
Other payables				29,769		29,769				29,769
Accrued interest payable								103,974		103,974
Long-term debt										
Due within one year								995,000		995,000
Due after one year								7,068,675		7,068,675
Total Liabilities	_	13,741	_	31,265		45,006		8,167,649		8,212,655
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Deferred property taxes		9,479		10,737		20,216		(20,216)		
Deferred City of Sugar Land tax rebate				143,249		143,249		(143,249)		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		9,479	_	153,986		163,465		(163,465)		
Fund Balances/Net Position										
Fund Balances										
Restricted				1,754,253		1,754,253		(1,754,253)		
Unassigned		4,328,411				4,328,411		(4,328,411)		
Total Fund Balances		4,328,411		1,754,253		6,082,664		(6,082,664)		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows										
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	4,351,631	\$	1,939,504	\$	6,291,135				
Net Position										
Net investment in capital assets								1,896,724		1,896,724
Restricted for debt service								1,804,265		1,804,265
Unrestricted								(781,633)		(781,633)
Total Net Position							\$	2,919,356	\$	2,919,356

See notes to basic financial statements.

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 Statement of Activities and Governmental Funds Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended July 31, 2025

	General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Total		Adjustments		Statement of Activities	
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	519,671	\$	201,858	\$	721,529	\$	(4,156)	\$	717,373
Penalties and interest				10,484		10,484		226		10,710
City of Sugar Land tax rebate		388,306		1,097,966		1,486,272		(523,053)		963,219
Miscellaneous				30		30				30
Investment earnings		177,280		55,066		232,346				232,346
Total Revenues		1,085,257		1,365,404		2,450,661		(526,983)		1,923,678
Expenditures/Expenses										
Operating and administrative										
Professional fees		99,157				99,157				99,157
Contracted services		27,775		27,746		55,521				55,521
Capital contributions		34,586				34,586				34,586
Administrative		23,675		6,466		30,141				30,141
Other		3,000				3,000				3,000
Debt service										
Principal				945,000		945,000		(945,000)		
Interest and fees				269,826		269,826		18,530		288,356
Depreciation and amortization								99,036		99,036
Total Expenditures/Expenses		188,193		1,249,038		1,437,231		(827,434)		609,797
Revenues Over Expenditures		897,064		116,366		1,013,430		(1,013,430)		
Change in Net Position								1,313,881		1,313,881
Fund Balance/Net Position										
Beginning of the year		3,431,347		1,637,887		5,069,234		(3,463,759)		1,605,475
End of the year	\$	4,328,411	\$	1,754,253	\$	6,082,664	\$	(3,163,308)	\$	2,919,356

See notes to basic financial statements.

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Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 (the "District") conform with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB"). The following is a summary of the most significant policies:

Creation

The District was organized, created and established pursuant to an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, dated November 2, 2004, and operates in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapters 49 and 54. The Board of Directors held its first meeting on November 29, 2004 and the first bonds were issued on September 1, 2007.

The District's primary activities include construction of water, sewer, drainage, park and recreational facilities. As further discussed in Note 9, the District transfers the water and sewer facilities to the City of Sugar Land for operation and maintenance upon completion of construction. The District has contracted with various consultants to provide services to operate and administer the affairs of the District. The District has no employees, related payroll or pension costs.

Reporting Entity

The District is a political subdivision of the State of Texas governed by an elected five-member board. The GASB has established the criteria for determining the reporting entity for financial statement reporting purposes. To qualify as a primary government, a government must have a separately elected governing body, be legally separate, and be fiscally independent of other state and local governments, while a component unit is a legally separate government for which the elected officials of a primary government are financially accountable. Fiscal independence implies that the government has the authority to adopt a budget, levy taxes, set rates, and/or issue bonds without approval from other governments. Under these criteria, the District is considered a primary government and is not a component unit of any other government. Additionally, no other entities meet the criteria for inclusion in the District's financial statements as component units.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the District as a whole. These statements focus on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period. Interfund activity, if any, has been removed from these statements. These aggregated statements consist of the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*.

Fund financial statements display information at the individual fund level. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for a specific purpose. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Most governments typically have many funds; however, governmental financial statements focus on the most important or "major"

funds with non-major funds aggregated in a single column. The District has two governmental funds, which are both considered major funds.

The following is a description of the various funds used by the District:

- The General Fund is used to account for the operations of the District and all other financial transactions not reported in other funds. The principal source of revenue is property taxes. During the current fiscal year, financial resources also included tax rebates from the City of Sugar Land. Expenditures include costs associated with the daily operations of the District.
- <u>The Debt Service Fund</u> is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on the District's general long-term debt. The primary sources of revenue for debt service are property taxes and tax rebates from the City of Sugar Land. Expenditures include costs incurred in assessing and collecting these taxes.

As a special-purpose government engaged in a single governmental program, the District has opted to combine its government-wide and fund financial statements in a columnar format showing an adjustments column for reconciling items between the two.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which it becomes both available and measurable to finance expenditures of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within sixty days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, City of Sugar Land tax rebates and interest earned on investments. Property taxes receivable at the end of the fiscal year are treated as deferred inflows because they are not considered available to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

Note 2 further details the adjustments from the governmental fund presentation to the government-wide presentation.

Use of Restricted Resources

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, the District uses restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Receivables from and payables to external parties are reported separately and are not offset, unless a legal right of offset exists. At July 31, 2025, an allowance of \$16,973 was provided for possible uncollectible property taxes.

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds. This can include internal transfers, payables and receivables. This activity is combined as internal balances and is eliminated in both the government-wide and fund financial statement presentation.

Capital Assets

Capital assets do not provide financial resources at the fund level, and, therefore, are reported only in the government-wide statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost that exceeds the capitalization threshold for the asset class and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital assets that individually are below the capitalization threshold but, in the aggregate, are above the threshold are capitalized. Subsequent replacements of these assets that do not exceed the threshold are not capitalized. The District's capitalization threshold for infrastructure assets is \$50,000. The threshold for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) is \$100,000.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value, which is the price that would be paid to acquire the asset on the acquisition date. The District has not capitalized interest incurred during the construction of its capital assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Depreciable capital assets, which primarily consist of infrastructure, parks and recreational facilities and connection fees paid to the City of Sugar Land, are depreciated or amortized using the straight-line method as follows:

Assets	Useful Life
Infrastructure	20-45 years
Park and recreational facilities	20 years
Connection fees	Remaining life of contract

The District's detention facilities and trail system are considered improvements to land and are non-depreciable.

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Financial Resources

A deferred inflow of financial resources is the acquisition of resources in one period that is applicable to a future period, while a deferred outflow of financial resources is the consumption of financial resources in one period that is applicable to a future period. A deferred inflow results from the

acquisition of an asset without a corresponding revenue or assumption of a liability. A deferred outflow results from the use of an asset without a corresponding expenditure or reduction of a liability.

At the fund level, property taxes and City of Sugar Land tax rebates receivable not collected within 60 days of fiscal year end do not meet the availability criteria required for revenue recognition and are recorded as deferred inflows of financial resources.

Deferred outflows of financial resources at the government-wide level are from refunding bond transactions in which the amount required to repay the old debt exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt. This amount is being amortized to interest expense.

Net Position – Governmental Activities

Governmental accounting standards establish the following three components of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – represents the District's investments in capital assets, less any outstanding debt or other borrowings used to acquire those assets.

Restricted – consists of financial resources that are restricted for a specific purpose by enabling legislation or external parties.

Unrestricted – resources not included in the other components.

Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Governmental accounting standards establish the following fund balance classifications:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District does not have any nonspendable fund balances.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments. The District's restricted fund balances consist of property taxes levied for debt service and City of Sugar Land tax rebates in the Debt Service Fund.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The District does not have any committed fund balances.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The District has not adopted a formal policy regarding the assignment of fund balances and does not have any assigned fund balances.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts in the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses/expenditures during the period reported. These estimates include, among others, the collectability of receivables and the useful lives and impairment of capital assets. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from the estimates.

Note 2 – Adjustment from Governmental to Government-wide Basis

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

Total fund balance, governmental funds		\$ 6,082,664
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. Historical cost Less accumulated depreciation/amortization	\$ 5,790,323 (1,376,429)	4,413,894
The difference between the face amount of bonds refunded and the amount paid to refund the bonds does not provide financial resources at the fund level and is recorded as a deferred outflow in the <i>Statement of Net Position</i> and amortized to interest expense.		426,982
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. The difference consists of: Accrued interest payable Bonds payable, net	(103,974) (8,063,675)	(8,167,649)
Deferred inflows in the fund statements consist of receivables that are not available to pay current period expenditures. These amounts are included in revenues in the government-wide statements. Property taxes and related penalties and interest City of Sugar Land tax rebates	20,216 143,249	163,465
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 2,919,356

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 1,013,430	
Governmental funds do not report revenues that are not available to		
pay current obligations. In contrast, such revenues are reported in the <i>Statement of Activities</i> when earned. The difference is for the following:		
Property taxes and related penalties and interest	\$ (3,930)	
City of Sugar Land tax rebates	 (523,053)	
	 	(526,983)

Financial reporting for capital assets varies significantly between the fund statements and the government-wide statements. Reporting at the fund level focuses on the impact of transactions on financial resources (i.e., cash), while reporting at the government-wide level seeks to allocate the cost of the acquisition of capital assets over their useful lives and to measure the economic impact of developer financing of capital assets used by the District or conveyed to other governmental entities. Differences during the current fiscal year are for depreciation and amortization expense.

(99,036)

Financial reporting for certain obligations varies between the fund statements and the government-wide statements. At the fund level, the focus is on increases and decreases of financial resources as debt is issued and repaid. At the government-wide level, the focus is on measuring and reporting on changes in the District's obligation to repay liabilities in the future. Differences during the current fiscal year are for the following:

Principal payments	945,000	
Interest expense accrual	(18,530)	
		926,470
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	1,313,881

Note 3 – Deposits and Investments

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk as it applies to deposits (i.e. cash) is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the depository institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities. The *Public Funds Collateral Act* (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code) requires that all of the District's deposits with financial institutions be covered by federal depository

insurance and, if necessary, pledged collateral held by a third-party custodian. The act further specifies the types of securities that can be used as collateral. The District's written investment policy establishes additional requirements for collateralization of deposits.

Investments

The District is authorized by the *Public Funds Investment Act* (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code) to invest in the following: (1) obligations, including letters of credit, of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, including Federal Home Loan Banks, (2) direct obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies and instrumentalities, (3) certain collateralized mortgage obligations, (4) other obligations, which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States or its agencies or instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, (5) certain A rated or higher obligations of states and political subdivisions of any state, (6) bonds issued, assumed or guaranteed by the State of Israel, (7) certain insured or collateralized certificates of deposit and share certificates, (8) certain fully collateralized repurchase agreements, (9) bankers' acceptances with limitations, (10) commercial paper rated A-1 or P-1 or higher and a maturity of 270 days or less, (11) no-load money market mutual funds and no-load mutual funds, with limitations, (12) certain guaranteed investment contracts, (13) certain qualified governmental investment pools and (14) a qualified securities lending program.

The District has adopted a written investment policy to establish the principles by which the District's investment program should be managed. This policy further restricts the types of investments in which the District may invest.

As of July 31, 2025, the District's investments consist of the following:

				Weighted
		Carrying		Average
Туре	Fund	Value	Rating	Maturity
TexPool	General	\$ 4,347,981		
	Debt Service	1,710,615		
		\$ 6,058,596	AAAm	43 days

TexPool

The District participates in TexPool, the Texas Local Government Investment Pool. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility of TexPool, which includes (1) the ability to significantly influence operations, (2) designation of management and (3) accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure.

As permitted by GAAP, TexPool uses amortized cost (which excludes unrealized gains and losses) rather than market value to compute share price and seeks to maintain a constant dollar value per

share. Accordingly, the fair value of the District's position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. Investments in TexPool may be withdrawn on a same day basis, as long as the transaction is executed by 3:30 p.m.

Investment Credit and Interest Rate Risk

Investment credit risk is the risk that the investor may not recover the value of an investment from the issuer, while interest rate risk is the risk that the value of an investment will be adversely affected by changes in interest rates. The District's investment policies do not address investment credit and interest rate risk beyond the rating and maturity restrictions established by state statutes.

Note 4 – Interfund Balances and Transactions

Amounts due to/from other funds at July 31, 2025, consist of the following:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	At	mounts	Purpose
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	\$	7,872	Maintenance tax transfers in excess
				of collections due to value
				adjustment refunds

Amounts reported as internal balances between funds are considered temporary balances and will be paid during the following fiscal year.

Note 5 – Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets, for the year ended July 31, 2025, is as follows:

	Beginning					Ending	
		Balances	Additions			Balances	
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land and improvements	\$	2,643,481	\$	_	\$	2,643,481	
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized							
Infrastructure		2,085,447				2,085,447	
Parks and recreational facilities		443,365				443,365	
Connection fees		618,030				618,030	
		3,146,842				3,146,842	
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization							
Infrastructure		(739,606)		(56,267)		(795,873)	
Parks and recreational facilities		(331,777)		(22,168)		(353,945)	
Connection fees		(206,010)		(20,601)		(226,611)	
		(1,277,393)		(99,036)		(1,376,429)	
Subtotal depreciable capital assets, net		1,869,449		(99,036)		1,770,413	
Capital assets, net	\$	4,512,930	\$	(99,036)	\$	4,413,894	

Depreciation/amortization expense for the current fiscal year was \$99,036.

Note 6 – Due to Developers

The District has entered into financing agreements with its developers in the District for the construction of certain water, sewer, drainage and park and recreational facilities. Under the agreements, the developers advanced funds for the construction of facilities and will be reimbursed from proceeds of future bond issues or other lawfully available funds, subject to approval by TCEQ, as applicable. The District does not record the capital asset and related liability on the government-wide statements until construction of the facilities is complete. The initial cost is estimated based on construction costs plus 10-15% for engineering and other fees. Estimates are trued up when the developer is reimbursed.

In addition, the District will owe the developers approximately \$430,000, which is included in the schedule of contractual commitments below. The projects in this schedule are in varying stages of completion and, as previously noted, will be reported in the government-wide financial statements upon completion of construction. The exact amount due to the developer is not known until approved by the TCEQ and verified by the District's auditor.

	(Contract
	Α	mount *
Pearl at Lake Pointe - detention and storm outfall	\$	290,000
Pearl at Lake Pointe - water line extension		140,000
	\$	430,000
* Rounded to the nearest \$10,000		

Note 7 – Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt is comprised of the following:

Bonds payable	\$ 7,845,000
Unamortized discounts	(25,796)
Unamortized premium	 244,471
	\$ 8,063,675
Due within one year	\$ 995,000

The District's bonds payable at July 31, 2025, consists of unlimited tax bonds as follows:

				Maturity Date,		
				Serially,	Interest	
	Amounts	Original	Interest	Beginning/	Payment	Call
Series	Outstanding	Issue	Rates	Ending	Dates	Dates
2015	\$ 1,795,000	\$ 3,020,000	2.00% - 4.00%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Refunding				2016/2031	March 1	2023
2016	2,365,000	3,915,000	2.00% - 4.00%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Refunding				2017/2031	March 1	2025
2016A	2,260,000	3,000,000	2.76%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Refunding				2017/2031	March 1	2025
2020 Park	1,425,000	1,995,000	2.00% - 4.00%	September 1,	September 1,	September 1,
Refunding				2021/2031	March 1	2025
	\$ 7,845,000					

Payments of principal and interest on all series of bonds are to be provided from taxes levied on all properties within the District and City of Sugar Land tax rebates. Investment income realized by the Debt Service Fund from investment of idle funds will be used to pay outstanding bond principal and interest. The District is in compliance with the terms of its bond resolutions.

At July 31, 2025, the District had authorized but unissued bonds in the amount of \$4,200,000 for water, sewer and drainage facilities; \$4,500,000 for park and recreational facilities and \$8,025,000 for refunding purposes.

The change in the District's long-term debt during the year is as follows:

Bonds payable, beginning of year	\$ 8,790,000
Bonds retired	 (945,000)
Bonds payable, end of year	\$ 7,845,000

As of July 31, 2025, annual debt service requirements on bonds outstanding are as follows:

Year	Principal	 Interest	Totals		
2026	\$ 995,000	\$ 234,787	\$ 1,229,787		
2027	1,035,000	202,046	1,237,046		
2028	1,075,000	169,679	1,244,679		
2029	1,115,000	135,785	1,250,785		
2030	1,155,000	99,533	1,254,533		
2031	1,210,000	60,861	1,270,861		
2032	1,260,000	20,556	1,280,556		
	\$ 7,845,000	\$ 923,247	\$ 8,768,247		

Note 8 – Property Taxes

On February 5, 2005, the voters of the District authorized the District's Board of Directors to levy taxes annually for use in financing general operations limited to \$0.75 per \$100 of assessed value. The District's bond resolutions require that property taxes be levied for use in paying interest and principal on long-term debt and for use in paying the cost of assessing and collecting taxes. Taxes levied to finance debt service requirements on long-term debt are without limitation as to rate or amount.

All property values and exempt status, if any, are determined by the Fort Bend Central Appraisal District. Assessed values are determined as of January 1 of each year, at which time a tax lien attaches to the related property. Taxes are levied around October/November, are due upon receipt and are delinquent the following February 1. Penalty and interest attach thereafter.

Property taxes are collected based on rates adopted in the year of the levy. The District's 2025 fiscal year was financed through the 2024 tax levy, pursuant to which the District levied property taxes of \$0.125 per \$100 of assessed value, of which \$0.09 was allocated to maintenance and operations and \$0.035 was allocated to debt service. The resulting tax levy was \$738,660 on the adjusted taxable value of \$590,927,920.

Net property taxes receivable, at July 31, 2025, consisted of the following:

Current year taxes receivable	\$ 5,757
Prior years taxes receivable	25,570
Less allowance for uncollectible accounts	(16,973)
	14,354
Penalty and interest receivable	5,862
Net property taxes receivable	\$ 20,216

Note 9 – Utility Agreement with the City of Sugar Land

On March 2, 2004, the District entered into a utility agreement with the City of Sugar Land (the "City") for construction and extension of water distribution lines, sanitary sewer collection systems and drainage facilities to serve the District. As the system is acquired or constructed, the District shall transfer the system to the City but will reserve a security interest in the system. The term of the agreement is 40 years.

The City provides services to all users in the District. Water and sewer rates charged by the City to users in the District, shall be the same rates charged to similar users within the City. All revenue derived from these charges belongs to the City.

The City is obligated to pay the District fifty percent of the ad valorem taxes collected by the City on property within the District after deducting the costs of collection. Payments are made twice a year, the first normally occurring in February and the second normally occurring in August. For the 2024 tax year, the City collected \$2,018,864 (94%) of its \$2,146,832 ad valorem tax levy on property in the District and remitted \$963,219 to the District, which was net of \$21,533 for the District's share of

collection costs (2.818% of the City's allocation). The rebates remitted also included delinquent collections and prior period adjustments. The amount reported as City of Sugar Land tax rebate revenues for the current fiscal year is \$963,219. As of July 31, 2025, the District reported \$143,249 receivable from the City of Sugar Land as a deferred inflow of financial resources because the amount does not meet the availability criteria required for revenue recognition at the fund level. This amount will be reported as revenues in the Debt Service Fund during the 2026 fiscal year.

Note 10 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and personal injuries. The risk of loss is covered by commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

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Required Supplementary Information

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10
Required Supplementary Information - Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund
For the Year Ended July 31, 2025

	Original	Final			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Budget	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 553,926	\$ 524,772	\$	519,671	\$	(5,101)
City of Sugar Land tax rebate				388,306		388,306
Investment earnings	 150,000	150,000		177,280		27,280
Total Revenues	703,926	674,772		1,085,257		410,485
Expenditures						
Operating and administrative						
Professional fees	105,500	105,500		99,157		6,343
Contracted services	25,000	25,000		27,775		(2,775)
Capital contributions	165,000	165,000		34,586		130,414
Administrative	31,569	31,569		23,675		7,894
Other	 3,600	3,600		3,000		600
Total Expenditures	330,669	330,669		188,193		142,476
Revenues Over Expenditures	373,257	344,103		897,064		552,961
Fund Balance						
Beginning of the year	 3,431,347	3,431,347		3,431,347		
End of the year	\$ 3,804,604	\$ 3,775,450	\$	4,328,411	\$	552,961

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First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 Notes to Required Supplementary Information July 31, 2025

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

An annual unappropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund by the District's Board of Directors. The budget is prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. The budget was amended during the year to reflect changes in anticipated revenues.

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Texas Supplementary Information

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-1. Services and Rates July 31, 2025

1. Services provided by the District D	uring the Fiscal Year	:		
Retail Water Who	olesale Water	Solid Was	te / Garbage	X Drainage
Retail Wastewater Who	olesale Wastewater	Flood Co.	ntrol	Irrigation
X Parks / Recreation Fire	Protection	Roads		Security
Participates in joint venture, reş	gional system and/or	wastewater serv	ice (other than emo	ergency interconnect)
X Other (Specify): Water as	nd sewer service is pr	covided by the C	ity of Sugar Land	
2. Retail Service Providers	N/A			
a. Retail Rates for a 5/8" meter (or	equivalent):			
Minimum Charge		Rate Ga	te per 1,000 Illons Over imum Usage	Usage Levels
Water:				to
Wastewater: Surcharge:				to
District employs winter averaging	for wastewater usag	re? Yes		No
Total charges per 10,000 gal		Water		astewater
	O .	water	w a	
b. Water and Wastewater Retail Co				
Meter Size	Total Connections	Active Connections	ESFC Facto	Active ESFC'S
Unmetered			x 1.0	
less than 3/4"			x 1.0	
1"			x 2.5	
1.5" 2"			x 5.0	
2 3"			x 8.0 x 15.0	
4"			x 25.0	-
6"			x 50.0	
8"			x 80.0	
10"			x 115.0	
Total Water				
Total Wastewater			x 1.0	
See accompanying auditor's report.				

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First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-1. Services and Rates July 31, 2025

3.	Total Water Consumption during the fiscal year (rounded to the	he nearest thousand):
	Gallons pumped into system: N/A	Water Accountability Ratio: (Gallons billed / Gallons pumped)
	Gallons billed to customers: N/A	N/A
4.	Standby Fees (authorized only under TWC Section 49.231):	
	Does the District have Debt Service standby fees?	Yes No X
	If yes, Date of the most recent commission Order:	
	Does the District have Operation and Maintenance stands	y fees? Yes No X
	If yes, Date of the most recent commission Order:	
5.	Location of District:	
	Is the District located entirely within one county?	Yes X No
	County(ies) in which the District is located:	Fort Bend County
	Is the District located within a city?	Entirely X Partly Not at all
	City(ies) in which the District is located:	City of Sugar Land
	Is the District located within a city's extra territorial jurisdi	ction (ETJ)?
		Entirely Partly Not at all X
	ETJs in which the District is located:	
	Are Board members appointed by an office outside the dis	strict? Yes No X
	If Yes, by whom?	
Sec	e accompanying auditor's report.	

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-2. General Fund Expenditures For the Year Ended July 31, 2025

Professional fees	
Legal	\$ 80,735
Audit	14,000
Engineering	4,422_
	99,157
Contracted services	
Bookkeeping	27,775
Capital contributions	34,586
Administrative	
Directors fees	6,409
Printing and office supplies	1,717
Insurance	12,423
Other	3,126_
	23,675
Other	3,000
Total expenditures	\$ 188,193

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-3. Investments July 31, 2025

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Fund	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Bal	ance at End of Year
General				·	
TexPool		Variable	N/A	\$	4,347,981
Debt Service TexPool		Variable	N/A		1,710,615
	Total - All Funds			\$	6,058,596

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-4. Taxes Levied and Receivable July 31, 2025

			Ν	Maintenance Taxes	Б	Debt Service Taxes		Totals
Taxes Receivable, Beginning of Year			\$	12,240	\$	6,272	\$	18,512
Adjustments to Prior Year Tax Levy				(14,925)		(6,365)		(21,290)
Adjusted Receivable				(2,685)		(93)		(2,778)
2024 Original Tax Levy				536,091		208,480		744,571
Adjustments				(4,256)		(1,655)		(5,911)
Adjusted Tax Levy				531,835		206,825		738,660
Total to be accounted for				529,150		206,732		735,882
Tax collections: Current year Prior years				527,690 (8,019)		205,213 (3,356)		732,903 (11,375)
Total Collections				519,671		201,857		721,528
Total Collections				319,071		201,037		/21,326
Taxes Receivable, End of Year			\$	9,479	\$	4,875	\$	14,354
Taxes Receivable, By Years 2024 2023 2022			\$	4,145 1,341 983	\$	1,612 566 799	\$	5,757 1,907 1,782
2021 and prior			Ф.	3,010	ф.	1,898	a	4,908
Taxes Receivable, End of Year			\$	9,479	\$	4,875	\$	14,354
		2024		2023	2022		2021	
Property Valuations:						_		
Land	\$	191,040,482	\$	179,388,694		169,740,935	\$	158,455,100
Improvements		566,857,894		517,930,039		464,404,420		425,120,705
Personal Property		58,613,487		59,608,837		55,311,120		54,740,190
Exemptions		(225,583,943)		(188,905,371)		(166,151,205)		(153,285,651)
Total Property Valuations	\$	590,927,920	\$	568,022,199	\$	523,305,270	\$	485,030,344
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation:								
Maintenance tax rates	\$	0.090	\$	0.095	\$	0.080	\$	0.06
Debt service tax rates		0.035		0.040		0.065		0.09
Total Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation	\$	0.125	\$	0.135	\$	0.145	\$	0.15
Adjusted Tax Levy:	\$	738,660	\$	766,830	\$	758,793	\$	727,546
Percentage of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied **	_	99.22%	_	99.75%		99.77%	_	99.85%

^{*} Maximum Maintenance Tax Rate Approved by Voters: \$0.75 on February 5, 2005

^{**} Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2015 Refunding--by Years July 31, 2025

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	ncipal Due otember 1	Sep	erest Due tember 1, Iarch 1	Total		
2026	\$ 245,000	\$	59,075	\$	304,075	
2027	250,000		51,650		301,650	
2028	250,000		43,994		293,994	
2029	255,000		35,944		290,944	
2030	260,000		26,600		286,600	
2031	265,000		16,100		281,100	
2032	 270,000		5,400		275,400	
	\$ 1,795,000	\$	238,763	\$	2,033,763	

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2016 Refunding--by Years July 31, 2025

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1			erest Due tember 1, Iarch 1	Total		
2026	\$ 295,000		\$	88,700		\$ 383,700	
2027	310,000			76,600		386,600	
2028	325,000			63,900		388,900	
2029	335,000			50,700		385,700	
2030	350,000			37,000		387,000	
2031	365,000			22,700		387,700	
2032	385,000			7,700		392,700	
	\$ 2,365,000		\$	347,300		\$ 2,712,300	

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2016A Refunding--by Years July 31, 2025

Due During Fiscal Years Ending	Principal Due September 1			Interest Due September 1, March 1			Total		
2026	\$	280,000		\$	58,512		\$	338,512	
2027		290,000			50,646			340,646	
2028		305,000			42,435			347,435	
2029		325,000			33,741			358,741	
2030		335,000			24,633			359,633	
2031		355,000			15,111			370,111	
2032		370,000	_		5,106			375,106	
	\$	2,260,000		\$	230,184		\$	2,490,184	

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements Series 2020 Park Refunding--by Years July 31, 2025

Due During Fiscal	Prin	ncipal Due	Sep	tember 1,	
Years Ending	Sep	otember 1	\mathbf{N}	March 1	Total
2026	\$	175,000	\$	28,500	\$ 203,500
2027		185,000		23,150	208,150
2028		195,000		19,350	214,350
2029		200,000		15,400	215,400
2030		210,000		11,300	221,300
2031		225,000		6,950	231,950
2032		235,000		2,350	 237,350
	\$	1,425,000	\$	107,000	\$ 1,532,000

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-5. Long-Term Debt Service Requirements All Bonded Debt Series--by Years July 31, 2025

		Interest Due	
Due During Fiscal	Principal Due	September 1,	
Years Ending	September 1	March 1	Total
2026	\$ 995,000	\$ 234,787	\$ 1,229,787
2027	1,035,000	202,046	1,237,046
2028	1,075,000	169,679	1,244,679
2029	1,115,000	135,785	1,250,785
2030	1,155,000	99,533	1,254,533
2031	1,210,000	60,861	1,270,861
2032	1,260,000	20,556	1,280,556
	\$ 7,845,000	\$ 923,247	\$ 8,768,247

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-6. Change in Long-Term Bonded Debt July 31, 2025

	Bond Issue									
	Series 2015 Refunding			eries 2016 Refunding		eries 2016A Refunding	Series 2020 Park Refunding			
Interest rate Dates interest payable Maturity dates		2.00% - 4.00% 9/1; 3/1 /1/16 - 9/1/31		9/1; 3/1 9/1; 3/1		2.00% - 4.00% 9/1; 3/1 9/1/17 - 9/1/31		9/1; 3/1		0% - 4.00% 9/1; 3/1 /21 - 9/1/31
Beginning bonds outstanding	\$	2,035,000	\$	2,650,000	\$	2,520,000	\$	1,585,000		
Bonds retired		(240,000)		(285,000)		(260,000)		(160,000)		
Ending bonds outstanding	\$	1,795,000	\$	2,365,000	\$	2,260,000	\$	1,425,000		
Interest paid during fiscal year	\$	66,350	\$	100,300	\$	65,964	\$	35,200		
Paying agent's name and city Series 2016A Refunding Series 2020 Refunding				Amegy Bank, I Regions Bank, I						
All other Series				Regions Bank,						
Bond Authority: Amount Authorized by Voters Amount Issued		ter, Sewer and ainage Bonds 18,080,000 (13,880,000)	<u>P</u>	ark Bonds 7,250,000 (2,750,000)	Refu	9,040,000 (1,015,000)				
Remaining To Be Issued	\$	4,200,000	\$	4,500,000	\$	8,025,000				
All bonds are secured with tax re with taxes. Debt Service Fund cash and investigation.		·			other	revenues in con	nbinat \$	ion 1,777,646		

1,252,607

Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term of all debt:

* 8,790,000 (945,000) * 7,845,000 \$ 267,814

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-7a. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - General Fund For the Last Five Fiscal Years

	Amounts									
		2025		2024		2023		2022		2021
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	519,671	\$	544,895	\$	431,883	\$	290,667	\$	693,575
City of Sugar Land tax rebate		388,306								
Investment earnings		177,280		179,961		114,669		9,093		1,478
Total Revenues		1,085,257		724,856		546,552		299,760		695,053
Expenditures										
Current service operations										
Professional fees		99,157		67,742		59,733		66,552		84,278
Contracted services		27,775		21,757		21,910		18,975		18,035
Capital contributions		34,586		309,244						
Administrative		23,675		21,523		19,844		19,499		20,114
Other		3,000		21		2,523		5,084		7,500
Total Expenditures		188,193		420,287		104,010		110,110		129,927
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$	897,064	\$	304,569	\$	442,542	\$	189,650	\$	565,126

^{*}Percentage is negligible

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	
4007	750/	700/	070/	1000/	
48%	75%	79%	97%	100%	
36%					
16%	25%	21%	3%	*	
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
9%	9%	11%	22%	12%	
3%	3%	4%	6%	3%	
3%	43%				
2%	3%	4%	7%	3%	
*	*	*	2%	1%	
17%	58%	19%	37%	19%	
83%	42%	81%	63%	81%	

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10
TSI-7b. Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures - Debt Service Fund
For the Last Five Fiscal Years

	Amounts					
	2025	2024 2023		2022	2021	
Revenues						
Property taxes	\$ 201,858	\$ 228,832	\$ 332,685	\$ 435,035	\$ 52,005	
Penalties and interest	10,484	3,366	8,636	6,634	6,383	
City of Sugar Land tax rebate	1,097,966	267,053	851,609	807,830	839,819	
Miscellaneous	30				50	
Investment earnings	55,066	76,176	66,412	6,675	1,205	
Total Revenues	1,365,404	575,427	1,259,342	1,256,174	899,462	
Expenditures						
Tax collection services	34,212	32,671	29,748	29,425	29,988	
Debt service						
Principal	945,000	910,000	875,000	825,000	785,000	
Interest and fees	269,826	301,040	327,641	359,149	371,843	
Total Expenditures	1,249,038	1,243,711	1,232,389	1,213,574	1,186,831	
Revenues Over/(Under) Expenditures	\$ 116,366	\$ (668,284)	\$ 26,953	\$ 42,600	\$ (287,369)	

^{*}Percentage is negligible

Percent of Fund Total Revenues

2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	
6%	34%	26%	40%	15%	
1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	
93%	64%	68%	46%	80%	
*				*	
*	1%	5%	13%	4%	
100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
3%	2%	2%	6%	3%	
87%	66%	69%	158%	69%	
41%	29%	26%	52%	20%	
131%	97%	97%	216%	92%	
(31%)	3%	3%	(116%)	8%	

First Colony Municipal Utility District No. 10 TSI-8. Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants For the Year Ended July 31, 2025

3200 Southwest Freeway, Suite 2600 Houston, Texas 77027			
713-860-6400			
Registration Form			
September 11, 2024			
Limit on Fees of Office that a Director may receive during a fiscal year:		7,200	
.060)			
r	713-860-6400 Registration Form September 11, 2024 receive during a fiscal year:	713-860-6400 Registration Form September 11, 2024 receive during a fiscal year: \$	

Names:	Term of Office (Elected or Appointed) or Date Hired		ees of fice Paid *	Expense Reimburse- ments		Title at Year End
Board Members						
Zac Cypert	05/24 - 05/28	\$	1,326	\$	41	President
Stephen Higgins	05/24 - 05/28		1,547		20	Vice President
John Peper	05/22 - 05/26		1,547		34	Secretary
Gordon Franklin	09/24 - 05/28		1,326		34	Assistant Vice President
Marta Mohan	05/22 - 05/26		663		21	Assistant Secretary
Consultants Allen Boone Humphries Robinson LLP	2004	Amounts Paid				Attorney
General legal fees	2004	\$	80,825			rttorney
McLennan & Associates, LP	2004		28,235			Bookkeeper
Bob Leared Interests, Inc.	2004		15,550			Tax Collector
Fort Bend Central Appraisal District	Legislation		8,347			Property Valuation
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, LLP	2005		1,937			Delinquent Tax Attorney
Pape-Dawson Consulting Engineers LLC	2004		4,211			Engineer
McGrath & Co., PLLC	2011		14,000			Auditor
Robert W. Baird & Co. Incorporated	2004					Financial Advisor

^{*} Fees of Office are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.